

Washington Township School District

The mission of the Washington Township Public Schools is to provide a safe, positive, and progressive educational environment that provides opportunity for all students to attain the knowledge and skills specified in the NJ Learning Standards at all grade levels, so as to ensure their full participation in an ever-changing world as responsible, self-directed and civic-minded citizens.

Course Title:	English as a Second Language
Grade Level(s):	7 th Grade ESL

Duration:	Full Year:	Х	Semester:		Marking Period:	
Course Description:	The English as a Second Language program is designed to improve the receptive and expressive English communication skills of the English learners of Washington Township High School. Since we welcome students from a wide variety of nations with varying degrees of English proficiency instruction is individualized and always encompasses aural comprehension, verbal communication, reading, writing and American culture. The English as a Second Language 7th Grade Course of Study was developed as a resource to meet the individual needs of the ELs in all four-language domains with a foundation in the content areas. It is a comprehensive standards-based English as a Second Language curriculum that balances the language of Social and Instructional Language, the language of Language Arts and Literacy, the language of Science, and the language of Social Studies. The 21 st Century skills and Web 2.0 tools are incorporated to ensure greater engagement of the students with the reading selections and activities. Drawing from a bank of informational texts, as well as classic and contemporary literature, students will acquire a wealth of new vocabulary through key words, academic words, and literary words. Explicit instruction in reading strategies will foster reading comprehension skills. Attention to grammar points and the writing process complete the plan and the comprehensive scope of the integrated curriculum. Student progress will be monitored through teacher observation, written assessments, student proficiency guidelines.					
	 All ESL students will: Listen and gain meaning from spoken English from a variety of sources including but not limited to the teacher, classmates, guest speakers, audio recordings, audiovisual presentations, and songs. Speak to express their opinion, share information, question and discuss in person and in recorded situations. Read and gain meaning from all types of written English including but not limited to fiction, nonfiction, essays, poetry, newspaper and magazine articles, editorials, short stories, novels, resource materials and Internet articles. Write to express their opinion, share information, persuade, question and record their memories and thoughts via bandwriting and word processing on the computer. 					
Grading Procedures:	 their memories and thoughts via handwriting and word processing on the computer. English Learners (EL) have special language acquisition needs which must be addressed through core content instruction as well as instruction in the English as a Second Language (ESL) classroom. To facilitate academic success and development of positive self worth, English Learners shall be entitled to modifications in content and grading as outlined in the following guidelines and in coordination among the English Learner's ESL teacher and his regular classroom teacher(s). Upon an EL's entry into the Washington Township Public Schools, the student will immediately be assessed by the appropriate ESL teacher, who will employ the World Class Instructional Design and Assessment – WIDA Model). Based on the student's 					

performance on the WIDA Model), as well as the student's academic performance, reading level in English, NJ State Assessment and/or standardized test results in English, teacher recommendation, and interview with one of our English as a Second Language (ESL) teachers, the student's eligibility to receive instruction in our district's English Language Learner (ELL) program will be determined. The goal of the ESL program is to help children learn English and meet age-appropriate academic standards.

- Based on the student's WIDA Model score as well as his/her previous school record, length of time in the United States, and family dynamics, the ESL teacher, the school principal (or his designee) and, if applicable, the student's guidance counselor, will confer with the student's parent(s) to determine the appropriate grade placement and course schedule. In regard to grade placement, it is also imperative that the calendar year of the EL entrant's previous school be considered, since not all school's follow a September to June calendar. In addition, within the first month of arrival or school year, the content teachers, ESL teacher, guidance counselor and CST member (if applicable) will meet to review the education plan of the EL and the WIDA proficiency levels along with the Can Do descriptors and necessary modifications. (Appendix A)
- Based on the student's performance on the WIDA Model, the ESL teacher will develop a list of instructional accommodations for implementation by the EL's regular education teacher(s). The ESL teacher will communicate this information in writing and also through an initial meeting with the EL's regular education teacher(s) and guidance counselor.
- Recognizing that English Learners are continually developing English proficiency, ESL students may be considered for enrichment if their academic performance indicates successful participation.
- So that we may best address the individual needs of each English Learner, the practices outlined above are intentionally flexible, with the ultimate goals being facilitation of the English Learner's positive self-worth and promotion of English language development as well as understanding of specific subject matter content.
- It is very likely that a student may need modified grading for CORE subjects, such as language arts, math, science, technology education, health or social studies, but not for others, such as art, music or physical education depending on the required reading and writing activities as outlined by the NJSLS.
- At least once per marking period, the EL's regular education teacher(s) and his ESL teacher shall communicate in writing (and as much as practicable, in person) in regard to the student's progress toward English language proficiency and understanding of core subject content. Based on those assessments, the teachers may alter the modifications applicable to the specific EL student.
- Along with the issuance of a traditional school-issued report card, each EL and his parent(s) shall have complete access to ESL grades on PowerSchool to view student progress in the ESL classroom.
- If an EL is capable of earning a "C" or better on our traditional grading scales with prescribed ESL modifications, then the earned letter grade(s) should be issued to the EL. Otherwise, an EL should be issued a passing grade of "P" (instead of a "D") if he demonstrates basic understanding of the subject matter, even if his ability to express his understanding in clear and accurate English is limited. If the student's limited English proficiency prevents even basic understanding of subject matter, then the student shall be issued a grade of "LB," representing "language barrier."
- While a grade of "LB" (Language barrier) may be issued during any quarter, it may only be used as a final grade at the elementary and middle school levels.

	 Whenever an EL's regular education classroom progress is congruent with his level of English language proficiency, he may not be issued a failing grade. In other words, if an EL is sincerely trying his best, then he should not be issued a failing grade.
	 At the same time, an EL who intentionally puts forth no effort may be issued a grade of "F," but only after consultation among the student's ESL and regular education teacher(s) as well as his parent, the school principal (or his designee) and, if applicable the student's guidance counselor. Documentation must be provided that lack of language proficiency is not the cause of the EL's academic failure. In effect, an EL should not be issued a failing grade solely on the basis of lack of language proficiency.
	 In general, an EL's promotion from one grade to the next shall be contingent upon the same promotion guidelines set for by the Board of Education for promotion of regular education students. However, the EL's building principal, ESL teacher, and guidance counselor, if applicable, will also confer with the student's parent(s) to review and consider the student's academic progress and level of language acquisition over the course of the school year.
Primary Resources:	 Inside, Level B- Cengage National Geographic Series and all digital resources Online Resources iXL StudySync Sadlier

Washington Township Principles for Effective Teaching and Learning

- Implementing a standards-based curriculum
- Facilitating a learner-centered environment
- Using academic target language and providing comprehensible instruction
- Adapting and using age-appropriate authentic materials
- Providing performance-based assessment experiences
- Infusing 21st century skills for College and Career Readiness in a global society

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Under the Direction of:	Rosemarie Armstrong, Supervisor of World Languages & ESL, K-12	
	Written: Summer 2020	
	Revised:	
BOI	E Approval:	

Unit 1 Title: Personal Identity- Narrative Writing- Class Novel

Unit Description:

Students will be able to explain what is involved in personal identity. They will read various autobiographical and biographical texts to determine components of personal identity. Students will also use what they learn from identifying a personal identity to determine their own personal identity. They will use their personal identity to create a personal narrative based on their experiences.

By the end of this unit, students will be able to determine a theme or central idea of a text; analyze its development over the course of the text, and use text support to evaluate characterization, theme, point of view, and plot development. Students will use these skills to produce clear and coherent narratives, developing real or imagined experiences and/or events while using effective techniques, relevant descriptive details, and well-structured event sequences.

