

Washington Township School District



The mission of the Washington Township Public Schools is to provide a safe, positive, and progressive educational environment that provides opportunity for all students to attain the knowledge and skills specified in the NJ Learning Standards at all grade levels, so as to ensure their full participation in an ever-changing world as responsible, self-directed and civic-minded citizens.

Course Title:	English as a Second Language
Grade Level(s):	6 th Grade ESL

Duration:	Full Year:	X	Semester:		Marking Period:	
Course Description:	The English as a Second Language program is designed to improve the receptive and expressive English communication skills of the English learners of Washington Township High School. Since we welcome students from a wide variety of nations with varying degrees of English proficiency instruction is individualized and always encompasses aural comprehension, verbal communication, reading, writing and American culture. The English as a Second Language 6th Grade Course of Study was developed as a resource to meet the individual needs of the ELs in all four-language domains with a foundation in the content areas. It is a comprehensive standards-based English as a Second Language curriculum that balances the language of Social and Instructional Language, the language of Language Arts and Literacy, the language of Science, and the language of Social Studies. 21st Century skills and Web 2.0 tools are incorporated to ensure greater engagement of the students with the reading selections and activities. Drawing from a bank of informational texts, as well as classic and contemporary literature, students will acquire a wealth of new vocabulary through key words, academic words, and literary words. Explicit instruction in reading strategies will foster reading comprehension skills. Attention to grammar points and the writing process complete the plan and the comprehensive scope of the integrated curriculum. Student progress will be monitored through teacher observation, written assessments, student portfolios and a wide variety of projects and writing tasks evaluated according to individual rubrics. The curriculum is aligned to the NJSLS for 6th Grade and the WIDA proficiency guidelines.					
	 All ESL students will: Listen and gain meaning from spoken English from a variety of sources including but not limited to the teacher, classmates, guest speakers, audio recordings, audiovisual presentations, and songs. Speak to express their opinion, share information, question and discuss in person and in recorded situations. Read and gain meaning from all types of written English including but not limited to fiction, nonfiction, essays, poetry, newspaper and magazine articles, editorials, short stories, novels, resource materials and Internet articles. Write to express their opinion, share information, persuade, question and record their memories and thoughts via handwriting and word processing on the computer. 					
Grading Procedures:	 English Lea addressed thro Second Langua positive self wo grading as outl Learner's ESL Upon an E immediatel 	arners (EL) ugh core co age (ESL) c rth, English ned in the teacher and 's entry inf y be asses	have special langua ontent instruction as classroom. To facilita a Learners shall be of following guidelines d his regular classro to the Washington T sed by the appropria	age acquisitica well as instante academientitled to mand in coordom teacher (Township Puate ESL teacher)	ion needs which must lead in the English are success and develope odifications in content addination among the English	oe is a oment of and glish nt will ne World

performance on the WIDA Model), as well as the student's academic performance, reading level in English, NJ State Assessment and/or standardized test results in English, teacher recommendation, and interview with one of our English as a Second Language (ESL) teachers, the student's eligibility to receive instruction in our district's English Language Learner (ELL) program will be determined. The goal of the ESL program is to help children learn English and meet age-appropriate academic standards.

- Based on the student's WIDA Model score as well as his/her previous school record, length of time in the United States, and family dynamics, the ESL teacher, the school principal (or his designee) and, if applicable, the student's guidance counselor, will confer with the student's parent(s) to determine the appropriate grade placement and course schedule. In regard to grade placement, it is also imperative that the calendar year of the EL entrant's previous school be considered, since not all school's follow a September to June calendar. In addition, within the first month of arrival or school year, the content teachers, ESL teacher, guidance counselor and CST member (if applicable) will meet to review the education plan of the EL and the WIDA proficiency levels along with the Can Do descriptors and necessary modifications. (Appendix A)
- Based on the student's performance on the WIDA Model, the ESL teacher will
 develop a list of instructional accommodations for implementation by the EL's regular
 education teacher(s). The ESL teacher will communicate this information in writing
 and also through an initial meeting with the EL's regular education teacher(s) and
 guidance counselor.
- Recognizing that English Learners are continually developing English proficiency, ESL students may be considered for enrichment if their academic performance indicates successful participation.
- So that we may best address the individual needs of each English Learner, the
 practices outlined above are intentionally flexible, with the ultimate goals being
 facilitation of the English Learner's positive self-worth and promotion of English
 language development as well as understanding of specific subject matter content.
- It is very likely that a student may need modified grading for CORE subjects, such as language arts, math, science, technology education, health or social studies, but not for others, such as art, music or physical education depending on the required reading and writing activities as outlined by the NJSLS.
- At least once per marking period, the EL's regular education teacher(s) and his ESL teacher shall communicate in writing (and as much as practicable, in person) in regard to the student's progress toward English language proficiency and understanding of core subject content. Based on those assessments, the teachers may alter the modifications applicable to the specific EL student.
- Along with the issuance of a traditional school-issued report card, each EL and his parent(s) shall have complete access to ESL grades on PowerSchool to view student progress in the ESL classroom.
- If an EL is capable of earning a "C" or better on our traditional grading scales with prescribed ESL modifications, then the earned letter grade(s) should be issued to the EL. Otherwise, an EL should be issued a passing grade of "P" (instead of a "D") if he demonstrates basic understanding of the subject matter, even if his ability to express his understanding in clear and accurate English is limited. If the student's limited English proficiency prevents even basic understanding of subject matter, then the student shall be issued a grade of "LB," representing "language barrier."
- While a grade of "LB" (Language barrier) may be issued during any quarter, it may only be used as a final grade at the elementary and middle school levels.

Whenever an EL's regular education classroom progress is congruent with his level of English language proficiency, he may not be issued a failing grade. In other words, if an EL is sincerely trying his best, then he should not be issued a failing grade. At the same time, an EL who intentionally puts forth no effort may be issued a grade of "F," but only after consultation among the student's ESL and regular education teacher(s) as well as his parent, the school principal (or his designee) and, if applicable the student's guidance counselor. Documentation must be provided that lack of language proficiency is not the cause of the EL's academic failure. In effect, an EL should not be issued a failing grade solely on the basis of lack of language proficiency. In general, an EL's promotion from one grade to the next shall be contingent upon the same promotion guidelines set for by the Board of Education for promotion of regular education students. However, the EL's building principal, ESL teacher, and guidance counselor, if applicable, will also confer with the student's parent(s) to review and consider the student's academic progress and level of language acquisition over the course of the school year. Inside, Level A- Cengage National Geographic Series and all digital resources **Primary Resources:** Online Resources iXL StudySync Sadlier

Washington Township Principles for Effective Teaching and Learning

- Implementing a standards-based curriculum
- Facilitating a learner-centered environment
- Using academic target language and providing comprehensible instruction
- · Adapting and using age-appropriate authentic materials
- Providing performance-based assessment experiences
- Infusing 21st century skills for College and Career Readiness in a global society

Designed by:	Kayla Berry		
	Decemorie Armo	trang Cuparvisor of World Languages and ESL I/ 12	
Under the Direction of:	Rosemane Arms	trong, Supervisor of World Languages and ESL, K-12	
	Written:	Summer 2020	
	Revised:		
ВО	E Approval:		

Unit 1 Title: Personal Identity- Narrative Writing- Class Novel

Unit Description:

Students will be able to explain what is involved in personal identity. They will read various autobiographical and biographical texts to determine components of personal identity. Students will also use what they learn from identifying a personal identity to determine their own personal identity. They will use their personal identity to create a personal narrative based on their experiences.

By the end of this unit, students will be able to determine a theme or central idea of a text; analyze its development over the course of the text, and use text support to evaluate characterization, theme, point of view, and plot development. Students will use these skills to produce clear and coherent narratives, developing real or imagined experiences and/or events while using effective techniques, relevant descriptive details, and well-structured event sequences.

This unit seeks to emphasize the importance of the ability to tell one's own story and hear and honor the stories of others. The students will recognize the vast similarities across societies and cultures and the importance they hold in validating shared experiences. Students will also hear the personal stories of individuals, understanding the defining and transformative effect their own experiences have had on them and their worldview. The students will explore the mode of narrative writing. The students will write their own narrative, choosing to focus on a large or small moment in their own lives or continuing the narrative of an individual read in class. In addition, students will learn, recall, and apply new vocabulary using various activities to practice and reinforce skills and strategies. Throughout this unit, independent reading will be encouraged to allow students to build reading stamina, practice grade level skills and strategies, and develop interest and enthusiasm for reading.

INSIDE: The INSIDE units chosen for this unit aim to connect personal identity with where we live. Students will explore how our home plays a crucial role in our identity. Students will also discuss language and how we learn language.

Unit Duration: 1st Marking Period (9 weeks-45 days)

Desired Results

Student Learning Objectives & Standard(s):

https://www.state.nj.us/education/modelcurriculum/ela/6u1.pdf

INSIDE Level A	NJ SLS Standards	WIDA Standards
Unit 1- Finding Your Own	RL.6.1	WIDA ELP Standard 1
Place	RL.6.2	WIDA ELP Standard 2
	RL.6.4	
	RL.6.6	
	RI.6.1	
	RI.6.2	
	RI.6.4	
	RI.6.6	
	RI.6.10	
	L.6.1	
	L.6.2	
	L.6.3.a	
	L.6.4.a;c;d	
	L.6.6	
	SL.6.1;b;c;d	
	SL.6.5	
	W.6.2	
	W.6.3.d	
	W.6.9	
	W.6.10	
Unit 3- Natural Forces	RI.6.1	WIDA ELP Standard 1
	RI.6.2	WIDA ELP Standard 2

L	
RI.6.4	
RI.6.5	
RI.6.6	
RI.6.10	
L.6.1.a;c;d	
L.6.2.b	
L.6.3	
L.6.4.b	
L.6.5	
L.6.6	
SL6.1;b	
SL.6.4	
SL.6.5	
W.6.3;a;d	
W.6.4	
W.6.5	
W.6.10	

Language Objectives:

https://www.state.ni.us/education/modelcurriculum/ela/ellscaffolding/6u1.pdf

	Speaking Skills	Reading Skills	Writing Skills
- Listening and responding to discussion within the classroom - Adhering to teacher directions - Using podcasts as a source of information	- Making connections to	 Making inferences Closely reading Determining theme Summarizing texts Identify plot and characters Distinguishing between essential and nonessential elements of a text Determining figurative, connotative, and technical meanings of words in a text 	 Citing textual evidence Making connections to text Write a coherent narrative that uses transition words and a variety of sentence structures Using appropriate tone when writing Compiling references Writing narrative journal entries Writing pronouns in the proper case and gender Write using proper punctuations and conventions of standard English

WIDA Can-Do Descriptors:

https://wida.wisc.edu/sites/default/files/resource/CanDo-KeyUses-Gr-6-8.pdf

Essential Questions/Critical Understandings:

- What makes up who we are?
- What is personal identity? How is it influenced by our past experiences?
- How does telling our story help others to better understand different cultures?
- How do our families influence our personal identity?
- How do friends play a role in our personal identity?
- How does our home affect personal identity?
- How do we learn and use language?

Essential Skills:

- Identify short story structure and literary elements
- Use context clues to determine meaning
- Use textual evidence
- Make personal connections to the text
- Use personal pronouns correctly
- Use subject pronouns correctly
- Express opinions
- Summarize and retell stories
- Write a narrative using first-person
- Compare and contrast experiences
- Identify causes and effects

Learning/Instructional Strategies

Using this curriculum guide as a foundation, the ESL teacher, in the role of decision maker, selects the specific method or technique best suited to reach a particular objective. The teacher uses an eclectic approach, drawing upon his or her experience and knowledge of teaching and learning while responding to the English proficiency level of each student and his/her immediate social and academic needs. ESL teachers are sensitive to the differences between what the students are taught and what the students bring to class, so lessons and teaching methods are student-centered, based on each student's individual English language needs. Instruction of ELs may include any or all of the following:

Sheltered English Instruction (SEI):

"Sheltered English Instruction (SEI) is a planning process that helps teachers provide English learners with grade-level content instruction by adapting lesson activities to the English proficiency level of individual students" (NJDOE). Through the use of SEI, English learners can be integrated into classrooms with their English-speaking peers and work toward meeting expectations outlined in the New Jersey Student Learning Standards and Next Generation Science Standards.

SEI promotes the use of clear, direct, and easy-to-understand language and a wide range of scaffolding strategies to communicate understanding of content in mathematics, science, social studies, and language arts to students. SEI activities require teachers to analyze lesson content to determine the academic language that must be taught to make content accessible for ELs. SEI methods require teachers to build background knowledge, connect new content to students' prior knowledge, provide time for interaction and collaboration among students, integrate explicit language and vocabulary instruction relevant to content learning, and emphasize the use of many types of instructional strategies including cooperative learning, differentiated instruction, and thematic study.

The GO TO Strategies Matrix:

http://newsmanager.com/partners.com/tesolc/downloads/features/2017/Ancillary%20Docs/2017-01 GO%20TO%20Matrix.pdf

	The GO TO Strategies Matrix: Scaffolding Options for Teachers of English Language Learners, K-12					
	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Level 4	Level 5	
	Entering	Emerging	Developing	Expanding	Bridging	
	Use physical gestures to	Give two step	· Provide graphics or objects	Compare/contrast	Outline lectures on the	
	accompany oral directives.	Contextualized directions.	to sequence steps in a process.	relationships from auditory	SmartBoard.	
	Modify *Teacher Talk.	 Restate/rephrase and use 	Check Comprehension of	information using a Venn	 Use *Video Observation 	
	Label visuals and objects	*Patterned Oral Language	all students frequently.	Diagram.	Guides.	
50	with target vocabulary.	routines.	· Use *Wait Time.	Require students to restate	 Confirm students' prior 	
Listening	Introduce Cognates to aid	Model Academic	Provide Anticipation	and rephrase from auditory	knowledge of content topics.	
l a	comprehension.	Language and vocabulary.	Guides for previewing content	input as in *Paraphrase	Extend content vocabulary	
ste	Ask for Signal Responses	Ask for Total Physical	reading.	Passport.	with multiple examples and	
=	to check comprehension.	Responses from students.	g.	1	non-examples.	
	Provide wall charts with	Use 10-2 structures.	Provide Graphic	Require full sentence	* Structure debates	
	illustrated academic	Assign roles in group	Organizers or notes to	responses by asking open	requiring various points of	
	vocabulary.	work.	scaffold oral retelling.	ended questions.	view with graphic organizers	
	Ask simple WH (who,	Use Clock Buddies.	Prompt for academic	Use Varied Presentation	and/or outlines.	
	what, when, where), yes-no or	Use Numbered Heads	language output.	Formats such as role plays.	Require the use of	
D0	either-or questions.	Together.	Use Think-Pair-Share.	* Scaffold oral reports with	academic language.	
Speaking	Elicit *Choral Responses.	• Use *Think-Pair-Share-	Repeat and Expand	note cards and provide time	Require oral reporting for	
Ξ	Encourage participation in	Squared.	student responses in a	for prior practice.	summarizing group work.	
ĕ	group chants, poems, and	Develop Key Sentence	*Collaborative Dialogue.	• Use Reader's Theatre to	Include oral presentations	
S	songs.	Frames for pair interactions.	Commodative Dianogue.	scaffold oral language growth.	in the content classroom.	
	Preview the text content	Use Card Sorts.	Provide a content	Model the creation of a	Require computer and	
	with pictures, demos, charts,	Use K-W-L charts before	vocabulary Word Bank with	Story Map from a narrative.	library research.	
	or experiences.	reading.	non-linguistic representations.	Provide Question Answer	Ask students to analyze	
	Pair students to read one	Use the Language	Teach skimming for	Relationship questions for	text structure and select an	
	text together.	Experience Approach.	specific information.	student pairs to research.	appropriate Graphic	
	Preview text with a	Provide a list of important	Use Teach the Text	Use Directed Reading	Organizer for summarizing.	
5	Picture Walk.	concepts on a graphic	Backwards.	Thinking Activity.	Use *Reciprocal	
- -	· Use Choral Reading.	organizer.	Use 4 to 1 for main ideas	Use Cornell Notes.	Teaching to scaffold	
Reading	• Use *Teacher Read	Use *Shared Reading	from text.	Use *Jigsaw Reading to	independent reading.	
~	Alouds.	and/or simplify the text.	Use *Guided Reading.	scaffold independent reading.		
	Require students to label	Teach note taking on a	Require Learning Logs	Provide Rubrics and	Require academic writing	
	visuals and/or create language	Graphic Organizer.	for summaries of learning.	exemplars to scaffold writing	and the use of target academic	
	balloons.	 Use a Roving Chart in 	 Use Text to Graphics and 	assignments.	vocabulary.	
	Require vocabulary	small group work.	Back Again.	Teach and utilize the	 *Teach the process of 	
	notebooks with L1 translations	 Use Interactive Journals. 	 Teach Signal Words 	writing process.	writing a research paper.	
	or non-linguistic	Use *Think-Write-Pair-	(comparison, chronology,	Provide an outline for the	Address students' cultures	
Writing	representations.	Share.	cause -effect, and listing) for	standard five-paragraph essay.	in differing genres of writing.	
1 :≣	Provide *Key Sentence	 Provide Cloze sentences 	academic writing.	Provide *Report Frames	Hold frequent writing	
V.	Frames with word and picture	with a Word Bank.	Provide *Cloze paragraphs	for independent, structured,	conferences with teacher and	
>	banks.		with a *Word Bank.	content writing.	peers.	