This unit seeks to emphasize the importance of the ability to tell one's own story and hear and honor the stories of others. The students will recognize the vast similarities across societies and cultures and the importance they hold in validating shared experiences. Students will also hear the personal stories of individuals, understanding the defining and transformative effect their own experiences have had on them and their worldview. The students will explore the mode of narrative writing. The students will write their own narrative, choosing to focus on a large or small moment in their own lives or continuing the narrative of an individual read in class. In addition, students will learn, recall, and apply new vocabulary using various activities to practice and reinforce skills and strategies. Throughout this unit, independent reading will be encouraged to allow students to build reading stamina, practice grade level skills and strategies, and develop interest and enthusiasm for reading.

INSIDE: The INSIDE units selected for this unit aim to connect personal identity to talents and hobbies. Students will learn about how their talents and strengths add to their personal identity. They will also address how hobbies play a role in their identity.

Unit Duration: 1 st Marking Period (9 weeks-45 days)				
Desired Results				
Student Learning Objectives	& Standard(s):			
https://www.state.nj.us/educati	on/modelcurriculum/ela/7u1.pdf			
INSIDE Level B	NJ SLS Standards	WIDA Standards		
Unit 2- Play to Your Strengths	L.7.1	WIDA ELP Standard 1		
	L.7.2;b	WIDA ELP Standard 2		
	L.7.3.a			
	L.7.4.c			
	L.7.5;b;c			
	L.7.6			
RI.7.7				
RL.7.1				
	RL.7.2			
	RL.7.3			
	RL.7.4			
RL.7.5 RL7.6				
	RL.7.7			
	RL.7.10			
	SL.7.1;b;c SL.7.2			
	W.7.3.d			
	W.7.9			
	W.7.10			
		WIDA ELP Standard 1		
	L.7.1.a;b;c	WIDA ELP Standard 1 WIDA ELP Standard 2		
	L.7.4;a;c;d			

Language Objectives: https://www.state.nj.us/education Listening Skills - Listening and responding to discussion within the classroom - Adhering to teacher directions - Using podcasts as a source of information	L.7.5.a L.7.6 RI.7.1 RI.7.2 RI.7.4 RI.7.5 RI.7.6 RI.7.7 RI.7.10 RL.7.1 RL.7.2 RI.7.4 RL.7.6 RL.7.10 SL.7.1;a;b;c SL.7.2 SL.7.4 SL.7.5 W.7.3.d W.7.9 W.7.10 Dn/modelcurriculum/ela/e eaking Skills Making connections to ext Explaining point of view Explaining ideas dentifying with a speaker's claim or argument Jsing pronouns in the proper case and gender	Reading Skills - Making infe - Closely rea - Determinin - Summarizi - Identify plo characters - Distinguish essential a nonessenti of a text - Determinin connotative	erences ading ng theme ng texts at and ning between nd ial elements ng figurative, e, and neanings of	Writing Skills - Citing textual evidence - Making connections to text - Write a coherent narrative that uses transition words and a variety of sentence structures - Using appropriate tone when writing - Compiling references - Writing narrative journal entries - Write using proper punctuations and conventions of standard English
WIDA Can-Do Descriptors:		<u> </u>		English
https://wida.wisc.edu/sites/defa				
 Essential Questions/Critical Questions/Critical Questions/Critical Questions/Critical Questions What makes up who we are What is personal identity? by our hobbies? How do sports bring people of How should people use the How do your talents influer identity? 	e? How is it influenced e together? eir talents? nce your personal	 Use contex words Use contex Use synon Analyze ch Use proper Identify plot 	g chronologica at clues to inte at clues to inte yms and anton naracter and so r English to wr	rpret multiple-meaning rpret jargon nyms

Learning/Instructional Strategies

Using this curriculum guide as a foundation, the ESL teacher, in the role of decision maker, selects the specific method or technique best suited to reach a particular objective. The teacher uses an eclectic approach, drawing upon his or her experience and knowledge of teaching and learning while responding to the English proficiency level of each student and his/her immediate social and academic needs. ESL teachers are sensitive to the differences between what the students are taught and what the students bring to class, so lessons and teaching methods are student-centered, based on each student's individual English language needs. Instruction of ELs may include any or all of the following:

Sheltered English Instruction (SEI):

"Sheltered English Instruction (SEI) is a planning process that helps teachers provide English learners with grade-level content instruction by adapting lesson activities to the English proficiency level of individual students" (NJDOE). Through the use of SEI, English learners can be integrated into classrooms with their English-speaking peers and work toward meeting expectations outlined in the New Jersey Student Learning Standards and Next Generation Science Standards.

SEI promotes the use of clear, direct, and easy-to-understand language and a wide range of scaffolding strategies to communicate understanding of content in mathematics, science, social studies, and language arts to students. SEI activities require teachers to analyze lesson content to determine the academic language that must be taught to make content accessible for ELs. SEI methods require teachers to build background knowledge, connect new content to students' prior knowledge, provide time for interaction and collaboration among students, integrate explicit language and vocabulary instruction relevant to content learning, and emphasize the use of many types of instructional strategies including cooperative learning, differentiated instruction, and thematic study.

The GO TO Strategies Matrix:

http://newsmanager.commpartners.com/tesolc/downloads/features/2017/Ancillary%20Docs/2017-01 GO%20TO%20Matrix.pdf

			ing Options for Teachers of		<i>`</i>
	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Level 4	Level 5
	Entering	Emerging	Developing	Expanding	Bridging
	 Use physical gestures to 	 Give two step 	 Provide graphics or objects 	 Compare/contrast 	 Outline lectures on the
	accompany oral directives.	Contextualized directions.	to sequence steps in a process.	relationships from auditory	SmartBoard.
	 Modify *Teacher Talk. 	 Restate/rephrase and use 	 Check Comprehension of 	information using a Venn	 Use *Video Observation
	 Label visuals and objects 	*Patterned Oral Language	all students frequently.	Diagram.	Guides.
50	with target vocabulary.	routines.	 Use *Wait Time. 	 Require students to restate 	 Confirm students' prior
Listening	 Introduce Cognates to aid 	 Model Academic 	 Provide Anticipation 	and rephrase from auditory	knowledge of content topics.
en	comprehension.	Language and vocabulary.	Guides for previewing content	input as in *Paraphrase	 Extend content vocabulary
ist	Ask for Signal Responses	 Ask for Total Physical 	reading.	Passport.	with multiple examples and
Ĩ	to check comprehension.	Responses from students.	_	_	non-examples.
	 Provide wall charts with 	 Use 10-2 structures. 	 Provide Graphic 	 Require full sentence 	 * Structure debates
	illustrated academic	 Assign roles in group 	Organizers or notes to	responses by asking open	requiring various points of
	vocabulary.	work.	scaffold oral retelling.	ended questions.	view with graphic organizers
	 Ask simple WH (who, 	 Use Clock Buddies. 	 Prompt for academic 	 Use Varied Presentation 	and/or outlines.
	what, when, where), yes-no or	 Use Numbered Heads 	language output.	Formats such as role plays.	 Require the use of
5.0	either-or questions.	Together.	 Use Think-Pair-Share. 	 * Scaffold oral reports with 	academic language.
Speaking	 Elicit *Choral Responses. 	 Use *Think-Pair-Share- 	 Repeat and Expand 	note cards and provide time	 Require oral reporting for
ak	 Encourage participation in 	Squared.	student responses in a	for prior practice.	summarizing group work.
pe	group chants, poems, and	Develop Key Sentence	*Collaborative Dialogue.	• Use Reader's Theatre to	 Include oral presentations
S	songs.	Frames for pair interactions.	_	scaffold oral language growth.	in the content classroom.
	 Preview the text content 	Use Card Sorts.	 Provide a content 	Model the creation of a	 Require computer and
	with pictures, demos, charts,	 Use K-W-L charts before 	vocabulary Word Bank with	Story Map from a narrative.	library research.
	or experiences.	reading.	non-linguistic representations.	Provide Question Answer	 Ask students to analyze
	 Pair students to read one 	 Use the Language 	 Teach skimming for 	Relationship questions for	text structure and select an
	text together.	Experience Approach.	specific information.	student pairs to research.	appropriate Graphic
	 Preview text with a 	 Provide a list of important 	 Use Teach the Text 	 Use Directed Reading 	Organizer for summarizing.
ßu	Picture Walk.	concepts on a graphic	Backwards.	Thinking Activity.	Use *Reciprocal
di	 Use Choral Reading. 	organizer.	• Use 4 to 1 for main ideas	• Use Cornell Notes.	Teaching to scaffold
Reading	 Use *Teacher Read 	 Use *Shared Reading 	from text.	 Use *Jigsaw Reading to 	independent reading.
2	Alouds.	and/or simplify the text.	 Use *Guided Reading. 	scaffold independent reading.	· · · ·
	 Require students to label 	 Teach note taking on a 	Require Learning Logs	Provide Rubrics and	 Require academic writing
	visuals and/or create language	Graphic Organizer.	for summaries of learning.	exemplars to scaffold writing	and the use of target academic
	balloons.	• Use a Roving Chart in	• Use Text to Graphics and	assignments.	vocabulary.
	 Require vocabulary 	small group work.	Back Again.	 Teach and utilize the 	 *Teach the process of
	notebooks with L1 translations	• Use Interactive Journals.	 Teach Signal Words 	writing process.	writing a research paper.
	or non-linguistic	• Use *Think-Write-Pair-	(comparison, chronology,	 Provide an outline for the 	 Address students' cultures
Writing	representations.	Share.	cause -effect, and listing) for	standard five-paragraph essay.	in differing genres of writing.
iti	 Provide *Key Sentence 	 Provide Cloze sentences 	academic writing.	 Provide *Report Frames 	 Hold frequent writing
/ri	Frames with word and picture	with a Word Bank.	 Provide *Cloze paragraphs 	for independent, structured,	conferences with teacher and
M	banks.		with a *Word Bank.	content writing.	peers.
	arred strategies are described in the				

Levine, L. N., Lukens, L. & Smallwood, B. A., (2013). The GO TO strategies: Scaffolding options for teachers of English language learners, K-12. For Project EXCELL, a partnership between the University of Missouri-Kansas City and North Kansas City Schools, funded by the US Department of Education, PR Number T195N070316.

Scaffolds Support (WIDA)			
Sensory	Graphic		
 Real life objects (Realia)/ concrete objects/ physical models Manipulative (measurement tools, models, scientific instruments, etc.) Pictures/ photos Visual representations (illustrations, drawings, diagrams, etc.)/ cartoons Videos/ broadcasts/ audio books Newspapers/ magazines Gestures/ physical movement Music/ songs/ chants Posters/ display 	 Charts/ tables Graphs Timelines Number lines Graphic organizers Graphing paper Maps Rubrics Study guides/ guided notes 		
Interactive	Verbal and Textual		
 Whole group Small group Partner (turn-&-talk) Cooperative groups (think-write-pair-share) Triads Interactive websites/ software Mentor/ coach L1 (home or first language) Word-to-word dictionary/ picture dictionary Jigsaw activities 	 Labeling Teacher modeling/ monitoring Repetition Paraphrasing/ summarizing Guiding, clarifying, probing questions Leveled questions (five Ws) Questioning prompts/ cues Word banks/ phrase banks/ word walls Sentence starters/ sentence frames/ discussion frames/ formulaic expressions Cloze paragraphs/ sentences Talk moves (structured academic conversations: re-voicing/ clarifying, restating, reasoning, adding on, wait time) Wait time 		

Cooperative Learning:

Cooperative learning activities give students opportunities to work in groups and share their knowledge. These learning activities are characterized by three components: positive interdependence, individual accountability, and face-to-face interaction. Cooperative learning helps ELs develop social and oral language skills. It motivates ELs to learn English, which helps them become an integral part of the class community, and it has the ability to help students become more confident in social situations.

Differentiated Instruction:

The ESL curriculum strives to implement differentiated instruction in order to meet the WIDA standards. Students must have access to a variety of scaffolded and leveled materials that enable them to learn the same topics being taught in the mainstream classroom. Texts, computer resources and assessments are modified as needed.

Social Emotional Learning:

Social and emotional learning (SEL) refers to the process by which children and adults acquire and effectively apply the knowledge, attitudes and skills necessary to do the following: understand and manage emotions; set and achieve positive goals; feel and show empathy for others; and make responsible decisions. ESL teachers include SEL practices in everyday learning to include the state competencies and sub-competencies. Students, through SEL, are able to take personal ownership and responsibility for their learning and decisions.



New Jersey Social and Emotional Learning Competencies and Sub-Competencies



- During the first few weeks of school, the ESL teacher will assist students with regular classroom routines, schedules, school calendar, bus, cafeteria and playground rules, completion of required free/reduced forms, emergency cards, signed forms needed from parents, translations using Transact, explanation of U. S. cultural differences, phone calls home or visits to parents.
- All ESL teachers collaborate to create the ESL Learning Fair which assists parents to ensure success and acclamation to school in the U.S.
- If necessary, the ESL teacher will provide lessons and practice for all ELs in remote learning and direction to utilize the required platform for work completed independently at home in case of mandated hybrid scheduling.

Thematic Approach:

ESL teachers include topics or themes in their lesson planning that incorporate the WIDA standards. Topic or theme-related language and concepts may be spiraled over a period of time, ensuring their conceptualization. Students are continually expected to communicate in all four language domains: listening, speaking, reading and writing.

Reader's Workshop for ELs:

Reader's workshop blends whole group instruction, small needs-based groups, and individual conferring to guide students through the application of basic reading comprehension strategies. Teachers of ELs are familiar with the reader's and writer's workshop. Although setting up a reader's workshop classroom in the ESL classroom may not be feasible, ESL teachers can adapt some of the best practices present within the workshop framework.

These strategies are as follows:

- Determining what is Important Identifying themes and diminishing focus on less important ideas or pieces of information (i.e., ten minute mini-lesson focused on one specific topic or strategy).
- Immediate Application Provide time for students to independently apply the skill of focus from the mini-lesson, at which time the ESL teacher can float among students and provide guidance as needed.

- Small Group Instruction While students work independently, the teacher can work with a small group to re-teach a skill, pre-teach something, reinforce a previous concept, or accelerate learning for students ready to move ahead.
- Immediate Targeted Feedback As students work independently or in small groups, the ESL teacher can provide praise, redirection, or feedback immediately.