^{*}Starred strategies are described in the summary document on the following page, "The Go To Strategies Matrix: Scaffolding Across Language Proficiency Levels."

Levine, L. N., Lukens, L. & Smallwood, B. A., (2013). The GO TO strategies: Scaffolding options for teachers of English language learners, K-12. For Project EXCELL, a partnership between the University of Missouri- Kansas City and North Kansas City Schools, funded by the US Department of Education, PR Number T195N070316.

Scaffolds Support (WIDA)			
Sensory	Graphic		
 Real life objects (Realia)/ concrete objects/physical models Manipulative (measurement tools, models, scientific instruments, etc.) Pictures/ photos Visual representations (illustrations, drawings, diagrams, etc.)/ cartoons Videos/ broadcasts/ audio books Newspapers/ magazines Gestures/ physical movement Music/ songs/ chants Posters/ display 	 Charts/ tables Graphs Timelines Number lines Graphic organizers Graphing paper Maps Rubrics Study guides/ guided notes 		
Interactive	Verbal and Textual		
 Whole group Small group Partner (turn-&-talk) Cooperative groups (think-write-pair-share) Triads Interactive websites/ software Mentor/ coach L1 (home or first language) Word-to-word dictionary/ picture dictionary Jigsaw activities 	 Labeling Teacher modeling/ monitoring Repetition Paraphrasing/ summarizing Guiding, clarifying, probing questions Leveled questions (five Ws) Questioning prompts/ cues Word banks/ phrase banks/ word walls Sentence starters/ sentence frames/ discussion frames/ formulaic expressions Cloze paragraphs/ sentences Talk moves (structured academic conversations: re-voicing/ clarifying, restating, reasoning, adding on, wait time) Wait time 		

Cooperative Learning:

Cooperative learning activities give students opportunities to work in groups and share their knowledge. These learning activities are characterized by three components: positive interdependence, individual accountability, and face-to-face interaction. Cooperative learning helps ELs develop social and oral language skills. It motivates ELs to learn English, which helps them become an integral part of the class community, and it has the ability to help students become more confident in social situations.

Differentiated Instruction:

The ESL curriculum strives to implement differentiated instruction in order to meet the WIDA standards. Students must have access to a variety of scaffolded and leveled materials that enable them to learn the same topics being taught in the mainstream classroom. Texts, computer resources and assessments are modified as needed.

Social Emotional Learning:

Social and emotional learning (SEL) refers to the process by which children and adults acquire and effectively apply the knowledge, attitudes and skills necessary to do the following: understand and manage emotions; set and achieve positive goals; feel and show empathy for others; and make responsible decisions. ESL teachers include SEL practices in everyday learning to include the state competencies and sub-competencies. Students, through SEL, are able to take personal ownership and responsibility for their learning and decisions.



New Jersey Social and Emotional Learning Competencies and Sub-Competencies



Self-Awareness

- Recognize one's feelings and thoughts
- Recognize the impact of one's feelings and thoughts on one's own behavior
- Recognize one's personal traits, strengths, and limitations
- Recognize
 the importance
 of self-confidence
 in handling daily
 tasks and
 challenges



Self-Management

- Understand and practice strategies for managing one's own emotions, thoughts, and behaviors
- Recognize
 the skills needed
 to establish and
 achieve personal
 and educational
 goals
- our goals

 Identify
 and apply ways
 to persevere or
 overcome barriers
 through alternative
 methods to achieve
 one's goals



Social Awareness

- Recognize and identify the thoughts, feelings, and perspectives of others
- Demonstrate an awareness of the differences among individuals, groups, and others' cultural backgrounds
- Demonstrate
 an understanding
 of the need for
 mutual respect
 when viewpoints
 differ
- Demonstrate
 an awareness of
 the expectations for
 social interactions
 in a variety of
 settings



Responsible Decision-Making

- Develop, implement, and model effective problem-solving and critical thinking skills
- Identify the consequences associated with one's actions in order to make constructive choices
- Evaluate personal, ethical, safety, and civic impact of decisions



Relationship Skills

- Establish and maintain healthy relationships
- Utilize positive communication and social skills to interact effectively
- with others
 Identify
 ways to resist
 inappropriate
 social pressure
- Demonstrate the ability to prevent and resolve interpersonal conflicts in constructive ways
- Identify who, when, where, or how to seek help for oneself or others when needed

*Adopted by the New Jersey State Board of Education in August 2017

Thematic Approach:

ESL teachers include topics or themes in their lesson planning that incorporate the WIDA standards. Topic or theme-related language and concepts may be spiraled over a period of time, ensuring their conceptualization. Students are continually expected to communicate in all four language domains: listening, speaking, reading and writing.

Reader's Workshop for ELs:

Reader's workshop blends whole group instruction, small needs-based groups, and individual conferring to guide students through the application of basic reading comprehension strategies. Teachers of ELs are familiar with the reader's and writer's workshop. Although setting up a reader's workshop classroom in the ESL classroom may not be feasible, ESL teachers can adapt some of the best practices present within the workshop framework.

These strategies are as follows:

- Determining what is Important Identifying themes and diminishing focus on less important ideas or pieces of information (i.e., ten minute mini-lesson focused on one specific topic or strategy).
- Immediate Application Provide time for students to independently apply the skill of focus from the mini-lesson, at which time the ESL teacher can float among students and provide guidance as needed.
- Small Group Instruction While students work independently, the teacher can work with a small group to re-teach a skill, pre-teach something, reinforce a previous concept, or accelerate learning for students ready to move ahead.
- Immediate Targeted Feedback As students work independently or in small groups, the ESL teacher can provide praise, redirection, or feedback immediately.

Academic Vocabulary	Vocabulary for Vocabulary Strategies	Grammar
 compare context create define report summarize evaluate analyze compare explain topic purpose 	 Prefixes Suffixes Context clues Word families Latin and root words Synonyms Antonyms Thesaurus Dictionary 	 Kinds of sentences: questions and statements Sentences with am, is, and are expressing ideas and feelings mechanics and proofreading using subject pronouns using adjectives to describe
nit-Based Vocabulary:	appreciate	layer
immigrant	 opportunity 	warning
ordinary	value	evacuate
change	• culture	hurricane
learn	• relative	• severe
strange	• active	fortunate
curious	• force	leveeuntouched
leave adjust	dangeroussurface	untouchedfuture
different	erupt	• necessity
understand	volcano	tradition
population	• strange	native
neighborhood	• community	festival

Content Area Vocabulary:

agree

Analyze	Explain	Research
Answer	• Find	Resolve
Complete	Graph	Ruler
Describe	Investigate	Solve
Evaluate	Mark	Study
Examine	Observe	Survey

familiar

	Scaffolding
WIDA Can-Dos by MODE:	https://wida.wisc.edu/sites/default/files/resource/CanDo-KeyUses-Gr-6-8.pdf
Level 1 Entering	https://www.state.nj.us/education/modelcurriculum/ela/ellscaffolding/6u1.pdf
Level 2 Beginning	Use above link to show the expectations of ELs (CAN DO's) at each level for each mode. Your ELs will be coming in at different levels. Modifications should be made based on the level the WIDA Model screening has indicated. Individualized instruction/differentiated instruction is based on this level.
Level 3 Developing	Use above link to show the expectations of ELs (CAN DO's) at each level for each mode. Your ELs will be coming in at different levels. Modifications should be made based on the level the WIDA Model screening has indicated. Individualized instruction/differentiated instruction is based on this level.
Level 4 Expanding	Use above link to show the expectations of ELs (CAN DO's) at each level for each mode. Your ELs will be coming in at different levels. Modifications should be made based on the level the WIDA Model screening has indicated. Individualized instruction/differentiated instruction is based on this level.
Level 5 Bridging	Use above link to show the expectations of ELs (CAN DO's) at each level for each mode. Your ELs will be coming in at different levels. Modifications should be made based on the level the WIDA Model screening has indicated. Individualized instruction/differentiated instruction is based on this level.

Assessment/Performance Tasks

Performance Tasks:

- WRITING TASK: Students will write their own personal narrative—this will be both a summative and formative assessment as students will use the writer's process to complete this task.
- CULMINATING PROJECT: Students will create a multimedia presentation about their personal identify and the factors that make them who they are. (International Night Project)

Other Evidence:

- Informal Checks/ for Understanding: Accuracy and thoroughness of student notes, study guides, and graphic organizers will demonstrate informal evidence of concept processing.
- Formative Assessment: Lesson closure will be used to monitor levels of understanding. Student interactive rubrics, reading, and writing conferences will serve as formative assessments.
- Teacher Observation/ Student Discussion:
 Teacher observation of class discussions will
 serve as informal evidence of concept processing
 and the sophistication of skill development.
- Teacher Created Quiz/Test: Formally measured evidence of outcomes and overall progress towards the New Jersey Student Learning Standards will be established via teacher-created quizzes and unit assessments.
- Writing Prompts/Journal Entries: Students will produce a series of analytical draft pieces in which they compare and contrast multiple texts and/or varying sources on the basis of teacher provided and/or self-guided prompts.
- Teacher Created Project: Culminating project.
- Homework
- Classwork

Entry Criteria for the ESL Program:

Eligibility for ESL program is based on the results of the following measures:

- WIDA Measure of Developing English Language (WIDA MODEL) assessments are approved by the New Jersey Department of Education and can be administered to screen students who enter the district whose first language is other than English. Students whose score falls below the competent and fluent levels will be placed in an ESL class.
- ACCESS 2.0 test results from the previous school year
- Content area teacher recommendations
- Content area performance and grades
- ESL teacher recommendations
- Participation in an ESL program in another school district
- Arrival to the United States from a country where Standard English is not the first language Monitor
 Criteria for the ESL Program Students who meet the criteria for exit from the ESL program are placed
 on a monitor status for a minimum of two years and offered support with content area classes.
- ESL teachers work with content area teachers to ensure a successful transition from the ESL program. In the event that a teacher wants to recommend re-entry into ESL, that request must be submitted to the district

ESL supervisor for review. Re-entry into ESL can only be granted by the county superintendent.

Exit Criteria for the ESL Program:

- Students enrolled in the ESL Program will be tested annually with the ACCESS 2.0 language proficiency assessment to determine their level of English language proficiency.
- The district goal, as determined by the State, is for all students to show growth of at least one proficiency level.

- Students who score at or above 4.5 are evaluated for exit from the ESL program.
- Furthermore, the WIDA MODEL assessments are used as one criterion upon which a student's exit from the program is based.
- Other criteria are student report cards, scores on the district provided assessments (i.e., STAR, iXL, SUCCESS, ELA benchmark, ACCESS, and teacher recommendation.

State Required Assessment:

- ESL State Assessment: ACCESS- ACCESS for ELLs scores have many potential uses, from determining student placement to guiding the creation of new curricula. Test scores work best as a way to aid decision-making, in cases such as:
 - Establishing when multilingual learners have attained English language proficiency according to state criteria
 - Making decisions about program entry and exit
 - · Informing classroom instruction and assessment
 - Which domains teachers could focus on
 - What the WIDA ELD Standards say about students' current proficiency levels
 - How teachers can scaffold using the next level up
 - Monitoring student progress by comparing current scores to previous scores

District Required Assessments:

- STAR
- IXL
- SUCCESS
- ELA benchmark

Link to NJ Literacy Assessment:

https://www.nj.gov/education/modelcurriculum/ela/6u1.shtml

Username: Model Password: Curriculum

Unit 1 ELA Assessment:

https://www.nj.gov/education/modelcurriculum/assessment/pw/ela/6u1.pdf

Text/Resources:

- Inside, Level A- Cengage National Geographic Series and all digital resources
- Fundamentals Vol.1 & 2/ Inside the U.S.A. (newcomer units)
- Online Resources
- iXL
- StudySync
- Sadlier

Inside Unit 1 Texts:

- Growing Together by Carmen Agra Deedy
- When I Grow Up by Janet S. Wong
- Kids Like Me adapted from a book by Judith M. Bloom & Terru Lapinsky
- Familiar Places by Elizabeth Boylan
- Call Me Maria by Judith Ortiz Cofer
- Extended Reading:
 - Domitila by Jewell Reinhart Coburn
 - Novio Boy by Gary Soto
 - Pearl Harbor is Burning! by Kathleen V. Kudlinski
 - Communities Across America Today by Sarah Glasscock

Inside Unit 5 Texts:

- Volcano! by Beth Geiger
- Fleeing Katrina by Samantha Perez
- Earthquake by Milly Lee
- How Crisis Mapping Saved Lives in Haiti by Patrick Meier
- Extended Reading:
 - Hercules by Paul Storrie & Steve Kurth

- Tornado by Betsy Byars
- Bearston by Will Hobbs
- Introduction to Energy by Glen Phelan

Core Texts from ELA Curriculum:

- A Long Walk to Water by Linda Sue Clark
- Fever 1973 by Laurie Halse Anderson
- Freedom Walkers by Russell Freedman
- Flipped by Wendelin Van Draanen
- Wonder by R.J. Palacio

Interdisciplinary Connections

Mathematics:

Numerical data such as graphs and sequential information provide an opportunity for cross-curricular study. WIDA English Language Proficiency Standard 3- English language learners communicate information, ideas and concepts for academic success in the content area of Mathematics.

Social Studies:

Many of the books within the classroom collection are historical fiction novels, which provide for the opportunity of cross-curricular study.

WIDA English Language Proficiency Standard 5 – English language learners communicate information, ideas and concepts for academic success in the content area of Social Studies.

Science:

Informational reading connected to science content will be made available to help students build background knowledge in specific units (e.g., Survival)

WIDA English Language Proficiency Standard 4 – English language learners communicate information, ideas and concepts for academic success in the content area of Science.

ELA:

IEP

This curriculum is designed to supplement and work in partnership with the ELA curriculum.

WIDA English Language Proficiency Standard 2 – English language learners communicate information, ideas and concepts necessary for academic success in the content area of language arts.