Academic Vocabulary	cademic Vocabulary Vocabulary for Vocabulary Strategies	
 affect category challenge compare conflict element exact illustrate role similar trait bond distinguish evaluate evidence goal interpret reflect sequence situation 	 Prefixes Suffixes Context clues Word families Latin and root words Synonyms Antonyms Thesaurus Dictionary 	 Complete sentences Pronouns as subjects Forms of the verb <i>be</i> Subjects and verbs Subject-verb agreement

Unit-Based Vocabulary:

approach	outcome	gesture
assume	 possession 	 honest
attention	practice	honor
awkward	• proud	 interrupt
choice	release	introduce
clever	response	invitation
contest	riddle	league
encourage	weight	 mighty
excellent	celebrate	 pastime
interpret	champion	 popular
judgment	compete	 professional
knowledge	 congratulate 	 respect
marry	credit	 segregate
• nonsense	energy	serious
notice	exercise	• spirit
• obey	• fan	 squeaky

Content Area Vocabulary:

Analyze	Explain	Research
Answer	Find	Resolve
Complete	Graph	Ruler

•	Describe	•	Investigate	٠	Solve
•	Evaluate	•	Mark	٠	Study
•	Examine	•	Observe	٠	Survey

	Scaffolding		
WIDA Can-Dos by MODE:	<u>https://wida.wisc.edu/sites/default/files/resource/CanDo-KeyUses-Gr-6-8.pdf</u>		
Level 1 Entering	<u>https://www.state.nj.us/education/modelcurriculum/ela/ellscaffolding/7u1.pdf</u>		
Level 2 Beginning	 Use above link to show the expectations of ELs (CAN DO's) at each level for each mode. Your ELs will be coming in at different levels. Modifications should be made based on the level the WIDA Model screening has indicated. Individualized instruction/differentiated instruction is based on this level. 		
Level 3 Developing	 Use above link to show the expectations of ELs (CAN DO's) at each level for each mode. Your ELs will be coming in at different levels. Modifications should be made based on the level the WIDA Model screening has indicated. Individualized instruction/differentiated instruction is based on this level. 		
Level 4 Expanding	 Use above link to show the expectations of ELs (CAN DO's) at each level for each mode. Your ELs will be coming in at different levels. Modifications should be made based on the level the WIDA Model screening has indicated. Individualized instruction/differentiated instruction is based on this level. 		
Level 5 Bridging	 Use above link to show the expectations of ELs (CAN DO's) at each level for each mode. Your ELs will be coming in at different levels. Modifications should be made based on the level the WIDA Model screening has indicated. Individualized instruction/differentiated instruction is based on this level. 		

Assessment/Performance Tasks				
 Performance Tasks: WRITING TASK: Students will write their own personal narrative including how their talents affect their personal identity and the writer's process to complete this task. CULMINATING PROJECT: Students will create a multimedia presentation about their personal identify and the factors that make them who they are. They will include talents and hobbies and how they are part of who they are. (International Night Project) Research people from their countries who made a difference/contribution. What strengths, hobbies, interests helped them along the way? 	 Other Evidence: Informal Checks/ for Understanding: Accuracy and thoroughness of student notes, study guides, and graphic organizers will demonstrate informal evidence of concept processing. Formative Assessment: Lesson closure will be used to monitor levels of understanding. Student interactive rubrics, reading, and writing conferences will serve as formative assessments. Teacher Observation/ Student Discussion: Teacher observation of class discussions will serve as informal evidence of concept processing and the sophistication of skill development. Teacher Created Quiz/Test: Formally measured evidence of outcomes and overall progress towards the New Jersey Student Learning Standards will be established via teacher-created quizzes and unit assessments. Writing Prompts/Journal Entries: Students will produce a series of analytical draft pieces in which they compare and contrast multiple texts and/or varying sources on the basis of teacher provided and/or self-guided prompts. Teacher Created Project: Culminating project. Homework Classwork 			

Entry Criteria for the ESL Program:

Eligibility for ESL program is based on the results of the following measures:

- WIDA Measure of Developing English Language (WIDA MODEL) assessments are approved by the New Jersey Department of Education and can be administered to screen students who enter the district whose first language is other than English. Students whose score falls below the competent and fluent levels will be placed in an ESL class.
- ACCESS 2.0 test results from the previous school year
- Content area teacher recommendations
- Content area performance and grades
- ESL teacher recommendations
- Participation in an ESL program in another school district
- Arrival to the United States from a country where Standard English is not the first language Monitor Criteria for the ESL Program Students who meet the criteria for exit from the ESL program are placed on a monitor status for a minimum of two years and offered support with content area classes.
- ESL teachers work with content area teachers to ensure a successful transition from the ESL program. In the event that a teacher wants to recommend re-entry into ESL, that request must be submitted to the district

ESL supervisor for review. Re-entry into ESL can only be granted by the county superintendent.

Exit Criteria for the ESL Program:

- Students enrolled in the ESL Program will be tested annually with the ACCESS 2.0 language proficiency assessment to determine their level of English language proficiency.
- The district goal, as determined by the State, is for all students to show growth of at least one proficiency level.

- Students who score at or above 4.5 are evaluated for exit from the ESL program.
- Furthermore, the WIDA MODEL assessments are used as one criterion upon which a student's exit from the program is based.
- Other criteria are student report cards, scores on the district provided assessments (i.e., STAR, iXL, SUCCESS, ELA benchmark, ACCESS, and teacher recommendation.

State Required Assessment:

- ESL State Assessment: ACCESS- ACCESS for ELLs scores have many potential uses, from determining student placement to guiding the creation of new curricula. Test scores work best as a way to aid decision-making, in cases such as:
 - Establishing when multilingual learners have attained English language proficiency according to state criteria
 - Making decisions about program entry and exit
 - Informing classroom instruction and assessment
 - Which domains teachers could focus on
 - What the WIDA ELD Standards say about students' current proficiency levels
 - How teachers can scaffold using the next level up
 - Monitoring student progress by comparing current scores to previous scores

District Required Assessments:

- STAR
- IXL
- SUCCESS
- ELA benchmark

Link to NJ Literacy Assessment:

https://www.nj.gov/education/modelcurriculum/ela/7u1.shtml

Username: Model Password: Curriculum

Unit 1 ELA Assessment:

https://www.nj.gov/education/modelcurriculum/assessment/pw/ela/7u1.pdf

Text/Resources:

- Inside, Level B- Cengage National Geographic Series and all digital resources
- Fundamentals Vol.1 & 2/ Inside the U.S.A. (newcomer units)
- Online Resources
- iXL
- StudySync

Sadlier

Inside Unit 2 Texts:

- The Challenge by Gary Soto
- Rachel the Clever by Josepha Sherman
- A Contest of Riddles by Patricia C. McKissack
- "Riddles in the Dark," an excerpt from "The Hobbit" by J.R.R. Tolkien
- Extended Reading:
 - Who's Got Game? The Lion or the Mouse? by Toni and Slade Morrison
 - And Small Goodness by Tony Johnston
 - Elena by Diane Stanley
 - Finding the First Vaccines by Glen Phelan

Inside Unit 7 Texts:

- Play Ball! by Michael Ruscoe
- Analysis of Baseball by May Swenson
- Roberto Clemente by Jonah Winter
- *Raymond's Run* by Toni Cade Bambara
- Pressure. is a Privilege by Christine Brennan
- Extended Reading:
 - Keeper by Mal Peet

- A Strong Right Arm by Michelle Y. Green
- from First Crossing edited by Donald R. Gallo
- Bones and Muscles by Rebecca L. Johnson

Core Texts from ELA Curriculum:

- The Miracle Worker by William Gibson
- The Giver by Lois Lowry
- The Insignificant Events in the Life of a Cactus by Dusti Bowling
- Dragon Wings by Lawrence Yep
- Waiting for Normal by Leslie Connor

Interdisciplinary Connections

Mathematics:

Numerical data such as graphs and sequential information provide an opportunity for cross-curricular study. WIDA English Language Proficiency Standard 3- English language learners communicate information, ideas and concepts for academic success in the content area of Mathematics.

Social Studies:

Many of the books within the classroom collection are historical fiction novels, which provide for the opportunity of cross-curricular study.

WIDA English Language Proficiency Standard 5 – English language learners communicate information, ideas and concepts for academic success in the content area of Social Studies.

Science:

Informational reading connected to science content will be made available to help students build background knowledge in specific units (e.g., Survival)

WIDA English Language Proficiency Standard 4 – English language learners communicate information, ideas and concepts for academic success in the content area of Science.

ELA:

This curriculum is designed to supplement and work in partnership with the ELA curriculum.

WIDA English Language Proficiency Standard 2 – English language learners communicate information, ideas and concepts necessary for academic success in the content area of language arts.

ELA Instructional Units: https://www.nj.gov/education/cccs/instructionalunits/ela/

Unit Modifications for Special Population Students

Student assignment in ESL-English classes will be based upon the number of years of middle school English or ESL completed, so the English Language Proficiency levels of students in any class may vary The Units of Study are organized by theme, so the texts read within each theme can be differentiated by reading level.

Differentiation in materials, assignments, and assessments can be provided (e.g., 99 Ideas and Activities for Teaching English Learners with the SIOP Model)

Advanced	Gifted and Talented EL Guidance link.		
Learners	https://www.state.nj.us/education/bilingual/policy/GiftedandTalentedEnglishLanguageLearners.		
	pdf		
Struggling	Tiered Systems of Support link:		
Learners	https://www.state.nj.us/education/njtss/		
English	This entire curriculum is designed for ELLs. Also, review FABRIC		
Language	https://www.nj.gov/education/bilingual/pd/fabric/fabric.pdf		
Learners			
	English Language Learner Toolkit:		
	https://ncela.ed.gov/files/english learner toolkit/OELA 2017 ELsToolkit 508C.pdf		
Special	ELLs with Special and Diverse Needs Link:		
Needs	https://www.state.nj.us/education/bilingual/resources/ELLSpecialNeed.htm		
Learners			

Unit Modifications for Newcomers

Vocabulary		
1	2	3
Good Morning	A book	What time is it?
Hello	A calculator	Do you have the time?
Неу	An eraser	What time do you have?
Hi	A notebook	Can you please tell me the
Hi there	A pair of scissors	time?
Bye	A pen	
Good-Bye	A pencil	Morning
Have a nice day	A piece of paper	Noon
See you later	A ruler	Afternoon
See you soon	A stapler	Evening
I am from		Night
Now I live in	Black	
My name is	Blue	What day is it?
	Brown	What day is tomorrow?
	Green	What day was yesterday?
	Orange	Monday
	Pink	Tuesday
	Purple	Wednesday
	Red	Thursday
	White	Friday
	Yellow	Saturday
		Sunday
	Big	
	Little	Science class
	Long	Social Studies class/
	short	History class
		Math class
		Language Arts class
		Physical Education class
		(P.E)
		ESL class
		Library
		Lunch
		Who is not at school?

Unit 1 – Narrative (Inside the U.S.A) Newcomer Supplemental Support **Vocabulary**

Language Functions

Give personal information

Make Introductions

Give information Ask and answer questions

<u>Grammar</u>

Sentence Capitalization

Sentence punctuation

Capitalize the pronoun I

Capitalize Proper Nouns: City, State, and Country names

<u>Unit 1 Project</u>

Create an All about me multimedia project

Integration of 21st Century Skills

Career Readiness, Life Literacies, and Key Skills Rapid advancements in technology and subsequent changes in the economy have created opportunities for individuals to compete and connect on a global scale. In this increasingly diverse and complex world, the successful entrepreneur or employee must not only possess the requisite education for specific industry pathways but also employability skills necessary to collaborate with others and manage resources effectively in order to establish and maintain stability and independence. This document outlines concepts and skills necessary for New Jersey's students to thrive in an ever-changing world. Intended for integration throughout all K–12 academic and technical content areas, the New Jersey Student Learning Standards- Career Readiness, Life Literacies, and Key Skills (NJSLS-CLKS) provides the framework for students to learn the concepts, skills, and practices essential to the successful navigation of career exploration and preparation, personal finances and digital literacy.

Mission

Career readiness, life literacies, and key skills education provides students with the necessary skills to make informed career and financial decisions, engage as responsible community members in a digital society, and to successfully meet the challenges and opportunities in an interconnected global economy.

Vision

An education in career readiness, life literacies, and key skills fosters a population that: • Continually self-reflects and seeks to improve the essential life and career practices that lead to success; • Uses effective communication and collaboration skills and resources to interact with a global society; • Possesses financial literacy and responsibility at home and in the broader community; • Plans, executes, and alters career goals in response to changing societal and economic conditions; and • Seeks to attain skill and content mastery to achieve success in a chosen career path.

Indicators:

https://www.state.nj.us/education/aps/cccs/career/curriculum.htm

<u>Review the following standards for expectations by grade 8:</u> https://www.nj.gov/education/cccs/2020/2020%20NJSLS-CLKS.pdf

Indicators:

Computers or iPads can be integral in providing ELs with valuable language experiences as they learn a new language. ESL teachers should offer English learners a language-rich environment in which students are constantly engaged in language activities. The computer or iPad can act as a tool to increase verbal exchanges, develop content area vocabulary and improve reading and writing skills. Students should be exposed to language learning software and websites, which may be utilized at home and in school.

Interactive whiteboards can also play a major part of hands-on interactive ESL instruction. Interactive whiteboards provide students with visual support that all ESL students need. In addition, they provide a way for teachers to anonymously survey students' understanding of the material being taught.

Technology Connections

- E-textbooks (Classlink)
- Collections (Houghton Mifflin Harcourt)
- Inside (National Geographic Cengage Learning, 2014)
- Microsoft Office, One Note, Schoology, FlipGrid and One Drive will be used to assign tasks, submit work, and provide feedback
- Microsoft Apps will be used to promote collaboration through technology
- Websites
- Online resources will be used to supplement curricular materials.
- Ted Talks will be provided when relevant to curriculum content.
- Immersive Reader will be used to help students build academic vocabulary knowledge.

Unit 2 Title: Empathy & Understanding-Literary Analysis/Informational Writing

This unit will continue to encourage students to understand and appreciate the experiences of others and the extent to which those experiences have shaped and defined them in their home countries as well as here in America, They will explore the potential damage to individuals and society when those perspectives are ignored. Students will complete research in conjunction with the units from Inside in regard to water and climate change. In addition, students will learn, recall, and apply new vocabulary using various activities to practice and reinforce skills and strategies.

Unit 2 will also focus on exploration of multi-genre texts including fiction, biographies, narrative non-fiction, articles, primary documents such as journals, and other non-fiction texts. At the end of this unit, students will be able to analyze how specific texts and/or excerpts relate to each other. Students will be able to cite textual evidence that supports the analysis of a text including carefully selected evidence and clear methods of elaboration to support a claim. Students will use these skills to produce literary analyses and informative writing pieces.

INSIDE: The INSIDE units chosen for this unit aim to connect informational writing with empathy and the human body. Students will use informational writing to discuss the human body. Students will also work on expressing their own ideas and explaining the importance of powerful ideas. **Unit Duration: 2nd Marking Period (9 weeks-45 days)**

Desired Results		
Student Learning Objectives & Standard(s):		
https://www.state.nj.us/education/modelcurriculum/ela/7u2.pdf		
INSIDE Level B		WIDA Standards
Unit 1- Imagine the		WIDA ELP Standard 1
Possibilities	1.7.2,0	WIDA ELP Standard 2
	L.7.3.a	
	L.7.4.b	
	L.7.5	
	L.7.6	
	RI.7.1	
	RI.7.2	
	RI.7.3	
	RI.7.4	
	RI.7.10	
	RL.7.1	
	RL.7.2	
	RL.7.3	
	RL.7.4	
	RL.7.10	
	SL.7.;a;c	
	SL.7.2	
	SL.7.4	
	SL.7.5	
	W.6.10	
	W.7.3.d	
	W.7.9	
	W.7.10	
Unit 4- Everybody is a Winner		WIDA ELP Standard 1
		WIDA ELP Standard 2
	L.7.4;a;d L.7.5.a	
	L.7.6	
	RI.7.1	