ELA Instructional Units: https://www.ni.gov/education/cccs/instructionalunits/ela/

	Unit Modifications for Special Population Students				
Student assi	gnment in ESL-English classes will be based upon the number of years of middle school				
English or Es	SL completed, so the English Language Proficiency levels of students in any class may vary				
	Study are organized by theme, so the texts read within each theme can be differentiated by				
reading level					
	n in materials, assignments, and assessments can be provided (e.g., 99 Ideas and Activities for				
Teaching En	glish Learners with the SIOP Model)				
Advanced	Gifted and Talented EL Guidance link.				
Learners	https://www.state.nj.us/education/bilingual/policy/GiftedandTalentedEnglishLanguageLearners.				
	<u>pdf</u>				
Struggling	Tiered Systems of Support link:				
Learners	https://www.state.nj.us/education/njtss/				
English	This entire curriculum is designed for ELLs. Also, review FABRIC				
Language	https://www.nj.gov/education/bilingual/pd/fabric/fabric.pdf				
Learners					
	English Language Learner Toolkit:				
	https://ncela.ed.gov/files/english_learner_toolkit/OELA_2017_ELsToolkit_508C.pdf				
Special	ELLs with Special and Diverse Needs Link:				
Needs	https://www.state.nj.us/education/bilingual/resources/ELLSpecialNeed.htm				
Learners					
Learners	Each special education student has in Individualized Educational Plan (IEP) that details the				
with an	specific accommodations, modifications, services, and support needed to level the playing				

field. This will enable that student to access the curriculum to the greatest extent possible in the least restrictive environment. These include:

- Variation of time: adapting the time allotted for learning, task completion, or testing
- Variation of input: adapting the way instruction is delivered
- Variation of output: adapting how a student can respond to instruction
- Variation of size: adapting the number of items the student is expected to complete
- Modifying the content, process or product

Additional resources are outlined to facilitate appropriate behavior and increase student engagement. The most frequently used modifications and accommodations can be viewed here.

Teachers are encouraged to use the Understanding by Design Learning Guidelines (UDL). These guidelines offer a set of concrete suggestions that can be applied to any discipline to ensure that all learners can access and participate in learning opportunities. The framework can be viewed here www.udlguidelines.cast.org

Learners with a 504

Refer to page four in the <u>Parent and Educator Resource Guide to Section 504</u> to assist in the development of appropriate plans.

Unit Modifications for Newcomers

Unit 1 – Narrative (Inside the U.S.A) Newcomer Supplemental Support

1	2	3
Good Morning	A book	What time is it?
Hello	A calculator	Do you have the time?
Hey	An eraser	What time do you have?
Hi	A notebook	Can you please tell me the
Hi there	A pair of scissors	time?
Bye	A pen	
Good-Bye	A pencil	Morning
Have a nice day	A piece of paper	Noon
See you later	A ruler	Afternoon
See you soon	A stapler	Evening
I am from		Night
Now I live in	Black	
My name is	Blue	What day is it?
	Brown	What day is tomorrow?
	Green	What day was yesterday?
	Orange	Monday
	Pink	Tuesday
	Purple	Wednesday
	Red	Thursday
	White	Friday
	Yellow	Saturday
		Sunday
	Big	
	Little	Science class
	Long	Social Studies class/
	short	History class
		Math class
		Language Arts class

	Physical Education class (P.E) ESL class Library Lunch Who is not at school?		
Language Functions			
Give personal information			
Make Introductions			
Give information			
Ask and answer questions			
Grammar			
Sentence Capitalization			
Sentence punctuation			
Capitalize the pronoun I			
Capitalize Proper Nouns: City, State, and Country names			
Unit 1 Project			
Create an All about me multimedia project			

Integration of 21st Century Skills

Career Readiness, Life Literacies, and Key Skills Rapid advancements in technology and subsequent changes in the economy have created opportunities for individuals to compete and connect on a global scale. In this increasingly diverse and complex world, the successful entrepreneur or employee must not only possess the requisite education for specific industry pathways but also employability skills necessary to collaborate with others and manage resources effectively in order to establish and maintain stability and independence. This document outlines concepts and skills necessary for New Jersey's students to thrive in an ever-changing world. Intended for integration throughout all K–12 academic and technical content areas, the New Jersey Student Learning Standards- Career Readiness, Life Literacies, and Key Skills (NJSLS-CLKS) provides the framework for students to learn the concepts, skills, and practices essential to the successful navigation of career exploration and preparation, personal finances and digital literacy.

Mission

Career readiness, life literacies, and key skills education provides students with the necessary skills to make informed career and financial decisions, engage as responsible community members in a digital society, and to successfully meet the challenges and opportunities in an interconnected global economy.

Vision

An education in career readiness, life literacies, and key skills fosters a population that: • Continually self-reflects and seeks to improve the essential life and career practices that lead to success; • Uses effective communication and collaboration skills and resources to interact with a global society; • Possesses financial literacy and responsibility at home and in the broader community; • Plans, executes, and alters career goals in response to changing societal and economic conditions; and • Seeks to attain skill and content mastery to achieve success in a chosen career path.

Indicators:

https://www.state.nj.us/education/aps/cccs/career/curriculum.htm

Review the following standards for expectations by grade 8: https://www.nj.gov/education/cccs/2020/2020%20NJSLS-CLKS.pdf

Indicators:

Computers or iPads can be integral in providing ELs with valuable language experiences as they learn a new language. ESL teachers should offer English learners a language-rich environment in which students are constantly engaged in language activities. The computer or iPad can act as a tool to increase verbal exchanges, develop content area vocabulary and improve reading and writing skills. Students should be exposed to language learning software and websites, which may be utilized at home and in school. Interactive whiteboards can also play a major part of hands-on interactive ESL instruction. Interactive whiteboards provide students with visual support that all ESL students need. In addition, they provide a way for teachers to anonymously survey students' understanding of the material being taught.

Technology Connections

- E-textbooks (Classlink)
- Collections (Houghton Mifflin Harcourt)
- Inside (National Geographic Cengage Learning, 2014)
- Microsoft Office, One Note, Schoology, FlipGrid and One Drive will be used to assign tasks, submit work, and provide feedback
- Microsoft Apps will be used to promote collaboration through technology
- Websites
- Online resources will be used to supplement curricular materials.
- Ted Talks will be provided when relevant to curriculum content.
- Immersive Reader will be used to help students build academic vocabulary knowledge.

Unit 2 Title: Empathy & Understanding-Literary Analysis/Informational Writing

This unit will continue to encourage students to understand and appreciate the experiences of others and the extent to which those experiences have shaped and defined them in their home countries as well as here in America, They will explore the potential damage to individuals and society when those perspectives are ignored. Students will complete research in conjunction with the units from Inside in regard to water and climate change. In addition, students will learn, recall, and apply new vocabulary using various activities to practice and reinforce skills and strategies.

Unit 2 will also focus on exploration of multi-genre texts including fiction, biographies, narrative non-fiction, articles, primary documents such as journals, and other non-fiction texts. At the end of this unit, students will be able to analyze how specific texts and/or excerpts relate to each other. Students will be able to cite textual evidence that supports the analysis of a text including carefully selected evidence and clear methods of elaboration to support a claim. Students will use these skills to produce literary analyses and informative writing pieces.

INSIDE: The INSIDE units chosen for this unit aim to connect informational writing with how we use the Earth's resources. Students will explore how global warming has affect the Earth's resources. Students will also discuss how climate change affects us.

Unit Duration: 2nd Marking Period (9 weeks-45 days)

Desired Results

Student Learning Objectives & Standard(s):

https://www.state.nj.us/education/modelcurriculum/ela/6u2.pdf

INSIDE Level A	NJ SLS Standards	WIDA Standards
Unit 2- Water for Life	RL.6.1	WIDA ELP Standard 1
OTHER TRACES ISSUED	RL.6.2	WIDA ELP Standard 2
	RL.6.3	WIDA ELP Standard 4
	RL.6.4	
	RL.6.7	
	RL.6.9	
	RL.6.10	
	RI.6.1	
	RI.6.2	
	RI.6.3	
	RI.6.4	
	RI.6.7	
	RI.6.10	
	L.6.1	
	L.6.2.b	
	L.6.4.a;c	
	L.6.5.a;b;c	
	L.6.6	
	SL.6.1.a	
	SL.6.2	
	SL.6.3	
	SL.6.5	
	W.6.3.d	
	W.6.9	
	W.6.10	
Unit 5- The Drive to Discover	L.6.1	WIDA ELP Standard 1
	L.6.2.b	WIDA ELP Standard 2
	L.6.4	
	L.6.4.b	
	L.6.6	
	RI.6.1	
	RI.6.2	
	RI.6.4	
	Ri.6.4.b	
	RI.6.5	
	RI.6.7	
	RI.6.9	
	RI.6.10	
	RL.6.1	
	RL.6.2	
	RL.6.3	
	RL.6.4	
	RL.6.5	
	RL.6.9	
	RL.6.10	
	SL.6.1	
	SL.6.1.b;c	
	SL.6.2	
	W.6.3.d	
	W.6.9 W.6.10	
Languago Objectives:	VV.U. TU	
Language Objectives:		

https://www.state.nj.us/education/modelcurriculum/ela/ellscaffolding/6u2.pdf
Listening Skills Speaking Skills Reading Skills Writing Skills

- Listening and responding to discussion within the classroom
- Adhering to teacher directions
- Using podcasts as a source of information
- Listen to the ideas of others to respond
- Making connections to text
- Explaining point of view
- Explaining ideas
- Identifying with a speaker's claim or argument
- Using pronouns in the proper case and gender
- Orally identify supportive textual evidence and infer details
- Orally explain and summarize central ideas and key details

- Making inferences
- Closely reading
- Determining theme
- Summarizing texts
- Identify plot and characters
- Distinguishing between essential and nonessential elements of a text
- Determining figurative, connotative, and technical meanings of words in a text
- Analyze how key individuals, events, or ideas are developed in the text

- Citing textual evidence
- Making connections to text
- Write a coherent informative essay that uses transition words and a variety of sentence structures
- Using appropriate tone when writing
- Compiling references
- Writing informative journal entries
- Writing pronouns in the proper case and gender
- Write using proper punctuations and conventions of standard English

WIDA Can-Do Descriptors:

https://wida.wisc.edu/sites/default/files/resource/CanDo-KeyUses-Gr-6-8.pdf

Essential Questions/Critical Understandings:

- How do we depend on Earth's resources?
- How does climate change affect people?
- What difficulties do people have when moving from one country to another?
- How do different types of texts relate to each other?
- What can we do to show others we care/ support them?
- Why is having empathy important?

Essential Skills:

- Identify antonyms and synonyms
- Categorize words
- Express needs and wants
- Elaborate on ideas
- Write sentences using subject-verb agreement
- Analyze plot
- Analyze main ideas and details
- Identify climate change and its effects
- Use textual evidence
- Research and report information on climate change
- Determine theme, main ideas, and details
- Ask for and give information
- Use past tense verbs (regular & irregular)
- Use future tense verbs

Learning/Instructional Strategies

Using this curriculum guide as a foundation, the ESL teacher, in the role of decision maker, selects the specific method or technique best suited to reach a particular objective. The teacher uses an eclectic approach, drawing upon his or her experience and knowledge of teaching and learning while responding to the English proficiency level of each student and his/her immediate social and academic needs. ESL teachers are sensitive to the differences between what the students are taught and what the students bring to class, so lessons and teaching methods are student-centered, based on each student's individual English language needs. Instruction of ELs may include any or all of the following:

Sheltered English Instruction (SEI):

"Sheltered English Instruction (SEI) is a planning process that helps teachers provide English learners with grade-level content instruction by adapting lesson activities to the English proficiency level of individual students" (NJDOE). Through the use of SEI, English learners can be integrated into classrooms with their English-speaking peers and work toward meeting expectations outlined in the New Jersey Student Learning Standards and Next Generation Science Standards.

SEI promotes the use of clear, direct, and easy-to-understand language and a wide range of scaffolding strategies to communicate understanding of content in mathematics, science, social studies, and language arts to students. SEI activities require teachers to analyze lesson content to determine the academic language that

must be taught to make content accessible for ELs. SEI methods require teachers to build background knowledge, connect new content to students' prior knowledge, provide time for interaction and collaboration among students, integrate explicit language and vocabulary instruction relevant to content learning, and emphasize the use of many types of instructional strategies including cooperative learning, differentiated instruction, and thematic study.

The GO TO Strategies Matrix:

http://newsmanager.com/partners.com/tesolc/downloads/features/2017/Ancillary%20Docs/2017-01 GO%20TO%20Matrix.pdf

The GO TO Strategies Matrix: Scaffolding Options for Teachers of English Language Learners, K-12

	The GO TO Strategies Matrix: Scattolding Options for Teachers of English Language Learners, K-12				
	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Level 4	Level 5
	Entering	Emerging	Developing	Expanding	Bridging
	 Use physical gestures to 	Give two step	 Provide graphics or objects 	Compare/contrast	 Outline lectures on the
	accompany oral directives.	Contextualized directions.	to sequence steps in a process.	relationships from auditory	SmartBoard.
	 Modify *Teacher Talk. 	 Restate/rephrase and use 	 Check Comprehension of 	information using a Venn	 Use *Video Observation
	 Label visuals and objects 	*Patterned Oral Language	all students frequently.	Diagram.	Guides.
5.0	with target vocabulary.	routines.	 Use *Wait Time. 	 Require students to restate 	 Confirm students' prior
ı.E	 Introduce Cognates to aid 	 Model Academic 	 Provide Anticipation 	and rephrase from auditory	knowledge of content topics.
Listening	comprehension.	Language and vocabulary.	Guides for previewing content	input as in *Paraphrase	 Extend content vocabulary
ist	Ask for Signal Responses	 Ask for Total Physical 	reading.	Passport.	with multiple examples and
ī	to check comprehension.	Responses from students.		_	non-examples.
	Provide wall charts with	 Use 10-2 structures. 	Provide Graphic	Require full sentence	* Structure debates
	illustrated academic	 Assign roles in group 	Organizers or notes to	responses by asking open	requiring various points of
	vocabulary.	work.	scaffold oral retelling.	ended questions.	view with graphic organizers
	Ask simple WH (who,	 Use Clock Buddies. 	 Prompt for academic 	Use Varied Presentation	and/or outlines.
	what, when, where), yes-no or	 Use Numbered Heads 	language output.	Formats such as role plays.	Require the use of
5.0	either-or questions.	Together.	 Use Think-Pair-Share. 	 * Scaffold oral reports with 	academic language.
·5	Elicit *Choral Responses.	 Use *Think-Pair-Share- 	 Repeat and Expand 	note cards and provide time	 Require oral reporting for
Speaking	Encourage participation in	Squared.	student responses in a	for prior practice.	summarizing group work.
be	group chants, poems, and	Develop Key Sentence	*Collaborative Dialogue.	• Use Reader's Theatre to	 Include oral presentations
SO.	songs.	Frames for pair interactions.	_	scaffold oral language growth.	in the content classroom.
	Preview the text content	Use Card Sorts.	Provide a content	Model the creation of a	Require computer and
	with pictures, demos, charts,	 Use K-W-L charts before 	vocabulary Word Bank with	Story Map from a narrative.	library research.
	or experiences.	reading.	non-linguistic representations.	Provide Question Answer	 Ask students to analyze
	Pair students to read one	Use the Language	 Teach skimming for 	Relationship questions for	text structure and select an
	text together.	Experience Approach.	specific information.	student pairs to research.	appropriate Graphic
	Preview text with a	 Provide a list of important 	 Use Teach the Text 	Use Directed Reading	Organizer for summarizing.
l g	Picture Walk.	concepts on a graphic	Backwards.	Thinking Activity.	Use *Reciprocal
귤	 Use Choral Reading. 	organizer.	 Use 4 to 1 for main ideas 	 Use Cornell Notes. 	Teaching to scaffold
Reading	Use *Teacher Read	 Use *Shared Reading 	from text.	 Use *Jigsaw Reading to 	independent reading.
~	Alouds.	and/or simplify the text.	 Use *Guided Reading. 	scaffold independent reading.	
	Require students to label	Teach note taking on a	Require Learning Logs	Provide Rubrics and	Require academic writing
	visuals and/or create language	Graphic Organizer.	for summaries of learning.	exemplars to scaffold writing	and the use of target academic
	balloons.	 Use a Roving Chart in 	 Use Text to Graphics and 	assignments.	vocabulary.
	Require vocabulary	small group work.	Back Again.	 Teach and utilize the 	 *Teach the process of
	notebooks with L1 translations	 Use Interactive Journals. 	 Teach Signal Words 	writing process.	writing a research paper.
	or non-linguistic	 Use *Think-Write-Pair- 	(comparison, chronology,	Provide an outline for the	Address students' cultures
Writing	representations.	Share.	cause -effect, and listing) for	standard five-paragraph essay.	in differing genres of writing.
1 :≣	Provide *Key Sentence	 Provide Cloze sentences 	academic writing.	Provide *Report Frames	Hold frequent writing
\ <u>'</u>	Frames with word and picture	with a Word Bank.	 Provide *Cloze paragraphs 	for independent, structured,	conferences with teacher and
>	banks.		with a *Word Bank.	content writing.	peers.
*0.	errad strategies are described in the	1			

^{*}Starred strategies are described in the summary document on the following page, "The Go To Strategies Matrix: Scaffolding Across Language Proficiency Levels."

Levine, L. N., Lukens, L. & Smallwood, B. A., (2013). The GO TO strategies: Scaffolding options for teachers of English language learners, K-12. For Project EXCELL, a partnership between the University of Missouri- Kansas City and North Kansas City Schools, funded by the US Department of Education, PR Number T195N070316.

Scaffolds Support (WIDA)

Sensory	Graphic
 Real life objects (Realia)/ concrete objects/physical models Manipulative (measurement tools, models, scientific instruments, etc.) Pictures/ photos Visual representations (illustrations, drawings, diagrams, etc.)/ cartoons Videos/ broadcasts/ audio books Newspapers/ magazines Gestures/ physical movement Music/ songs/ chants Posters/ display 	 Charts/ tables Graphs Timelines Number lines Graphic organizers Graphing paper Maps Rubrics Study guides/ guided notes
Interactive	Verbal and Textual
 Whole group Small group Partner (turn-&-talk) Cooperative groups (think-write-pair-share) 	 Labeling Teacher modeling/ monitoring Repetition Paraphrasing/ summarizing

- Triads
- Interactive websites/ software
- Mentor/ coach
- L1 (home or first language)
- Word-to-word dictionary/ picture dictionary
- Jigsaw activities

- Guiding, clarifying, probing questions
- Leveled questions (five Ws)
- Questioning prompts/ cues
- Word banks/ phrase banks/ word walls
- Sentence starters/ sentence frames/ discussion frames/ formulaic expressions
- Cloze paragraphs/ sentences
- Talk moves (structured academic conversations: re-voicing/ clarifying, restating, reasoning, adding on, wait time)
- Wait time

Cooperative Learning:

Cooperative learning activities give students opportunities to work in groups and share their knowledge. These learning activities are characterized by three components: positive interdependence, individual accountability, and face-to-face interaction. Cooperative learning helps ELs develop social and oral language skills. It motivates ELs to learn English, which helps them become an integral part of the class community, and it has the ability to help students become more confident in social situations.

Differentiated Instruction:

The ESL curriculum strives to implement differentiated instruction in order to meet the WIDA standards. Students must have access to a variety of scaffolded and leveled materials that enable them to learn the same topics being taught in the mainstream classroom. Texts, computer resources and assessments are modified as needed.

Social Emotional Learning:

Social and emotional learning (SEL) refers to the process by which children and adults acquire and effectively apply the knowledge, attitudes and skills necessary to do the following: understand and manage emotions; set and achieve positive goals; feel and show empathy for others; and make responsible decisions. ESL teachers include SEL practices in everyday learning to include the state competencies and sub-competencies. Students, through SEL, are able to take personal ownership and responsibility for their learning and decisions.



New Jersey Social and Emotional Learning Competencies and Sub-Competencies



Selt-Awareness

- Recognize one's feelings and thoughts
- Recognize the impact of one's feelings and thoughts on one's own behavior
- Recognize one's personal traits, strengths, and limitations
- Recognize
 the importance
 of self-confidence
 in handling daily
 tasks and
 challenges



Self-Management

- Understand and practice strategies for managing one's own emotions, thoughts, and behaviors
- Recognize the skills needed to establish and achieve personal and educational goals
- Identify
 and apply ways
 to persevere or
 overcome barriers
 through alternative
 methods to achieve
 one's goals



Social Awareness

- Recognize and identify the thoughts, feelings, and perspectives of others
- Demonstrate an awareness of the differences among individuals, groups, and others' cultural backgrounds
- Demonstrate
 an understanding
 of the need for
 mutual respect
 when viewpoints
 differ
- Demonstrate

 an awareness of
 the expectations for
 social interactions
 in a variety of
 settings



Responsible Decision-Making

- Develop, implement, and model effective problem-solving and critical thinking skills
- Identify the consequences associated with one's actions in order to make constructive choices
- Evaluate personal, ethical, safety, and civic impact of decisions



Relationship Skills

- Establish and maintain healthy relationships
- Utilize positive communication and social skills to interact effectively with others
- Identify
 ways to resist
 inappropriate
 social pressure
- Demonstrate the ability to prevent and resolve interpersonal conflicts in constructive ways
- Identify who, when, where, or how to seek help for oneself or others when needed

*Adopted by the New Jersey State Board of Education in August 2017

Thematic Approach:

ESL teachers include topics or themes in their lesson planning that incorporate the WIDA standards. Topic or theme-related language and concepts may be spiraled over a period of time, ensuring their conceptualization. Students are continually expected to communicate in all four language domains: listening, speaking, reading and writing.

Reader's Workshop for ELs:

Reader's workshop blends whole group instruction, small needs-based groups, and individual conferring to guide students through the application of basic reading comprehension strategies. Teachers of ELs are familiar with the reader's and writer's workshop. Although setting up a reader's workshop classroom in the ESL classroom may not be feasible, ESL teachers can adapt some of the best practices present within the workshop framework.

These strategies are as follows:

- Determining what is Important Identifying themes and diminishing focus on less important ideas or pieces of information (i.e., ten minute mini-lesson focused on one specific topic or strategy).
- Immediate Application Provide time for students to independently apply the skill of focus from the mini-lesson, at which time the ESL teacher can float among students and provide guidance as needed.
- Small Group Instruction While students work independently, the teacher can work with a small group
 to re-teach a skill, pre-teach something, reinforce a previous concept, or accelerate learning for students
 ready to move ahead.
- Immediate Targeted Feedback As students work independently or in small groups, the ESL teacher can provide praise, redirection, or feedback immediately.

Academic Vocabulary	Vocabulary for Vocabulary Strategies	Grammar	
 category compare relate resource series specific support topic discover fact organize record sequence similar theme 	 Prefixes Suffixes Context clues Word families Latin and root words Synonyms Antonyms Thesaurus Dictionary Category 	 using/identifying nouns using complete sentences subject-verb agreement plural nouns subjects and predicates forms of have forms of do action verbs past tense verbs (irregular and regular) future tense verbs 	
Unit-Based Vocabulary:			

Cint Bacca recapatary:		
alive	rainfall	explorer
• amount	safely	famous
arrive	secret	forest
 available 	statue	forget
• crop	treat	locate
depend	village	• loss
electricity	• worry	ocean
• flow	alarm	 passenger
generate	ancient	pyramid
• globe	 archaeologist 	remember
• goods	artifact	search
material	 beautiful 	skeleton
perfect	• bury	• tomb
• plan	 civilization 	treasure
• power	• clue	wreck
• problem	discover	

Content Area Vocabulary:

Analyze	Explain	Research
Answer	• Find	Resolve
Complete	Graph	Ruler
Describe	 Investigate 	Solve
Evaluate	Mark	Study
Examine	Observe	Survey

Scaffolding			
WIDA Can-Dos by MODE:	This is a second of the second		
Level 1 Entering	https://www.state.nj.us/education/modelcurriculum/ela/ellscaffolding/6u2.pdf		
 Use above link to show the expectations of ELs (CAN DO's) at each level for each mode. Your ELs will be coming in at different levels. Modifications should be made based on the level the WIDA Model screening has indicated. Individualized instruction/differentiated instruction is based on this level. 			
Level 3 Developing	Use above link to show the expectations of ELs (CAN DO's) at each level for each mode. Your ELs will be coming in at different levels. Modifications should be made based on the level the WIDA Model screening has indicated. Individualized instruction/differentiated instruction is based on this level.		
Level 4 Expanding	Use above link to show the expectations of ELs (CAN DO's) at each level for each mode. Your ELs will be coming in at different levels. Modifications should be made based on the level the WIDA Model screening has indicated. Individualized instruction/differentiated instruction is based on this level.		
Level 5 Bridging	Use above link to show the expectations of ELs (CAN DO's) at each level for each mode. Your ELs will be coming in at different levels. Modifications should be made based on the level the WIDA Model screening has indicated. Individualized instruction/differentiated instruction is based on this level.		

Assessment/Performance Tasks

Performance Tasks:

- WRITING TASK: Students will write an informational essay using the writer's process about climate change.
- CULMINATING PROJECT: Students will create a multimedia presentation that compares various literary texts as a literary analysis. Students will make connections across various types of text to demonstrate understanding of different text types. Students will compare texts related to climate change.

Other Evidence:

- Informal Checks/ for Understanding: Accuracy and thoroughness of student notes, study guides, and graphic organizers will demonstrate informal evidence of concept processing.
- Formative Assessment: Lesson closure will be used to monitor levels of understanding. Student interactive rubrics, reading, and writing conferences will serve as formative assessments.
- Teacher Observation/ Student Discussion:
 Teacher observation of class discussions will
 serve as informal evidence of concept processing
 and the sophistication of skill development.
- Teacher Created Quiz/Test: Formally measured evidence of outcomes and overall progress towards the New Jersey Student Learning Standards will be established via teacher-created quizzes and unit assessments.
- Writing Prompts/Journal Entries: Students will
 produce a series of analytical draft pieces in which
 they compare and contrast multiple texts and/or
 varying sources on the basis of teacher provided
 and/or self-guided prompts.
- Teacher Created Project: Culminating project.
- Homework
- Classwork

Entry Criteria for the ESL Program:

Eligibility for ESL program is based on the results of the following measures:

- WIDA Measure of Developing English Language (WIDA MODEL) assessments are approved by the New Jersey Department of Education and can be administered to screen students who enter the district whose first language is other than English. Students whose score falls below the competent and fluent levels will be placed in an ESL class.
- ACCESS 2.0 test results from the previous school year
- Content area teacher recommendations
- Content area performance and grades
- ESL teacher recommendations
- Participation in an ESL program in another school district
- Arrival to the United States from a country where Standard English is not the first language Monitor
 Criteria for the ESL Program Students who meet the criteria for exit from the ESL program are placed
 on a monitor status for a minimum of two years and offered support with content area classes.
- ESL teachers work with content area teachers to ensure a successful transition from the ESL program. In the event that a teacher wants to recommend re-entry into ESL, that request must be submitted to the district

ESL supervisor for review. Re-entry into ESL can only be granted by the county superintendent.

Exit Criteria for the ESL Program:

- Students enrolled in the ESL Program will be tested annually with the ACCESS 2.0 language proficiency assessment to determine their level of English language proficiency.
- The district goal, as determined by the State, is for all students to show growth of at least one proficiency level.

- Students who score at or above 4.5 are evaluated for exit from the ESL program.
- Furthermore, the WIDA MODEL assessments are used as one criterion upon which a student's exit from the program is based.
- Other criteria are student report cards, scores on the district provided assessments (i.e., STAR, iXL, SUCCESS, ELA benchmark, ACCESS, and teacher recommendation.

State Required Assessment:

- ESL State Assessment: ACCESS- ACCESS for ELLs scores have many potential uses, from determining student placement to guiding the creation of new curricula. Test scores work best as a way to aid decision-making, in cases such as:
 - Establishing when multilingual learners have attained English language proficiency according to state criteria
 - Making decisions about program entry and exit
 - · Informing classroom instruction and assessment
 - Which domains teachers could focus on
 - What the WIDA ELD Standards say about students' current proficiency levels
 - How teachers can scaffold using the next level up
 - Monitoring student progress by comparing current scores to previous scores

District Required Assessments:

- STAR
- IXL
- SUCCESS
- ELA benchmark

Link to NJ Literacy Assessment:

https://www.nj.gov/education/modelcurriculum/ela/6u2.shtml

Username: Model Password: Curriculum

Unit 2 ELA Assessment:

https://www.nj.gov/education/modelcurriculum/assessment/pw/ela/6u2.pdf

Text/Resources:

- Inside, Level A- Cengage National Geographic Series and all digital resources
- Fundamentals Vol.1 & 2/ Inside the U.S.A. (newcomer units)
- Online Resources
- iXL
- StudySync
- Sadlier

Inside Unit 2 Texts:

- The Secret Water by Daphne Liu
- How Do We Use Water? by Beth Geiger
- Water at Work by Beth Geiger
- Irrigation Pumps Can Save Poor Farmers by Sandra Postel
- Extended Reading:
 - 20,000 Leagues Under the Sea by Judith Conaway
 - Knights of the Round Table adapted by Gwen Gross
 - The Dragon Prince by Laurence Yep
 - Deserts by Mary Tull

Inside Unit 5 Texts:

- Return to Titanic by Susan E. Goodman
- The Forgotten Treasure an adaptation of a Nigerian folk tale
- Mysteries of the Ancient Past by Reyna Eisenstark
- The Power of Mysteries by Alan Lightman
- Extended Reading:
 - Dr. Jekyll and Mr. Hyde by Robert Louis Stevenson, adapted by Kate McMullen
 - Can You Feel the Thunder? by Lynn E. McElfresh

- Breaking Through by Francisco Jimenez
- Earth, Sun, Moon by Glen Phelan

Independent Reading Book Ideas for Students (Lexile Level):

- Climate Change by Lisa Owings (660L)
- Climate Change in Infographics by Renae Gilles (670L)
- Climate Change by Eve Hartman & Wendy Meshbesher (920L)
- Climate Change by National Geographic Learning (960L-1070L)
- The Impact of Climate Change by Linda Hoyt (1110L)
- Experiments with Weather and Climate by John Bassett (750L)
- Living in a Warmer World by Jim Ollhoff (980L)

Interdisciplinary Connections

Mathematics:

Numerical data such as graphs and sequential information provide an opportunity for cross-curricular study. WIDA English Language Proficiency Standard 3- English language learners communicate information, ideas and concepts for academic success in the content area of Mathematics.

Social Studies:

Many of the books within the classroom collection are historical fiction novels, which provide for the opportunity of cross-curricular study.

WIDA English Language Proficiency Standard 5 – English language learners communicate information, ideas and concepts for academic success in the content area of Social Studies.

Science:

Informational reading connected to science content will be made available to help students build background knowledge in specific units (e.g., Survival)

WIDA English Language Proficiency Standard 4 – English language learners communicate information, ideas and concepts for academic success in the content area of Science.

ELA:

This curriculum is designed to supplement and work in partnership with the ELA curriculum.

WIDA English Language Proficiency Standard 2 – English language learners communicate information, ideas and concepts necessary for academic success in the content area of language arts.