Language Objectives:	RI.7.2 RI.7.4 RI.7.5 RI.7.9 RI.7.10 RL.7.2 RL.7.5 SL7.1;a;b;c;d SL.7.2 SL.7.3 SL.7.4 SL.7.5 W.7.3.d W.7.9 W.7.10		
https://www.state.nj.us/educ			Writing Skills
 Listening and responding to discussion within the classroom Adhering to teacher directions Using podcasts as a source of information Listen to the ideas of others to respond 	 Explaining point of view Explaining ideas Identifying with a speaker's claim or argument Using pronouns in the proper case and gender Orally identify supportive textual evidence and infer details Orally explain and summarize central ideas and key details 	- Determining figurative, connotative, and technical meanings of	 Writing Skills Citing textual evidence Making connections to text Write a coherent informative essay that uses transition words and a variety of sentence structures Using appropriate tone when writing Compiling references Writing informative journal entries Writing pronouns in the proper case and gender Write using proper punctuations and conventions of standard English
WIDA Can-Do Descriptors		Keyllees-Gr-6-8 ndf	
 https://wida.wisc.edu/sites/default/files/resource/CanDo Essential Questions/Critical Understandings: How do different types of texts relate to each other? What can we do to show others we care/ support them? Why is having empathy important? What makes an idea powerful? Why is the human body so amazing? How do we keep our bodies/minds strong? How do you write a clear informational text with evidence? 		 Essential Skills: Identify antonyms Identify synonyms Categorize words Express needs and wa Elaborate on ideas Write sentences using Analyze plot Analyze main ideas and Identify climate change Use textual evidence 	subject-verb agreement d details and its effects formation on the human ation

Learning/Instructional Strategies

Using this curriculum guide as a foundation, the ESL teacher, in the role of decision maker, selects the specific method or technique best suited to reach a particular objective. The teacher uses an eclectic approach, drawing upon his or her experience and knowledge of teaching and learning while responding to the English proficiency level of each student and his/her immediate social and academic needs. ESL teachers are sensitive to the differences between what the students are taught and what the students bring to class, so lessons and teaching methods are student-centered, based on each student's individual English language needs. Instruction of ELs may include any or all of the following:

Sheltered English Instruction (SEI):

"Sheltered English Instruction (SEI) is a planning process that helps teachers provide English learners with grade-level content instruction by adapting lesson activities to the English proficiency level of individual students" (NJDOE). Through the use of SEI, English learners can be integrated into classrooms with their English-speaking peers and work toward meeting expectations outlined in the New Jersey Student Learning Standards and Next Generation Science Standards.

SEI promotes the use of clear, direct, and easy-to-understand language and a wide range of scaffolding strategies to communicate understanding of content in mathematics, science, social studies, and language arts to students. SEI activities require teachers to analyze lesson content to determine the academic language that must be taught to make content accessible for ELs. SEI methods require teachers to build background knowledge, connect new content to students' prior knowledge, provide time for interaction and collaboration among students, integrate explicit language and vocabulary instruction relevant to content learning, and emphasize the use of many types of instructional strategies including cooperative learning, differentiated instruction, and thematic study.

The GO TO Strategies Matrix:

http://newsmanager.commpartners.com/tesolc/downloads/features/2017/Ancillary%20Docs/2017-01 GO%20TO%20Matrix.pdf

	The GO TO Strategies Matrix: Scaffolding Options for Teachers of English Language Learners, K-12				
	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Level 4	Level 5
	Entering	Emerging	Developing	Expanding	Bridging
Listening	 Use physical gestures to accompany oral directives. Modify *Teacher Talk. Label visuals and objects with target vocabulary. Introduce Cognates to aid comprehension. Ask for Signal Responses to check comprehension. 	 Give two step Contextualized directions. Restate/rephrase and use *Patterned Oral Language routines. Model Academic Language and vocabulary. Ask for Total Physical Responses from students. 	Provide graphics or objects to sequence steps in a process. Check Comprehension of all students frequently. Use *Wait Time. Provide Anticipation Guides for previewing content reading.	 Compare/contrast relationships from auditory information using a Venn Diagram. Require students to restate and rephrase from auditory input as in *Paraphrase Passport. 	Outline lectures on the SmartBoard. Use *Video Observation Guides. Confirm students' prior knowledge of content topics. Extend content vocabulary with multiple examples and non-examples.
Speaking	 Provide wall charts with illustrated academic vocabulary. Ask simple WH (who, what, when, where), yes-no or either-or questions. Elicit *Choral Responses. Encourage participation in group chants, poems, and songs. 	 Use 10-2 structures. Assign roles in group work. Use Clock Buddies. Use Numbered Heads Together. Use *Think-Pair-Share- Squared. Develop Key Sentence Frames for pair interactions. 	 Provide Graphic Organizers or notes to scaffold oral retelling. Prompt for academic language output. Use Think-Pair-Share. Repeat and Expand student responses in a *Collaborative Dialogue. 	Require full sentence responses by asking open ended questions. Use Varied Presentation Formats such as role plays. * Scaffold oral reports with note cards and provide time for prior practice. Use Reader's Theatre to scaffold oral language growth.	 * Structure debates requiring various points of view with graphic organizers and/or outlines. Require the use of academic language. Require oral reporting for summarizing group work. Include oral presentations in the content classroom.
Reading	 Preview the text content with pictures, demos, charts, or experiences. Pair students to read one text together. Preview text with a Picture Walk. Use Choral Reading. Use *Teacher Read Alouds. 	 Use Card Sorts. Use K-W-L charts before reading. Use the Language Experience Approach. Provide a list of important concepts on a graphic organizer. Use *Shared Reading and/or simplify the text. 	 Provide a content vocabulary Word Bank with non-linguistic representations. Teach skimming for specific information. Use Teach the Text Backwards. Use 4 to 1 for main ideas from text. Use *Guided Reading. 	Model the creation of a Story Map from a narrative. Provide Question Answer Relationship questions for student pairs to research. Use Directed Reading Thinking Activity. Use Cornell Notes. Use *Jigsaw Reading to scaffold independent reading.	 Require computer and library research. Ask students to analyze text structure and select an appropriate Graphic Organizer for summarizing. Use *Reciprocal Teaching to scaffold independent reading.
Writing	Require students to label visuals and/or create language balloons. Require vocabulary notebooks with L1 translations or non-linguistic representations. Provide *Key Sentence Frames with word and picture banks.	 Teach note taking on a Graphic Organizer. Use a Roving Chart in small group work. Use Interactive Journals. Use *Think-Write-Pair-Share. Provide Cloze sentences with a Word Bank. 	Require Learning Logs for summaries of learning. Use Text to Graphics and Back Again. Teach Signal Words (comparison, chronology, cause -effect, and listing) for academic writing. Provide *Cloze paragraphs with a *Word Bank.	Provide Rubrics and exemplars to scaffold writing assignments. Teach and utilize the writing process. Provide an outline for the standard five-paragraph essay. Provide * Report Frames for independent, structured, content writing.	Require academic writing and the use of target academic vocabulary. *Teach the process of writing a research paper. Address students' cultures in differing genres of writing. Hold frequent writing conferences with teacher and peers.

*Starred strategies are described in the summary document on the following page, "The Go To Strategies Matrix: Scaffolding Across Language Proficiency Levels."

Levine, L. N., Lukens, L. & Smallwood, B. A., (2013). The GO TO strategies: Scaffolding options for teachers of English language learners, K-12. For Project EXCELL, a partnership between the University of Missouri-Kansas City and North Kansas City Schools, funded by the US Department of Education, PR Number T195N070316.