ELA Instructional Units: https://www.nj.gov/education/cccs/instructionalunits/ela/

Unit Modifications for Special Population Students

Student assignment in ESL-English classes will be based upon the number of years of middle school English or ESL completed, so the English Language Proficiency levels of students in any class may vary

The Units of Study are organized by theme, so the texts read within each theme can be differentiated by reading level.

Differentiation in materials, assignments, and assessments can be provided (e.g., 99 Ideas and Activities for Teaching English Learners with the SIOP Model)

Advanced Learners	Gifted and Talented EL Guidance link. https://www.state.nj.us/education/bilingual/policy/GiftedandTalentedEnglishLanguageLearner
	s.pdf
Struggling	Tiered Systems of Support link:
Learners	https://www.state.nj.us/education/njtss/
English	This entire curriculum is designed for ELLs. Also, review FABRIC
Language	https://www.nj.gov/education/bilingual/pd/fabric/fabric.pdf
Learners	English Language Learner Teelkit:
	English Language Learner Toolkit: https://ncela.ed.gov/files/english-learner-toolkit/OELA-2017-ELsToolkit-508C.pdf
Special	ELLs with Special and Diverse Needs Link:
Needs	https://www.state.nj.us/education/bilingual/resources/ELLSpecialNeed.htm
Learners	
Learners with an IEP	Each special education student has in Individualized Educational Plan (IEP) that details the specific accommodations, modifications, services, and support needed to level the playing field. This will enable that student to access the curriculum to the greatest extent possible in the least restrictive environment. These include: • Variation of time: adapting the time allotted for learning, task completion, or testing • Variation of input: adapting the way instruction is delivered • Variation of output: adapting how a student can respond to instruction • Variation of size: adapting the number of items the student is expected to complete • Modifying the content, process or product
	Additional resources are outlined to facilitate appropriate behavior and increase student engagement. The most frequently used modifications and accommodations can be viewed

Unit Modifications for Newcomers

ı			
Unit 2- Informational (Inside the U.S.A) Newcomer Supplemental Support			
	Vocabulary		
	7		
	Young		
	Tall		
	Long		
	Big		
	Dark		
	Curly		

Old	
Short	
Little	
Light	
Straight	
I am	
You are	
He is	
She is	
We are	
They are	
What do you like?	
I like	
You like	
He likes	
She likes	
That	
Has	
Both	
Like	
Get	
Good	
Don't	
He	
Book	
Old	
We	
Picture	
Language Function	
Describe yourself	
Describe other people	
Express Feelings	
Discuss information learned	
Diodec illicitiation loannou	l
<u>Grammar</u>	
Sentences and commands	
End punctuation: Period and Question Mark	
Unit 2 Project	1
Create an informational multimedia project	

Integration of 21st Century Skills

Career Readiness, Life Literacies, and Key Skills Rapid advancements in technology and subsequent changes in the economy have created opportunities for individuals to compete and connect on a global scale. In this increasingly diverse and complex world, the successful entrepreneur or employee must not only possess the requisite education for specific industry pathways but also employability skills necessary to collaborate with others and manage resources effectively in order to establish and maintain stability and independence. This document outlines concepts and skills necessary for New Jersey's students to thrive in an ever-changing world. Intended for integration throughout all K–12 academic and technical content areas, the New Jersey Student Learning Standards- Career Readiness, Life Literacies, and Key Skills (NJSLS-CLKS) provides the framework for students to learn the concepts, skills, and practices essential to the successful navigation of career exploration and preparation, personal finances and digital literacy.

Mission

Career readiness, life literacies, and key skills education provides students with the necessary skills to make informed career and financial decisions, engage as responsible community members in a digital society, and to successfully meet the challenges and opportunities in an interconnected global economy.

Vision

An education in career readiness, life literacies, and key skills fosters a population that: • Continually self-reflects and seeks to improve the essential life and career practices that lead to success; • Uses effective communication and collaboration skills and resources to interact with a global society; • Possesses financial literacy and responsibility at home and in the broader community; • Plans, executes, and alters career goals in response to changing societal and economic conditions; and • Seeks to attain skill and content mastery to achieve success in a chosen career path.

Indicators:

https://www.state.nj.us/education/aps/cccs/career/curriculum.htm

Review the following standards for expectations by grade 8: https://www.nj.gov/education/cccs/2020/2020%20NJSLS-CLKS.pdf

Indicators:

Computers or iPads can be integral in providing ELs with valuable language experiences as they learn a new language. ESL teachers should offer English learners a language-rich environment in which students are constantly engaged in language activities. The computer or iPad can act as a tool to increase verbal exchanges, develop content area vocabulary and improve reading and writing skills. Students should be exposed to language learning software and websites, which may be utilized at home and in school. Interactive whiteboards can also play a major part of hands-on interactive ESL instruction. Interactive whiteboards provide students with visual support that all ESL students need. In addition, they provide a way for teachers to anonymously survey students' understanding of the material being taught.

Technology Connections

- E-textbooks (Classlink)
- Collections (Houghton Mifflin Harcourt)
- Inside (National Geographic Cengage Learning, 2014)
- Microsoft Office, One Note, Schoology, FlipGrid and One Drive will be used to assign tasks, submit work, and provide feedback
- Microsoft Apps will be used to promote collaboration through technology
- Websites
- Online resources will be used to supplement curricular materials.
- Ted Talks will be provided when relevant to curriculum content.
- Immersive Reader will be used to help students build academic vocabulary knowledge.

Unit 3 Title: Harmony & Revolution-Argumentative Writing

This unit seeks to explore consequences of the actions both on individuals and larger society. Students will, through core texts, experience conflict with family expectations, religious restrictions, political structures, and gender stereotypes. In order to develop the craft of argumentation, students will learn strategies for argumentative writing informed by their own investigations into these themes. In addition, students will learn, recall, and apply new vocabulary using various activities to practice and reinforce skills and strategies. Throughout this unit, independent reading will be encouraged to allow students to build reading stamina, practice grade level skills and strategies, and develop interest and enthusiasm for reading.

Unit 3 will focus on strengthening students' ability to analyze non-fiction texts. Students will cite textual evidence to write an argumentative essay. Students will carefully analyze texts that explore current and high-interest topics. Students will develop a deep understanding of the central elements included in a strong argumentative essay (i.e. claim, the use of supportive evidence, reasoning techniques, and counterclaim establishment). After developing a strong foundation in the characteristics of argumentative writing, students will construct a finalized argumentative essay to support claims with transitions, clear reasoning, and relevant evidence from multiple, credible sources.

INSIDE: The INSIDE units selected for this unit aim to connect the idea of freedom with argumentative writing. Students will explore which freedoms they deem to be important and write and argumentative text regarding what freedom means to them.

Unit Duration: 3rd Marking Period (9 weeks-45 days)

Desired Results

Student Learning Objectives & Standard(s):

https://www.state.nj.us/education/modelcurriculum/ela/6u3.pdf

INSIDE Level A	NJ SLS Standards	WIDA Standards
Unit 6- Struggle for Freedom	L.6.1;a;b;c;d	WIDA ELP Standard 1
	L.6.3	WIDA ELP Standard 2
	L.6.4;a	WIDA ELP Standard 5
	L.6.6	
	RI.6.1	
	RI.6.2	

	RI.6.4	
	RI.6.5	
	RI.6.6	
	RI.6.7	
	RI.6.10	
	RL.6.1	
	RL.6.2	
	RL.6.4	
	RL.6.5	
	RL.6.7	
	RL.6.10	
	SL.6.1;a;d	
	SL.6.2	
	SL.6.4	
	W.6.3.d	
	W.6.9	
	W.6.10	
Unit 7- Star Power		WIDA ELP Standard 1
		WIDA ELP Standard 2
	L.6.3.a	
	L.6.4;a;c;d	
	L.6.5;a	
	L.6.6	
	RI.6.1	
	RI.6.2	
	RI.6.4	
	RI.6.6	
	RI.6.7	
	RI.6.8	
	RI.6.10	
	RL.6.1	
	RL.6.2	
	RL.6.4	
	RL.6.6	
	RL.6.10	

<u>Language Objectives:</u>
https://www.state.nj.us/education/modelcurriculum/ela/ellscaffolding/6u3.pdf

	conventions of standard
	English

WIDA Can-Do Descriptors:

https://wida.wisc.edu/sites/default/files/resource/CanDo-KeyUses-Gr-6-8.pdf

Essential Questions/Critical Understandings:

- How far should people go for the sake of freedom?
- How do skillful writers compose arguments that support claims with clear reasons and relevant evidence?
- How do skillful readers integrate information presented in different media formats to develop a coherent understanding of a topic?
- What does freedom mean to me?
- What freedoms are worth fighting for and why?
- How do you determine the main ideas and details of a text?

Essential Skills:

- Analyze characters' viewpoints
- Analyze author's purpose
- Analyze argument and evidence
- Identify and use:
 - o complex and compound sentences
 - subject and predicate pronouns
 - subject and predicate nouns
 - o reflexive and intensive pronouns
 - o possessive nouns
 - adjectives
 - o prepositions and prepositional phrases
- Engage in debate-like discussion
- Summarize texts
- Compare and contrast various texts and information
- Express opinions
- Use persuasive writing to complete an argumentative essay

Learning/Instructional Strategies

Using this curriculum guide as a foundation, the ESL teacher, in the role of decision maker, selects the specific method or technique best suited to reach a particular objective. The teacher uses an eclectic approach, drawing upon his or her experience and knowledge of teaching and learning while responding to the English proficiency level of each student and his/her immediate social and academic needs. ESL teachers are sensitive to the differences between what the students are taught and what the students bring to class, so lessons and teaching methods are student-centered, based on each student's individual English language needs. Instruction of ELs may include any or all of the following:

Sheltered English Instruction (SEI):

"Sheltered English Instruction (SEI) is a planning process that helps teachers provide English learners with grade-level content instruction by adapting lesson activities to the English proficiency level of individual students" (NJDOE). Through the use of SEI, English learners can be integrated into classrooms with their English-speaking peers and work toward meeting expectations outlined in the New Jersey Student Learning Standards and Next Generation Science Standards.

SEI promotes the use of clear, direct, and easy-to-understand language and a wide range of scaffolding strategies to communicate understanding of content in mathematics, science, social studies, and language arts to students. SEI activities require teachers to analyze lesson content to determine the academic language that must be taught to make content accessible for ELs. SEI methods require teachers to build background knowledge, connect new content to students' prior knowledge, provide time for interaction and collaboration among students, integrate explicit language and vocabulary instruction relevant to content learning, and emphasize the use of many types of instructional strategies including cooperative learning, differentiated instruction, and thematic study.

The GO TO Strategies Matrix:

http://newsmanager.commpartners.com/tesolc/downloads/features/2017/Ancillary%20Docs/2017-01 GO%20TO%20Matrix.pdf

	The GO TO Strategies Matrix: Scaffolding Options for Teachers of English Language Learners, K-12				
	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Level 4	Level 5
	Entering	Emerging	Developing	Expanding	Bridging
	 Use physical gestures to 	Give two step	· Provide graphics or objects	Compare/contrast	Outline lectures on the
	accompany oral directives.	Contextualized directions.	to sequence steps in a process.	relationships from auditory	SmartBoard.
	Modify *Teacher Talk.	Restate/rephrase and use	Check Comprehension of	information using a Venn	Use *Video Observation
	 Label visuals and objects 	*Patterned Oral Language	all students frequently.	Diagram.	Guides.
	with target vocabulary.	routines.	· Use *Wait Time.	Require students to restate	 Confirm students' prior
Listening	Introduce Cognates to aid	Model Academic	 Provide Anticipation 	and rephrase from auditory	knowledge of content topics.
i i	comprehension.	Language and vocabulary.	Guides for previewing content	input as in *Paraphrase	Extend content vocabulary
ste	Ask for Signal Responses	Ask for Total Physical	reading.	Passport.	with multiple examples and
<u> </u>	to check comprehension.	Responses from students.		F	non-examples.
	Provide wall charts with	Use 10-2 structures.	Provide Graphic	Require full sentence	* Structure debates
	illustrated academic		Organizers or notes to	responses by asking open	requiring various points of
		Assign roles in group work.	scaffold oral retelling.	ended questions.	view with graphic organizers
	vocabulary.	Use Clock Buddies.		Use Varied Presentation	and/or outlines.
	Ask simple WH (who,	Use Clock Buddles. Use Numbered Heads	Prompt for academic		
	what, when, where), yes-no or		language output.	Formats such as role plays.	Require the use of
B	either-or questions.	Together.	• Use Think-Pair-Share.	* Scaffold oral reports with	academic language.
₩	Elicit *Choral Responses.	• Use *Think-Pair-Share-	Repeat and Expand	note cards and provide time	Require oral reporting for
ea	Encourage participation in	Squared.	student responses in a	for prior practice.	summarizing group work.
Speaking	group chants, poems, and	Develop Key Sentence	*Collaborative Dialogue.	• Use Reader's Theatre to	Include oral presentations
	songs.	Frames for pair interactions.		scaffold oral language growth.	in the content classroom.
	Preview the text content	• Use Card Sorts.	Provide a content	Model the creation of a	Require computer and
	with pictures, demos, charts,	Use K-W-L charts before	vocabulary Word Bank with	Story Map from a narrative.	library research.
	or experiences.	reading.	non-linguistic representations.	 Provide Question Answer 	Ask students to analyze
	Pair students to read one	Use the Language	 Teach skimming for 	Relationship questions for	text structure and select an
	text together.	Experience Approach.	specific information.	student pairs to research.	appropriate Graphic
50	Preview text with a	Provide a list of important	 Use Teach the Text 	 Use Directed Reading 	Organizer for summarizing.
Reading	Picture Walk.	concepts on a graphic	Backwards.	Thinking Activity.	Use *Reciprocal
g	 Use Choral Reading. 	organizer.	 Use 4 to 1 for main ideas 	 Use Cornell Notes. 	Teaching to scaffold
ä	Use *Teacher Read	 Use *Shared Reading 	from text.	 Use *Jigsaw Reading to 	independent reading.
12	Alouds.	and/or simplify the text.	 Use *Guided Reading. 	scaffold independent reading.	
	 Require students to label 	 Teach note taking on a 	 Require Learning Logs 	 Provide Rubrics and 	Require academic writing
	visuals and/or create language	Graphic Organizer.	for summaries of learning.	exemplars to scaffold writing	and the use of target academic
	balloons.	 Use a Roving Chart in 	 Use Text to Graphics and 	assignments.	vocabulary.
	 Require vocabulary 	small group work.	Back Again.	 Teach and utilize the 	 *Teach the process of
	notebooks with L1 translations	 Use Interactive Journals. 	 Teach Signal Words 	writing process.	writing a research paper.
	or non-linguistic	 Use *Think-Write-Pair- 	(comparison, chronology,	 Provide an outline for the 	 Address students' cultures
l g	representations.	Share.	cause -effect, and listing) for	standard five-paragraph essay.	in differing genres of writing.
Ξ	Provide *Key Sentence	Provide Cloze sentences	academic writing.	Provide *Report Frames	Hold frequent writing
Writing	Frames with word and picture	with a Word Bank.	Provide *Cloze paragraphs	for independent, structured,	conferences with teacher and
>	banks.		with a *Word Bank.	content writing.	peers.

*Starred strategies are described in the summary document on the following page, "The Go To Strategies Matrix: Scaffolding Across Language Proficiency Levels."

Levine, L. N., Lukens, L. & Smallwood, B. A., (2013). The GO TO strategies: Scaffolding options for teachers of English language learners, K-12. For Project EXCELL, a partnership between the University of Missouri- Kansas City and North Kansas City Schools, funded by the US Department of Education, PR Number T195N070316.

Scaffolds Support (WIDA)

Sensory	Graphic	
 Real life objects (Realia)/ concrete objects/physical models Manipulative (measurement tools, models, scientific instruments, etc.) Pictures/ photos Visual representations (illustrations, drawings, diagrams, etc.)/ cartoons Videos/ broadcasts/ audio books Newspapers/ magazines Gestures/ physical movement Music/ songs/ chants Posters/ display 	 Charts/ tables Graphs Timelines Number lines Graphic organizers Graphing paper Maps Rubrics Study guides/ guided notes 	
Interactive	Verbal and Textual	
 Whole group Small group Partner (turn-&-talk) Cooperative groups (think-write-pair-share) Triads Interactive websites/ software Mentor/ coach L1 (home or first language) Word-to-word dictionary/ picture dictionary Jigsaw activities 	 Labeling Teacher modeling/ monitoring Repetition Paraphrasing/ summarizing Guiding, clarifying, probing questions Leveled questions (five Ws) Questioning prompts/ cues Word banks/ phrase banks/ word walls Sentence starters/ sentence frames/ discussion frames/ formulaic expressions Cloze paragraphs/ sentences 	

- Talk moves (structured academic conversations: re-voicing/ clarifying, restating, reasoning, adding on, wait time)
- Wait time

Cooperative Learning:

Cooperative learning activities give students opportunities to work in groups and share their knowledge. These learning activities are characterized by three components: positive interdependence, individual accountability, and face-to-face interaction. Cooperative learning helps ELs develop social and oral language skills. It motivates ELs to learn English, which helps them become an integral part of the class community, and it has the ability to help students become more confident in social situations.

Differentiated Instruction:

The ESL curriculum strives to implement differentiated instruction in order to meet the WIDA standards. Students must have access to a variety of scaffolded and leveled materials that enable them to learn the same topics being taught in the mainstream classroom. Texts, computer resources and assessments are modified as needed.

Social Emotional Learning:

Social and emotional learning (SEL) refers to the process by which children and adults acquire and effectively apply the knowledge, attitudes and skills necessary to do the following: understand and manage emotions; set and achieve positive goals; feel and show empathy for others; and make responsible decisions. ESL teachers include SEL practices in everyday learning to include the state competencies and sub-competencies. Students, through SEL, are able to take personal ownership and responsibility for their learning and decisions.



New Jersey Social and Emotional Learning Competencies and Sub-Competencies



Self-Awareness

- Recognize one's feelings and thoughts
- Recognize
 the impact of
 one's feelings and
 thoughts on one's
 own behavior
- Recognize one's personal traits, strengths, and limitations
- Recognize the importance of self-confidence in handling daily tasks and challenges



Self-Management

- Understand and practice strategies for managing one's own emotions, thoughts, and behaviors
- Recognize the skills needed to establish and achieve personal and educational goals
- Identify and apply ways to persevere or overcome barriers through alternative methods to achieve one's goals



Social Awareness

- Recognize and identify the thoughts, feelings, and perspectives of others
- Demonstrate an awareness of the differences among individuals, groups, and others' cultural backgrounds
- Demonstrate an understanding of the need for mutual respect when viewpoints differ
- Demonstrate an awareness of the expectations for social interactions in a variety of settings



Responsible Decision-Making

- Develop, implement, and model effective problem-solving and critical thinking skills
- Identify the consequences associated with one's actions in order to make constructive choices
- Evaluate personal, ethical, safety, and civic impact of decisions



Relationship Skills

- Establish and maintain healthy relationships
- Utilize positive communication and social skills to interact effectively with others
- Identify ways to resist inappropriate social pressure
- Demonstrate the ability to prevent and resolve interpersonal conflicts in constructive ways
- Identify
 who, when, where,
 or how to seek help
 for oneself or others
 when needed

*Adopted by the New Jersey State Board of Education in August 2017

Thematic Approach:

ESL teachers include topics or themes in their lesson planning that incorporate the WIDA standards. Topic or theme-related language and concepts may be spiraled over a period of time, ensuring their conceptualization. Students are continually expected to communicate in all four language domains: listening, speaking, reading and writing.

Reader's Workshop for ELs:

Reader's workshop blends whole group instruction, small needs-based groups, and individual conferring to guide students through the application of basic reading comprehension strategies. Teachers of ELs are familiar with the reader's and writer's workshop. Although setting up a reader's workshop classroom in the ESL classroom may not be feasible, ESL teachers can adapt some of the best practices present within the workshop framework.

These strategies are as follows:

- Determining what is Important Identifying themes and diminishing focus on less important ideas or pieces of information (i.e., ten minute mini-lesson focused on one specific topic or strategy).
- Immediate Application Provide time for students to independently apply the skill of focus from the mini-lesson, at which time the ESL teacher can float among students and provide guidance as needed.
- Small Group Instruction While students work independently, the teacher can work with a small group to re-teach a skill, pre-teach something, reinforce a previous concept, or accelerate learning for students ready to move ahead.
- Immediate Targeted Feedback As students work independently or in small groups, the ESL teacher can provide praise, redirection, or feedback immediately.

Academic Vocabulary	Vocabulary for Vocabulary Strategies	Grammar
 arrange context demonstrate explain fact freedom interpret topic analyze appropriate compare discuss element evaluate fact locate space style 	 Prefixes Suffixes Context clues Word families Latin and root words Synonyms Antonyms Thesaurus Dictionary Category 	 using/identifying nouns and pronouns in the subject and predicate using reflexive/ intensive pronouns using/identifying possessive nouns using/identifying possessive adjective and pronouns using prepositions and prepositional phrases

Unit-Based Vocabulary:

arrest	• rescue	• pollution
assist	 responsibility 	protect
 capture 	reward	reduce
dictator	right	release
• escape	slave	remain
freedom	system	• roam
 government 	travel	scatter
 hopeful 	violent	• space

 journal law leader opinion organize politics protest public 	 advice benefit continue distance environment hunter migrate orbit 	 tale telescope temperature track unit universe vary wasted
 Content Area Vocabulary: Analyze Answer Complete Describe Evaluate Examine 	 Explain Find Graph Investigate Mark Observe 	 Research Resolve Ruler Solve Study Survey

	Scaffolding				
WIDA Can-Dos by MODE:	The state of the s				
Level 1 Entering	The body with the cate of the				
Level 2 Beginning					
Level 3 Developing • Use above link to show the expectations of ELs (CAN DO's) at each level for each mode. Your ELs will be coming in at different levels. Modifications should be made based on the level the WIDA Model screening has indicated. Individualized instruction/differentiated instruction is based on this level.					
 Level 4 Expanding Use above link to show the expectations of ELs (CAN DO's) at each level for mode. Your ELs will be coming in at different levels. Modifications should be based on the level the WIDA Model screening has indicated. Individualized instruction/differentiated instruction is based on this level. 					
Level 5 Bridging	Use above link to show the expectations of ELs (CAN DO's) at each level for each mode. Your ELs will be coming in at different levels. Modifications should be made based on the level the WIDA Model screening has indicated. Individualized instruction/differentiated instruction is based on this level.				

Assessment/Performance Tasks

Performance Tasks:

- WRITING TASK: Students will write an argumentative essay using the writer's process in which they use evidence, counterclaim, and their own thesis statement. They will write about freedom and why it's important.
- CULMINATING PROJECT: Students will create
 a multimedia presentation in which they argue for
 a freedom, right, or initiative that would benefit
 ESL students. They will use what they have
 learned about argumentative writing to create a
 persuasive presentation about something that
 could change to make their acquisition of the
 English language or acculturation easier.

Other Evidence:

- Informal Checks/ for Understanding: Accuracy and thoroughness of student notes, study guides, and graphic organizers will demonstrate informal evidence of concept processing.
- Formative Assessment: Lesson closure will be used to monitor levels of understanding. Student interactive rubrics, reading, and writing conferences will serve as formative assessments.
- Teacher Observation/ Student Discussion:
 Teacher observation of class discussions will
 serve as informal evidence of concept processing
 and the sophistication of skill development.
- Teacher Created Quiz/Test: Formally measured evidence of outcomes and overall progress towards the New Jersey Student Learning Standards will be established via teacher-created quizzes and unit assessments.
- Writing Prompts/Journal Entries: Students will
 produce a series of analytical draft pieces in which
 they compare and contrast multiple texts and/or
 varying sources on the basis of teacher provided
 and/or self-guided prompts.
- Teacher Created Project: Culminating project.
- Homework
- Classwork

Entry Criteria for the ESL Program:

Eligibility for ESL program is based on the results of the following measures:

- WIDA Measure of Developing English Language (WIDA MODEL) assessments are approved by the New Jersey Department of Education and can be administered to screen students who enter the district whose first language is other than English. Students whose score falls below the competent and fluent levels will be placed in an ESL class.
- ACCESS 2.0 test results from the previous school year
- Content area teacher recommendations
- Content area performance and grades
- ESL teacher recommendations
- Participation in an ESL program in another school district
- Arrival to the United States from a country where Standard English is not the first language Monitor
 Criteria for the ESL Program Students who meet the criteria for exit from the ESL program are placed
 on a monitor status for a minimum of two years and offered support with content area classes.
- ESL teachers work with content area teachers to ensure a successful transition from the ESL program. In the event that a teacher wants to recommend re-entry into ESL, that request must be submitted to the district

ESL supervisor for review. Re-entry into ESL can only be granted by the county superintendent.

Exit Criteria for the ESL Program:

- Students enrolled in the ESL Program will be tested annually with the ACCESS 2.0 language proficiency assessment to determine their level of English language proficiency.
- The district goal, as determined by the State, is for all students to show growth of at least one proficiency level.

- Students who score at or above 4.5 are evaluated for exit from the ESL program.
- Furthermore, the WIDA MODEL assessments are used as one criterion upon which a student's exit from the program is based.
- Other criteria are student report cards, scores on the district provided assessments (i.e., STAR, iXL, SUCCESS, ELA benchmark, ACCESS, and teacher recommendation.

State Required Assessment:

- ESL State Assessment: ACCESS- ACCESS for ELLs scores have many potential uses, from determining student placement to guiding the creation of new curricula. Test scores work best as a way to aid decision-making, in cases such as:
 - Establishing when multilingual learners have attained English language proficiency according to state criteria
 - Making decisions about program entry and exit
 - · Informing classroom instruction and assessment
 - Which domains teachers could focus on
 - What the WIDA ELD Standards say about students' current proficiency levels
 - How teachers can scaffold using the next level up
 - Monitoring student progress by comparing current scores to previous scores

District Required Assessments:

- STAR
- IXL
- SUCCESS
- ELA benchmark

Link to NJ Literacy Assessment:

https://www.nj.gov/education/modelcurriculum/ela/6u3.shtml

Username: Model Password: Curriculum

Unit 3 ELA Assessment:

https://www.nj.gov/education/modelcurriculum/assessment/pw/ela/6u3.pdf

Text/Resources:

- Inside, Level A- Cengage National Geographic Series and all digital resources
- Fundamentals Vol.1 & 2/ Inside the U.S.A. (newcomer units)
- Online Resources
- iXL
- StudySync
- Sadlier

Inside Unit 6 Texts:

- Escaping to Freedom by Daniel Schulman
- Brave Butterflies by Susan Blackaby
- Seeking Freedom by Daniel Schulman
- Harriet Tubman: Conductor on the Underground Railroad by Ann Petry
- Extended Reading:
 - The Time Machine by H.G. Wells, adapted by Les Martin
 - Letters from Rifka by Karen Hesse
 - Franklin D. Roosevelt by Laura Hamilton Waxman
 - The Anti-Slavery Movement by Ann M. Rossi

Inside Unit 7 Texts:

- The Earth Under Sky Bear's Feet by Joseph Bruchac
- A Universe of Stars by Ellen Fried
- Not-So-Starry Nights by Sharon Guynup
- John F. Kennedy's Speech on Going to the Moon by John F. Kennedy
- Extended Reading:
 - The War of the Worlds by H.G. Wells, adapted by Mary Ann Evans
 - Stargirl by Jerry Spinelli

- The Man Who Went to the Far Side of the Moon by Bea Uusma Schyffert
- Missions in Space by Stephen Currie

Independent Reading Book Ideas for Students (Lexile Level):

- Chasing Freedom by Nikki Grimes (960L)
- Freedom of Speech by Jenny Mason (1110L)
- North to Freedom by Anne S. Holm (890L)
- Freedom Stone by Jeffrey Kluger (1030L)
- Freedom Riders by Ann Bausum (1090L)
- Freedom Heroines by Frieda Wishinsky (970L)

Interdisciplinary Connections

Mathematics:

Numerical data such as graphs and sequential information provide an opportunity for cross-curricular study. WIDA English Language Proficiency Standard 3- English language learners communicate information, ideas and concepts for academic success in the content area of Mathematics.

Social Studies:

Many of the books within the classroom collection are historical fiction novels, which provide for the opportunity of cross-curricular study.

WIDA English Language Proficiency Standard 5 – English language learners communicate information, ideas and concepts for academic success in the content area of Social Studies.

Science:

Informational reading connected to science content will be made available to help students build background knowledge in specific units (e.g., Survival)

WIDA English Language Proficiency Standard 4 – English language learners communicate information, ideas and concepts for academic success in the content area of Science.

ELA:

This curriculum is designed to supplement and work in partnership with the ELA curriculum.

WIDA English Language Proficiency Standard 2 – English language learners communicate information, ideas and concepts necessary for academic success in the content area of language arts.

ELA Instructional Units: https://www.ni.gov/education/cccs/instructionalunits/ela/

Unit Modifications for Special Population Students

Student assignment in ESL-English classes will be based upon the number of years of middle school English or ESL completed, so the English Language Proficiency levels of students in any class may vary

The Units of Study are organized by theme, so the texts read within each theme can be differentiated by reading level.

Differentiation in materials, assignments, and assessments can be provided (e.g., 99 Ideas and Activities for Teaching English Learners with the SIOP Model)

Advanced	Gifted and Talented EL Guidance link.
Learners	https://www.state.nj.us/education/bilingual/policy/GiftedandTalentedEnglishLanguageLearner
	<u>s.pdf</u>
Struggling	Tiered Systems of Support link:
Learners	https://www.state.nj.us/education/njtss/
English	This entire curriculum is designed for ELLs. Also, review FABRIC
Language	https://www.nj.gov/education/bilingual/pd/fabric/fabric.pdf
Learners	
	English Language Learner Toolkit:
	https://ncela.ed.gov/files/english learner toolkit/OELA 2017 ELsToolkit 508C.pdf
Special	ELLs with Special and Diverse Needs Link:
Needs	https://www.state.nj.us/education/bilingual/resources/ELLSpecialNeed.htm
Learners	

Learners with an IEP

Each special education student has in Individualized Educational Plan (IEP) that details the specific accommodations, modifications, services, and support needed to level the playing field. This will enable that student to access the curriculum to the greatest extent possible in the least restrictive environment. These include:

- Variation of time: adapting the time allotted for learning, task completion, or testing
- Variation of input: adapting the way instruction is delivered
- Variation of output: adapting how a student can respond to instruction
- Variation of size: adapting the number of items the student is expected to complete
- Modifying the content, process or product

Additional resources are outlined to facilitate appropriate behavior and increase student engagement. The most frequently used modifications and accommodations can be viewed here.

Teachers are encouraged to use the Understanding by Design Learning Guidelines (UDL). These guidelines offer a set of concrete suggestions that can be applied to any discipline to ensure that all learners can access and participate in learning opportunities. The framework can be viewed here www.udlguidelines.cast.org

Learners with a 504

Refer to page four in the <u>Parent and Educator Resource Guide to Section 504</u> to assist in the development of appropriate plans.