Scaffolds Support (WIDA)		
Sensory	Graphic	
 Real life objects (Realia)/ concrete objects/ physical models Manipulative (measurement tools, models, scientific instruments, etc.) Pictures/ photos Visual representations (illustrations, drawings, diagrams, etc.)/ cartoons Videos/ broadcasts/ audio books Newspapers/ magazines Gestures/ physical movement Music/ songs/ chants Posters/ display 	 Charts/ tables Graphs Timelines Number lines Graphic organizers Graphing paper Maps Rubrics Study guides/ guided notes 	
Interactive	Verbal and Textual	
 Whole group Small group Partner (turn-&-talk) Cooperative groups (think-write-pair-share) Triads Interactive websites/ software Mentor/ coach L1 (home or first language) Word-to-word dictionary/ picture dictionary Jigsaw activities 	 Labeling Teacher modeling/ monitoring Repetition Paraphrasing/ summarizing Guiding, clarifying, probing questions Leveled questions (five Ws) Questioning prompts/ cues Word banks/ phrase banks/ word walls Sentence starters/ sentence frames/ discussion frames/ formulaic expressions Cloze paragraphs/ sentences Talk moves (structured academic conversations: re-voicing/ clarifying, restating, reasoning, adding on, wait time) Wait time 	

Cooperative Learning:

Cooperative learning activities give students opportunities to work in groups and share their knowledge. These learning activities are characterized by three components: positive interdependence, individual accountability, and face-to-face interaction. Cooperative learning helps ELs develop social and oral language skills. It motivates ELs to learn English, which helps them become an integral part of the class community, and it has the ability to help students become more confident in social situations.

Differentiated Instruction:

The ESL curriculum strives to implement differentiated instruction in order to meet the WIDA standards. Students must have access to a variety of scaffolded and leveled materials that enable them to learn the same topics being taught in the mainstream classroom. Texts, computer resources and assessments are modified as needed.

Social Emotional Learning:

Social and emotional learning (SEL) refers to the process by which children and adults acquire and effectively apply the knowledge, attitudes and skills necessary to do the following: understand and manage emotions; set and achieve positive goals; feel and show empathy for others; and make responsible decisions. ESL teachers include SEL practices in everyday learning to include the state competencies and sub-competencies. Students, through SEL, are able to take personal ownership and responsibility for their learning and decisions.



New Jersey Social and Emotional Learning Competencies and Sub-Competencies



Thematic Approach:

ESL teachers include topics or themes in their lesson planning that incorporate the WIDA standards. Topic or theme-related language and concepts may be spiraled over a period of time, ensuring their conceptualization. Students are continually expected to communicate in all four language domains: listening, speaking, reading and writing.

Reader's Workshop for ELs:

Reader's workshop blends whole group instruction, small needs-based groups, and individual conferring to guide students through the application of basic reading comprehension strategies. Teachers of ELs are familiar with the reader's and writer's workshop. Although setting up a reader's workshop classroom in the ESL classroom may not be feasible, ESL teachers can adapt some of the best practices present within the workshop framework.

These strategies are as follows:

- Determining what is Important Identifying themes and diminishing focus on less important ideas or pieces of information (i.e., ten minute mini-lesson focused on one specific topic or strategy).
- Immediate Application Provide time for students to independently apply the skill of focus from the mini-lesson, at which time the ESL teacher can float among students and provide guidance as needed.
- Small Group Instruction While students work independently, the teacher can work with a small group to re-teach a skill, pre-teach something, reinforce a previous concept, or accelerate learning for students ready to move ahead.
- Immediate Targeted Feedback As students work independently or in small groups, the ESL teacher can provide praise, redirection, or feedback immediately.

Academic Vocabulary	Vocabulary for Vocabulary Strategies	Grammar
 capable context element organize sequence topic analyze compound describe possibility research solve 	 Prefixes Suffixes Context clues Word families Latin and root words Synonyms Antonyms Thesaurus Dictionary Category 	 forming questions subjects and predicates kinds of sentences plural nouns verbs in the predicate sentence fragments nouns in the subject use complete sentences
Unit-Based Vocabulary:		
 accept artery assignment cell circulate clueless determined disaster examine glory healthy involve 	 realize section survive system transplant vein ventricle vessel ability attach backward captive 	destination device exist experiment forward future genius invention machine model problem record
muscleorganoxygenpump	 challenge concentrate convince design 	scientist solve suggestion test
Content Area Vocabulary:		
 Analyze Answer Complete Describe Evaluate Examine 	 Explain Find Graph Investigate Mark Observe 	Research Resolve Ruler Solve Study Survey

	Scaffolding		
WIDA Can-Dos by MODE:	<u>https://wida.wisc.edu/sites/default/files/resource/CanDo-KeyUses-Gr-6-8.pdf</u>		
Level 1 Entering	<u>https://www.state.nj.us/education/modelcurriculum/ela/ellscaffolding/7u2.pdf</u>		
Level 2 Beginning	 Use above link to show the expectations of ELs (CAN DO's) at each level for each mode. Your ELs will be coming in at different levels. Modifications should be made based on the level the WIDA Model screening has indicated. Individualized instruction/differentiated instruction is based on this level. 		
Level 3 Developing	 Use above link to show the expectations of ELs (CAN DO's) at each level for each mode. Your ELs will be coming in at different levels. Modifications should be made based on the level the WIDA Model screening has indicated. Individualized instruction/differentiated instruction is based on this level. 		
Level 4 Expanding	 Use above link to show the expectations of ELs (CAN DO's) at each level for each mode. Your ELs will be coming in at different levels. Modifications should be made based on the level the WIDA Model screening has indicated. Individualized instruction/differentiated instruction is based on this level. 		
Level 5 Bridging	 Use above link to show the expectations of ELs (CAN DO's) at each level for each mode. Your ELs will be coming in at different levels. Modifications should be made based on the level the WIDA Model screening has indicated. Individualized instruction/differentiated instruction is based on this level. 		

Assessment/Pe	rformance Tasks
 Performance Tasks: WRITING TASK: Students will write an informational essay using the writer's process about an inventor of their choosing or about what makes the human body amazing. CULMINATING PROJECT: Students will create a multimedia presentation that compares various literary texts as a literary analysis. Students will make connections across various types of text to demonstrate understanding of different text types. Students will compare texts regarding the human body or inventors. 	 Other Evidence: Informal Checks/ for Understanding: Accuracy and thoroughness of student notes, study guides, and graphic organizers will demonstrate informal evidence of concept processing. Formative Assessment: Lesson closure will be used to monitor levels of understanding. Student interactive rubrics, reading, and writing conferences will serve as formative assessments. Teacher Observation/ Student Discussion: Teacher observation of class discussions will serve as informal evidence of concept processing and the sophistication of skill development. Teacher Created Quiz/Test: Formally measured evidence of outcomes and overall progress towards the New Jersey Student Learning Standards will be established via teacher-created quizzes and unit assessments. Writing Prompts/Journal Entries: Students will produce a series of analytical draft pieces in which they compare and contrast multiple texts and/or varying sources on the basis of teacher provided and/or self-guided prompts. Teacher Created Project: Culminating project. Homework Classwork

Entry Criteria for the ESL Program:

Eligibility for ESL program is based on the results of the following measures:

- WIDA Measure of Developing English Language (WIDA MODEL) assessments are approved by the New Jersey Department of Education and can be administered to screen students who enter the district whose first language is other than English. Students whose score falls below the competent and fluent levels will be placed in an ESL class.
- ACCESS 2.0 test results from the previous school year
- Content area teacher recommendations
- Content area performance and grades
- ESL teacher recommendations
- Participation in an ESL program in another school district
- Arrival to the United States from a country where Standard English is not the first language Monitor Criteria for the ESL Program Students who meet the criteria for exit from the ESL program are placed on a monitor status for a minimum of two years and offered support with content area classes.
- ESL teachers work with content area teachers to ensure a successful transition from the ESL program. In the event that a teacher wants to recommend re-entry into ESL, that request must be submitted to the district

ESL supervisor for review. Re-entry into ESL can only be granted by the county superintendent.