Unit Modifications for Newcomers				
Unit 3– Argumentative (Inside the U.S.A) Newcomer Supplemental Support				
<u>Vocabulary</u>				
5				
Do you like?				
Yes, I like				
No, I do not like				
What do you like?				
l like				
I do not like				
What is that?				
What are these?				
What are those?				
This is				
That is				
There are				
This is				
Those are				
Language Function				
Express likes and dislikes				
Give information				
Give commands				
Follow commands				
<u>Grammar</u>				
Plurals				
Sentence structure				
Nouns and adjectives				
End punctuation: Period, Exclamation, Question Mark				

	In	iŧ	3	D	roi	Δ	ct
u	,,,	IL	J	ГΙ	U	Œ	Lι

Complete multimedia Argumentative piece

Integration of 21st Century Skills

Indicators:

https://www.state.nj.us/education/aps/cccs/career/curriculum.htm

Review the following standards for expectations by grade 8: https://www.nj.gov/education/cccs/2020/2020%20NJSLS-CLKS.pdf

indicators:

Computers or iPads can be integral in providing ELs with valuable language experiences as they learn a new language. ESL teachers should offer English learners a language-rich environment in which students are constantly engaged in language activities. The computer or iPad can act as a tool to increase verbal exchanges, develop content area vocabulary and improve reading and writing skills. Students should be exposed to language learning software and websites, which may be utilized at home and in school. Interactive whiteboards can also play a major part of hands-on interactive ESL instruction. Interactive whiteboards provide students with visual support that all ESL students need. In addition, they provide a way for teachers to anonymously survey students' understanding of the material being taught.

Technology Connections

- E-textbooks (Classlink)
- Collections (Houghton Mifflin Harcourt)
- Inside (National Geographic Cengage Learning, 2014)
- Microsoft Office, One Note, Schoology, FlipGrid and One Drive will be used to assign tasks, submit work, and provide feedback
- Microsoft Apps will be used to promote collaboration through technology
- Websites
- Online resources will be used to supplement curricular materials.
- Ted Talks will be provided when relevant to curriculum content.
- Immersive Reader will be used to help students build academic vocabulary knowledge.

Unit 4 Title: Education & Growth- Book Club Novel Choice

This unit seeks to build understanding about the transformational potential of education, both formal and informal in America, and the strong connection learning can have on personal and moral growth. Students will learn strategies to help them read core texts that trace the development of a young person, considering the societal factors of the time period and today that influence that growth. Next, students will learn skills to develop a literary analysis with appropriate textual evidence as modelled in a mentor text. In addition, students will learn, recall, and apply new vocabulary using various activities to practice and reinforce skills and strategies. Throughout this unit, independent reading will be encouraged to allow students to build reading stamina, practice grade level skills and strategies, and develop interest and enthusiasm for reading.

In this culminating unit, students will demonstrate mastery of grade-level standards through the selection of independent reading novels and collaborative conversations. A key component of this unit is student voice and choice. The demonstration of mastery can take on many forms including, but not limited to multimedia presentations, essays, pamphlets, artistic representations, games, or other authentic products.

INSIDE: The INSIDE units selected for this unit aim to connect literary analysis by reading various texts. Students will explore various genres through the reading of "creepy classics". Students will also explore various text types through art pieces. Students will be able to discuss how art is a way to express our ideas. Additionally, students will use discussion etiquette in the form of a book club.

Unit Duration: 4th Marking Period (9 weeks-45 days)

Desired Results

Student Learning Objectives & Standard(s):

https://www.state.nj.us/education/modelcurriculum/ela/6u4.pdf

INSIDE Level A	NJ SLS Standards	WIDA Standards
Unit 4- Creepy Classics	L6.1	WIDA ELP Standard 1
	L.6.2.a	WIDA ELP Standard 2
	L.6.3.a	
	L.6.4;b	
	L.6.6	
	RI.6.1	
	RI.6.3	
	RI.6.4	

	RI.6.7 RI.6.10 RL.6.1 RL.6.2 RL.6.3 RL.6.4 RL.6.6 RL.6.7 RL.6.9 RL.6.10 SL.6.1;c;d SL.6.1;c;d SL.6.2 W.6.3.d W.6.9 W.6.10		
	RL.6.7		
Unit 8- Art & Soul	L.6.1;e	WIDA ELP Standard 1	
	L.6.2;a	WIDA ELP Standard 2	
	L.6.3.a		
	L.6.4		
	L.6.5;a;c		
	L.6.6 RI.6.1		
	RI.6.2		
	RI.6.4		
	RI.6.6		
	RI.6.7		
	RI.6.10		
	RL.6.1		
	RL.6.2		
	RL.6.3		
	RL.6.4		
	RL.6.7		
	RL.6.9		
	RL.6.10		
	W.6.3.d		
	W.6.9		
	W.6.10		
Language Objectives:			

<u>Language Objectives:</u>
https://www.state.nj.us/education/modelcurriculum/ela/ellscaffolding/6u4.pdf

			T
Listening Skills	Speaking Skills	Reading Skills	Writing Skills
- Listening Skills - Listening and responding to discussion within the classroom - Adhering to teacher directions - Using podcasts as a source of information - Listen to the ideas of others to respond	- Making connections to	 Making inferences Closely reading Determining theme Summarizing texts Identify plot and characters Distinguishing between essential and nonessential elements of a text Determining figurative, connotative, and technical meanings of words in a text Analyze how key 	 Citing textual evidence Making connections to text Using appropriate tone when writing Compiling references Writing persuasive journal entries Writing pronouns in the proper case and gender Write using proper punctuations and conventions of standard English Conduct short research
		individuals, events, or	projects to answer a

ideas are developed in the text several sources and refocusing the inquiry sentence, chapter, scene, or stanza fits into the overall structure of a text and contributes to the development of the theme, setting, or plot	
--	--

WIDA Can-Do Descriptors:

https://wida.wisc.edu/sites/default/files/resource/CanDo-KeyUses-Gr-6-8.pdf

Essential Questions/Critical Understandings:

- How can a powerful character inspire a range of reactions?
- How do different types of books relate to each other?
- How do author's viewpoints influence the way we understand a text?
- How do character's viewpoints impact the story?
- What is the best way to have an effective discussion?
- How do others' ideas influence our own?
- Why is education important?
- How does education effect our lives?

Essential Skills:

- Identify cause and effect
- Analyze characters' viewpoints
- Analyze author's viewpoints
- Analyze argument and evidence
- Identify and use:
 - o adverbs (comparison)
 - adjectives (predicate, indefinite, comparative, superlative, irregular)
 - o appositives
- Summarize texts
- Compare and contrast various texts and information
- Express opinions
- Discuss and listen to others' ideas

Learning/Instructional Strategies

Using this curriculum guide as a foundation, the ESL teacher, in the role of decision maker, selects the specific method or technique best suited to reach a particular objective. The teacher uses an eclectic approach, drawing upon his or her experience and knowledge of teaching and learning while responding to the English proficiency level of each student and his/her immediate social and academic needs. ESL teachers are sensitive to the differences between what the students are taught and what the students bring to class, so lessons and teaching methods are student-centered, based on each student's individual English language needs. Instruction of ELs may include any or all of the following:

Sheltered English Instruction (SEI):

"Sheltered English Instruction (SEI) is a planning process that helps teachers provide English learners with grade-level content instruction by adapting lesson activities to the English proficiency level of individual students" (NJDOE). Through the use of SEI, English learners can be integrated into classrooms with their English-speaking peers and work toward meeting expectations outlined in the New Jersey Student Learning Standards and Next Generation Science Standards.

SEI promotes the use of clear, direct, and easy-to-understand language and a wide range of scaffolding strategies to communicate understanding of content in mathematics, science, social studies, and language arts to students. SEI activities require teachers to analyze lesson content to determine the academic language that must be taught to make content accessible for ELs. SEI methods require teachers to build background knowledge, connect new content to students' prior knowledge, provide time for interaction and collaboration among students, integrate explicit language and vocabulary instruction relevant to content learning, and emphasize the use of many types of instructional strategies including cooperative learning, differentiated instruction, and thematic study.

The GO TO Strategies Matrix:

http://newsmanager.com/partners.com/tesolc/downloads/features/2017/Ancillary%20Docs/2017-01 GO%20TO%20Matrix.pdf

	The GO TO Strategies Matrix: Scaffolding Options for Teachers of English Language Learners, K-12					
	- I	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Level 4	Level 5
		Entering	Emerging	Developing	Expanding	Bridging
		 Use physical gestures to 	Give two step	· Provide graphics or objects	Compare/contrast	Outline lectures on the
		accompany oral directives.	Contextualized directions.	to sequence steps in a process.	relationships from auditory	SmartBoard.
		 Modify *Teacher Talk. 	Restate/rephrase and use	Check Comprehension of	information using a Venn	 Use *Video Observation
		 Label visuals and objects 	*Patterned Oral Language	all students frequently.	Diagram.	Guides.
١,	.	with target vocabulary.	routines.	· Use *Wait Time.	Require students to restate	Confirm students' prior
	Ĩ I	 Introduce Cognates to aid 	Model Academic	Provide Anticipation	and rephrase from auditory	knowledge of content topics.
8	5	comprehension.	Language and vocabulary.	Guides for previewing content	input as in *Paraphrase	Extend content vocabulary
Lietonina	2	 Åsk for Signal Responses 	Ask for Total Physical	reading.	Passport.	with multiple examples and
-	3	to check comprehension.	Responses from students.	J		non-examples.
		Provide wall charts with	Use 10-2 structures.	Provide Graphic	Require full sentence	* Structure debates
		illustrated academic	Assign roles in group	Organizers or notes to	responses by asking open	requiring various points of
		vocabulary.	work.	scaffold oral retelling.	ended questions.	view with graphic organizers
		Ask simple WH (who,	Use Clock Buddies.	Prompt for academic	Use Varied Presentation	and/or outlines.
		what, when, where), yes-no or	Use Numbered Heads	language output.	Formats such as role plays.	Require the use of
١.	.	either-or questions.	Together.	Use Think-Pair-Share.	* Scaffold oral reports with	academic language.
Snooling	" ∣	Elicit *Choral Responses.	Use *Think-Pair-Share-	Repeat and Expand	note cards and provide time	Require oral reporting for
1 2	3	Encourage participation in	Squared.	student responses in a	for prior practice.	summarizing group work.
1 3	2	group chants, poems, and	Develop Key Sentence	*Collaborative Dialogue.	Use Reader's Theatre to	Include oral presentations
Ú	2	songs.	Frames for pair interactions.	Conaborative Dialogue.	scaffold oral language growth.	in the content classroom.
		Preview the text content	Use Card Sorts.	Provide a content	Model the creation of a	Require computer and
		with pictures, demos, charts,	Use K-W-L charts before	vocabulary Word Bank with	Story Map from a narrative.	library research.
		or experiences.	reading.	non-linguistic representations.	Provide Question Answer	Ask students to analyze
		Pair students to read one	Use the Language	Teach skimming for	Relationship questions for	text structure and select an
		text together.	Experience Approach.	specific information.	student pairs to research.	appropriate Graphic
		Preview text with a	Provide a list of important	Use Teach the Text	Use Directed Reading	Organizer for summarizing.
5	- P	Picture Walk.	concepts on a graphic	Backwards.	Thinking Activity.	Use *Reciprocal
Dooding	3 ∣	· Use Choral Reading.	organizer.	Use 4 to 1 for main ideas	· Use Cornell Notes.	Teaching to scaffold
9	2	· Use *Teacher Read	Use *Shared Reading	from text.	Use *Jigsaw Reading to	independent reading.
٥	4	Alouds.	and/or simplify the text.	Use *Guided Reading.	scaffold independent reading.	macpendent reading.
		Require students to label	Teach note taking on a	Require Learning Logs	Provide Rubrics and	Require academic writing
		visuals and/or create language	Graphic Organizer.	for summaries of learning.	exemplars to scaffold writing	and the use of target academic
		balloons.	Use a Roving Chart in	· Use Text to Graphics and	assignments.	vocabulary.
		 Require vocabulary 	small group work.	Back Again.	Teach and utilize the	*Teach the process of
		notebooks with L1 translations	Use Interactive Journals.	Teach Signal Words	writing process.	writing a research paper.
		or non-linguistic	· Use *Think-Write-Pair-	(comparison, chronology,	Provide an outline for the	Address students' cultures
5	0.0	representations.	Share.	cause -effect, and listing) for	standard five-paragraph essay.	in differing genres of writing.
1	3	Provide *Kev Sentence	Provide Cloze sentences	academic writing.	Provide *Report Frames	Hold frequent writing
1	Writing	Frames with word and picture	with a Word Bank.	Provide *Cloze paragraphs	for independent, structured,	conferences with teacher and
5	-	banks.		with a *Word Bank.	content writing.	peers.

^{*}Starred strategies are described in the summary document on the following page, "The Go To Strategies Matrix: Scaffolding Across Language Proficiency Levels."

Levine, L. N., Lukens, L. & Smallwood, B. A., (2013). The GO TO strategies: Scaffolding options for teachers of English language learners, K-12. For Project EXCELL, a partnership between the University of Missouri- Kansas City and North Kansas City Schools, funded by the US Department of Education, PR Number T195N070316.

Scaffolds Support (WIDA)
Sensory

Sensory	Graphic
 Real life objects (Realia)/ concrete objects/physical models Manipulative (measurement tools, models, scientific instruments, etc.) Pictures/ photos Visual representations (illustrations, drawings, diagrams, etc.)/ cartoons Videos/ broadcasts/ audio books Newspapers/ magazines Gestures/ physical movement Music/ songs/ chants Posters/ display 	 Charts/ tables Graphs Timelines Number lines Graphic organizers Graphing paper Maps Rubrics Study guides/ guided notes
Interactive	Verbal and Textual
 Whole group Small group Partner (turn-&-talk) Cooperative groups (think-write-pair-share) Triads Interactive websites/ software Mentor/ coach L1 (home or first language) Word-to-word dictionary/ picture dictionary Jigsaw activities 	 Labeling Teacher modeling/ monitoring Repetition Paraphrasing/ summarizing Guiding, clarifying, probing questions Leveled questions (five Ws) Questioning prompts/ cues Word banks/ phrase banks/ word walls Sentence starters/ sentence frames/ discussion frames/ formulaic expressions Cloze paragraphs/ sentences Talk moves (structured academic conversations: re-voicing/ clarifying, restating, reasoning, adding on, wait time) Wait time

Cooperative Learning:

Cooperative learning activities give students opportunities to work in groups and share their knowledge. These learning activities are characterized by three components: positive interdependence, individual accountability, and face-to-face interaction. Cooperative learning helps ELs develop social and oral language skills. It motivates ELs to learn English, which helps them become an integral part of the class community, and it has the ability to help students become more confident in social situations.

Differentiated Instruction:

The ESL curriculum strives to implement differentiated instruction in order to meet the WIDA standards. Students must have access to a variety of scaffolded and leveled materials that enable them to learn the same topics being taught in the mainstream classroom. Texts, computer resources and assessments are modified as needed.

Social Emotional Learning:

Social and emotional learning (SEL) refers to the process by which children and adults acquire and effectively apply the knowledge, attitudes and skills necessary to do the following: understand and manage emotions; set and achieve positive goals; feel and show empathy for others; and make responsible decisions. ESL teachers include SEL practices in everyday learning to include the state competencies and sub-competencies. Students, through SEL, are able to take personal ownership and responsibility for their learning and decisions.



New Jersey Social and Emotional Learning Competencies and Sub-Competencies



Awareness

- Recognize one's feelings and thoughts
- Recognize the impact of one's feelings and thoughts on one's own behavior
- Recognize one's personal traits, strengths, and limitations
- Recognize
 the importance
 of self-confidence
 in handling daily
 tasks and
 challenges



Management

- Understand and practice strategies for managing one's own emotions, thoughts, and behaviors
- Recognize
 the skills needed
 to establish and
 achieve personal
 and educational
 goals
- Identify and apply ways to persevere or overcome barriers through alternative methods to achieve one's goals



Social Awareness

- Recognize and identify the thoughts, feelings, and perspectives of others
- Demonstrate an awareness of the differences among individuals, groups, and others' cultural backgrounds
- Demonstrate an understanding of the need for mutual respect when viewpoints differ
- Demonstrate an awareness of the expectations for social interactions in a variety of settings



Responsible Decision-Making

- Develop, implement, and model effective problem-solving and critical thinking skills
- Identify
 the consequences
 associated with one's
 actions in order to
 make constructive
 choices
- Evaluate
 personal, ethical,
 safety, and civic
 impact of decisions



Relationship Skills

- Establish and maintain healthy relationships
- Utilize positive communication and social skills to interact effectively with others
- Identify ways to resist inappropriate social pressure
- Demonstrate the ability to prevent and resolve interpersonal conflicts in constructive ways
- Identify who, when, where, or how to seek help for oneself or others when needed

*Adopted by the New Jersey State Board of Education in August 2017

Thematic Approach:

ESL teachers include topics or themes in their lesson planning that incorporate the WIDA standards. Topic or theme-related language and concepts may be spiraled over a period of time, ensuring their conceptualization.

Students are continually expected to communicate in all four language domains: listening, speaking, reading and writing.

Reader's Workshop for ELs:

Reader's workshop blends whole group instruction, small needs-based groups, and individual conferring to guide students through the application of basic reading comprehension strategies. Teachers of ELs are familiar with the reader's and writer's workshop. Although setting up a reader's workshop classroom in the ESL classroom may not be feasible, ESL teachers can adapt some of the best practices present within the workshop framework.

These strategies are as follows:

- Determining what is Important Identifying themes and diminishing focus on less important ideas or pieces of information (i.e., ten minute mini-lesson focused on one specific topic or strategy).
- Immediate Application Provide time for students to independently apply the skill of focus from the mini-lesson, at which time the ESL teacher can float among students and provide guidance as needed.
- Small Group Instruction While students work independently, the teacher can work with a small group to re-teach a skill, pre-teach something, reinforce a previous concept, or accelerate learning for students ready to move ahead.
- Immediate Targeted Feedback As students work independently or in small groups, the ESL teacher can provide praise, redirection, or feedback immediately.

Academic Vocabulary	Vocabulary for Vocabulary Strategies	Grammar
 classic element identify locate relate specific structure theme belief communicate compare identify interpret report select series 	 Prefixes Suffixes Context clues Word families Latin and root words Synonyms Antonyms Thesaurus Dictionary Category 	 complex sentences compound and complex sentences using/identifying adjectives, adverbs, and participles using appositives using completed sentences

Unit-Based Vocabulary:

• actor	mascot	costume
amazed	offstage	decorate
• apply	original	design
• audience	• process	• drift
character	response	• droop
• classic	scientist	impressed
commercial	successful	instrument
create	terror	mask
creature	approve	perform
destroy	belief	preserve
disappear	• career	proud
• evil	• carve	• roots
experiment	collect	struggle

fascinated	competition	support
hideous	• complain	• useless
● lonely	• concert	whisper
Content Area Vocabulary • Analyze	<u>•</u> Explain	Research
Answer	• Find	Resolve
Complete	Graph	Ruler
Describe	 Investigate 	Solve
Evaluate	Mark	Study
Examine	Observe	 Survey

Scaffolding			
WIDA Can-Dos by MODE:	https://wida.wisc.edu/sites/default/files/resource/CanDo-KeyUses-Gr-6-8.pdf		
Level 1 Entering	https://www.state.nj.us/education/modelcurriculum/ela/ellscaffolding/6u4.pdf		
Level 2 Beginning	Use above link to show the expectations of ELs (CAN DO's) at each level for each mode. Your ELs will be coming in at different levels. Modifications should be made based on the level the WIDA Model screening has indicated. Individualized instruction/differentiated instruction is based on this level.		
Level 3 Developing	Use above link to show the expectations of ELs (CAN DO's) at each level for each mode. Your ELs will be coming in at different levels. Modifications should be made based on the level the WIDA Model screening has indicated. Individualized instruction/differentiated instruction is based on this level.		
Level 4 Expanding	Use above link to show the expectations of ELs (CAN DO's) at each level for each mode. Your ELs will be coming in at different levels. Modifications should be made based on the level the WIDA Model screening has indicated. Individualized instruction/differentiated instruction is based on this level.		
Level 5 Bridging	Use above link to show the expectations of ELs (CAN DO's) at each level for each mode. Your ELs will be coming in at different levels. Modifications should be made based on the level the WIDA Model screening has indicated. Individualized instruction/differentiated instruction is based on this level.		

Assessment/Performance Tasks

Performance Tasks:

- WRITING TASK: Students will write a book report on the book of their choosing.
- CULMINATING PROJECT: Students will complete multimedia presentation about their independent reading book in the form of a pamphlet. These pamphlets will be shared with the IMC for other students to read and decide if they would like to read the book. They will use the skills learned throughout the year to identify features of the book to convince another student to read it.

The ACCESS 2.0 will be given to all ELs in March/April as part of the State requirement.

 All teachers will be completing their end-of-year portfolios/exit recommendations in consult with the regular education teachers. ESSA forms will be submitted to Central Administration

Other Evidence:

- Informal Checks/ for Understanding: Accuracy and thoroughness of student notes, study guides, and graphic organizers will demonstrate informal evidence of concept processing.
- Formative Assessment: Lesson closure will be used to monitor levels of understanding. Student interactive rubrics, reading, and writing conferences will serve as formative assessments.
- Teacher Observation/ Student Discussion: Teacher observation of class discussions will serve as informal evidence of concept processing and the sophistication of skill development.
- Teacher Created Quiz/Test: Formally measured evidence of outcomes and overall progress towards the New Jersey Student Learning Standards will be established via teacher-created quizzes and unit assessments.
- Writing Prompts/Journal Entries: Students will
 produce a series of analytical draft pieces in which
 they compare and contrast multiple texts and/or
 varying sources on the basis of teacher provided
 and/or self-guided prompts.
- Teacher Created Project: Culminating project.
- Homework
- Classwork

Entry Criteria for the ESL Program:

Eligibility for ESL program is based on the results of the following measures:

- WIDA Measure of Developing English Language (WIDA MODEL) assessments are approved by the New Jersey Department of Education and can be administered to screen students who enter the district whose first language is other than English. Students whose score falls below the competent and fluent levels will be placed in an ESL class.
- ACCESS 2.0 test results from the previous school year
- Content area teacher recommendations
- Content area performance and grades
- ESL teacher recommendations
- Participation in an ESL program in another school district
- Arrival to the United States from a country where Standard English is not the first language Monitor
 Criteria for the ESL Program Students who meet the criteria for exit from the ESL program are placed
 on a monitor status for a minimum of two years and offered support with content area classes.
- ESL teachers work with content area teachers to ensure a successful transition from the ESL program. In the event that a teacher wants to recommend re-entry into ESL, that request must be submitted to the district

ESL supervisor for review. Re-entry into ESL can only be granted by the county superintendent.

Exit Criteria for the ESL Program:

- Students enrolled in the ESL Program will be tested annually with the ACCESS 2.0 language proficiency assessment to determine their level of English language proficiency.
- The district goal, as determined by the State, is for all students to show growth of at least one proficiency level.

- Students who score at or above 4.5 are evaluated for exit from the ESL program.
- Furthermore, the WIDA MODEL assessments are used as one criterion upon which a student's exit from the program is based.
- Other criteria are student report cards, scores on the district provided assessments (i.e., STAR, iXL, SUCCESS, ELA benchmark, ACCESS, and teacher recommendation.

State Required Assessment:

- ESL State Assessment: ACCESS- ACCESS for ELLs scores have many potential uses, from determining student placement to guiding the creation of new curricula. Test scores work best as a way to aid decision-making, in cases such as:
 - Establishing when multilingual learners have attained English language proficiency according to state criteria
 - Making decisions about program entry and exit
 - · Informing classroom instruction and assessment
 - Which domains teachers could focus on
 - What the WIDA ELD Standards say about students' current proficiency levels
 - How teachers can scaffold using the next level up
 - Monitoring student progress by comparing current scores to previous scores

District Required Assessments:

- STAR
- IXL
- SUCCESS
- ELA benchmark

Link to NJ Literacy Assessment:

https://www.nj.gov/education/modelcurriculum/ela/6u4.shtml

Username: Model Password: Curriculum

Unit 4 ELA Assessment:

https://www.nj.gov/education/modelcurriculum/assessment/pw/ela/6u4.pdf

Text/Resources:

- Inside, Level A- Cengage National Geographic Series and all digital resources
- Fundamentals Vol.1 & 2/ Inside the U.S.A. (newcomer units)
- Online Resources
- iXL
- StudySync
- Sadlier

Inside Unit 4 Texts:

- Frankenstein by Mary Shelley
- Film Fright by Greg Roza
- Mister Monster by Shirleyann Costigan
- from Frankenstein by Mary Shelley
- Extended Reading:
 - Frankenstein by Mary Shelley, adapted by Larry Weinberg
 - The Metamorphosis by Franz Kafka, adapted by Peter Kuper
 - Othello by Julius Lester
 - Peering into Darkness by Rebecca L. Johnson

Inside Unit 8 Texts:

- Old Music Finds New Voices by Kris Axtman
- Making Faces by Ronald Naverson
- Wings by Christopher Myers
- Pas de Trois by Sandy Asher
- Extended Reading:
 - WJHC on the Air! by Jane Smith Fisher
 - When Marian Sang by Pam Muñoz Ryan

- Sadako and the Thousand Paper Cranes by Eleanor Coerr
- Johan Reinhard: Discovering Ancient Civilizations by Rebecca L. Johnson

Book Club Book Ideas for Students from ELA Curriculum:

- Fuzzy Mud by Louis Sachar
- Restart by Gordon Korman
- Stargirl by Jerry Spinelli
- Ungifted by Gordon Korman
- A Wrinkle in Time by Madeline L'Engle
- Maniac Magee by Jerry Spinelli
- Shakespeare's Secret by Elise Broach

Interdisciplinary Connections

Mathematics:

Numerical data such as graphs and sequential information provide an opportunity for cross-curricular study. WIDA English Language Proficiency Standard 3- English language learners communicate information, ideas and concepts for academic success in the content area of Mathematics.

Social Studies:

Many of the books within the classroom collection are historical fiction novels, which provide for the opportunity of cross-curricular study.

WIDA English Language Proficiency Standard 5 – English language learners communicate information, ideas and concepts for academic success in the content area of Social Studies.

Science:

Informational reading connected to science content will be made available to help students build background knowledge in specific units (e.g., Survival)

WIDA English Language Proficiency Standard 4 – English language learners communicate information, ideas and concepts for academic success in the content area of Science.

ELA:

This curriculum is designed to supplement and work in partnership with the ELA curriculum.

WIDA English Language Proficiency Standard 2 – English language learners communicate information, ideas and concepts necessary for academic success in the content area of language arts.

ELA Instructional Units: https://www.nj.gov/education/cccs/instructionalunits/ela/

Unit Modifications for Special Population Students

Student assignment in ESL-English classes will be based upon the number of years of middle school English or ESL completed, so the English Language Proficiency levels of students in any class may vary

The Units of Study are organized by theme, so the texts read within each theme can be differentiated by reading level.

Differentiation in materials, assignments, and assessments can be provided (e.g., 99 Ideas and Activities for Teaching English Learners with the SIOP Model)

Advanced	Gifted and Talented EL Guidance link.
Learners	https://www.state.nj.us/education/bilingual/policy/GiftedandTalentedEnglishLanguageLearner
	s.pdf
Struggling	Tiered Systems of Support link:
Learners	https://www.state.nj.us/education/njtss/
English	This entire curriculum is designed for ELLs. Also, review FABRIC
Language	https://www.nj.gov/education/bilingual/pd/fabric/fabric.pdf
Learners	
	English Language Learner Toolkit:
	https://ncela.ed.gov/files/english learner toolkit/OELA 2017 ELsToolkit 508C.pdf
Special	ELLs with Special and Diverse Needs Link:
Needs	https://www.state.nj.us/education/bilingual/resources/ELLSpecialNeed.htm
Learners	
Learners	Each special education student has in Individualized Educational Plan (IEP) that details the
with an IEP	specific accommodations, modifications, services, and support needed to level the playing
	field. This will enable that student to access the curriculum to the greatest extent possible in the least restrictive environment. These include:
	 Variation of time: adapting the time allotted for learning, task completion, or testing
	Variation of input: adapting the way instruction is delivered
	 Variation of output: adapting how a student can respond to instruction
	 Variation of size: adapting the number of items the student is expected to complete
	Modifying the content, process or product
	Additional resources are outlined to facilitate appropriate behavior and increase student
	engagement. The most frequently used modifications and accommodations can be viewed
	<u>here</u> .
	Teachers are encouraged to use the Understanding by Design Learning Guidelines (UDL).
	These guidelines offer a set of concrete suggestions that can be applied to any discipline to
	ensure that all learners can access and participate in learning opportunities. The framework
	can be viewed here www.udlquidelines.cast.org
Learners	Refer to page four in the Parent and Educator Resource Guide to Section 504 to assist in the
with a 504	development of appropriate plans.

Unit Modifications for Newcomers

Unit 4- Book Club/ Literary Analysis	
Vocabulary	_
What is the title?	
Who is the author?	
Who is the publisher?	
What is the title of chapter ?	
I can find out from .	
I look at the to find out .	

Textbook Sign Poster Announcement Letter **Bulletin** board Stamp Envelope Encyclopedia Dictionary Title Magazine **Author Publisher** Chapter title Page number CD and DVD drive Computer Mouse Shift Space Keyboard Delete Enter Screen Monitor Icon Printer Disk drive Camera Cell phones Copier Laptop computer Music player Television Video camera Call Give Listen Make Play Print Take Turn on Turn off Write **Language Function** Give and follow commands

Express ideas

<u>Grammar</u>

Sentences and Commands

End punctuations: Period and Exclamation Mark

Describe a book

Discuss parts of a book

Unit 4 Project

Write a summary about a book and/or do "a beautiful word project"

Integration of 21st Century Skills

Indicators:

https://www.state.nj.us/education/aps/cccs/career/curriculum.htm

Review the following standards for expectations by grade 8: https://www.nj.gov/education/cccs/2020/2020%20NJSLS-CLKS.pdf

Indicators:

Computers or iPads can be integral in providing ELs with valuable language experiences as they learn a new language. ESL teachers should offer English learners a language-rich environment in which students are constantly engaged in language activities. The computer or iPad can act as a tool to increase verbal exchanges, develop content area vocabulary and improve reading and writing skills. Students should be exposed to language learning software and websites, which may be utilized at home and in school. Interactive whiteboards can also play a major part of hands-on interactive ESL instruction. Interactive whiteboards provide students with visual support that all ESL students need. In addition, they provide a way for teachers to anonymously survey students' understanding of the material being taught.

Technology Connections

- E-textbooks (Classlink)
- Collections (Houghton Mifflin Harcourt)
- Inside (National Geographic Cengage Learning, 2014)
- Microsoft Office, One Note, Schoology, FlipGrid and One Drive will be used to assign tasks, submit work, and provide feedback
- Microsoft Apps will be used to promote collaboration through technology
- Websites
- Online resources will be used to supplement curricular materials.
- Ted Talks will be provided when relevant to curriculum content.
- Immersive Reader will be used to help students build academic vocabulary knowledge.