Exit Criteria for the ESL Program:

- Students enrolled in the ESL Program will be tested annually with the ACCESS 2.0 language proficiency assessment to determine their level of English language proficiency.
- The district goal, as determined by the State, is for all students to show growth of at least one proficiency level.

- Students who score at or above 4.5 are evaluated for exit from the ESL program.
- Furthermore, the WIDA MODEL assessments are used as one criterion upon which a student's exit from the program is based.
- Other criteria are student report cards, scores on the district provided assessments (i.e., STAR, iXL, SUCCESS, ELA benchmark, ACCESS, and teacher recommendation.

State Required Assessment:

- ESL State Assessment: ACCESS- ACCESS for ELLs scores have many potential uses, from determining student placement to guiding the creation of new curricula. Test scores work best as a way to aid decision-making, in cases such as:
 - Establishing when multilingual learners have attained English language proficiency according to state criteria
 - Making decisions about program entry and exit
 - Informing classroom instruction and assessment
 - Which domains teachers could focus on
 - What the WIDA ELD Standards say about students' current proficiency levels
 - How teachers can scaffold using the next level up
 - Monitoring student progress by comparing current scores to previous scores

District Required Assessments:

- STAR
- IXL
- SUCCESS
- ELA benchmark

Link to NJ Literacy Assessment:

https://www.nj.gov/education/modelcurriculum/ela/7u2.shtml

Username: Model Password: Curriculum

Unit 2 ELA Assessment:

https://www.nj.gov/education/modelcurriculum/assessment/pw/ela/7u2.pdf

<u>Text/Resources:</u>

- Inside, Level B- Cengage National Geographic Series and all digital resources
- Fundamentals Vol.1 & 2/ Inside the U.S.A. (newcomer units)
- Online Resources
- iXL
- StudySync
- Sadlier

Inside Unit 1 Texts:

- Hitching a Ride by Rebecca L. Johnson
- LAFFF by Lensey Namioka
- Kids Are Inventors, Too by Arlene Erlbach
- The Evolution of a Great Idea by Peter Diamandis and Steven Kotler
- Extended Reading:
 - Amelia Earhart by Robert Burleigh
 - Rosa Parks by Maryann N. Weidt
 - A Library for Juana by Pat Mora
 - Building Tiny Transistors by Glen Phelan

Inside Unit 4 Texts:

- The Human Machine by Catherine Stephens
- The Beat Goes On by Nancy Finton
- Two Left Feet, Two Left Hands, and Too Left on the Bench by David Lubar
- Bionics by Josh Fischman
- Extended Reading:
 - Of Sound Mind by Jean Ferris
 - Emako Blue by Brenda Woods

- Ties That Bind, Ties That Break by Lensey Namioka
- The Science of You by Kate Boehm Jerome

Independent Reading Book Ideas for Students (Lexile Level):

- *Empathy* by Shannon Welbourn (870L)
- Empathy and Compassion by Rosa Waters (980L)
- Stories of Cooperation by Jennifer Colby (1070L)
- Wonder by R.J. Palacio (790L)
- Dear Bully by Carrie Jones & Megan Kelley Hall (850L)
- Stand Up! by Wendy L. Moss (1000L)
- *Rising Out of Hatred* by Eli Saslow (1180L)

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Advanced	Gifted and Talented EL Guidance link.		
Learners	https://www.state.nj.us/education/bilingual/policy/GiftedandTalentedEnglishLanguageLearner		
	<u>s.pdf</u>		
Struggling	Tiered Systems of Support link:		
Learners	https://www.state.nj.us/education/njtss/		
English Language Learners	This entire curriculum is designed for ELLs. Also, review FABRIC https://www.nj.gov/education/bilingual/pd/fabric/fabric.pdf		
	English Language Learner Toolkit:		
	https://ncela.ed.gov/files/english_learner_toolkit/OELA_2017_ELsToolkit_508C.pdf		
Special	ELLs with Special and Diverse Needs Link:		
Needs	https://www.state.nj.us/education/bilingual/resources/ELLSpecialNeed.htm		
Learners			

Unit Modifications for Newcomers

Unit 2- Informational (Inside the U.S.A) Newcomer Supplemental Suppl	ort
Vocabulary	
7	
Young	
Tall	
Long	
Big	
Dark	
Curly	
Old	
Short	
Little	
Light	
Straight	
lam	
You are	
He is	
She is	
We are	
They are	
What do you like?	
I like	
You like	
He likes	
She likes	

That	
Has	
Both	
Like	
Get	
Good	
Don't	
He	
Book	
Old	
We	
Picture	
	•
Language Function	
Describe yourself	
Describe other people	
Express Feelings	
Discuss information learned	
	-
Grammar	
Sentences and commands]

Sentences and commands End punctuation: Period and Question Mark

<u>Unit 2 Project</u>

Create an informational multimedia project

Integration of 21st Century Skills

Indicators:

https://www.state.nj.us/education/aps/cccs/career/curriculum.htm

Review the following standards for expectations by grade 8: https://www.nj.gov/education/cccs/2020/2020%20NJSLS-CLKS.pdf

Indicators:

Computers or iPads can be integral in providing ELs with valuable language experiences as they learn a new language. ESL teachers should offer English learners a language-rich environment in which students are constantly engaged in language activities. The computer or iPad can act as a tool to increase verbal exchanges, develop content area vocabulary and improve reading and writing skills. Students should be exposed to language learning software and websites, which may be utilized at home and in school. Interactive whiteboards can also play a major part of hands-on interactive ESL instruction. Interactive whiteboards provide students with visual support that all ESL students need. In addition, they provide a way for teachers to anonymously survey students' understanding of the material being taught.

Technology Connections

- E-textbooks (Classlink)
- Collections (Houghton Mifflin Harcourt)
- Inside (National Geographic Cengage Learning, 2014)
- Microsoft Office, One Note, Schoology, FlipGrid and One Drive will be used to assign tasks, submit work, and provide feedback
- Microsoft Apps will be used to promote collaboration through technology
- Websites
- Online resources will be used to supplement curricular materials.
- Ted Talks will be provided when relevant to curriculum content.

• Immersive Reader will be used to help students build academic vocabulary knowledge.

Unit 3 Title: Harmony & Revolution-Argumentative Writing

This unit seeks to explore consequences of the actions both on individuals and larger society. Students will, through core texts, experience conflict with family expectations, religious restrictions, political structures, and gender stereotypes. In order to develop the craft of argumentation, students will learn strategies for argumentative writing informed by their own investigations into these themes. In addition, students will learn, recall, and apply new vocabulary using various activities to practice and reinforce skills and strategies. Throughout this unit, independent reading will be encouraged to allow students to build reading stamina, practice grade level skills and strategies, and develop interest and enthusiasm for reading.

Unit 3 will focus on strengthening students' ability to analyze non-fiction texts. Students will cite textual evidence to write an argumentative essay. Students will carefully analyze texts that explore current and high-interest topics. Students will develop a deep understanding of the central elements included in a strong argumentative essay (i.e. claim, the use of supportive evidence, reasoning techniques, and counterclaim establishment). After developing a strong foundation in the characteristics of argumentative writing, students will construct a finalized argumentative essay to support claims with transitions, clear reasoning, and relevant evidence from multiple, credible sources.

INSIDE: The INSIDE units chosen for this unit aim to connect argumentative writing with the importance of helping others. Students will explore empathy and how helping others makes the community better. Students will also discuss global warming and how it impacts the world.

Unit Duration: 3rd Marking Period (9 weeks-45 days)

Unit Duration: 3rd Marking Period (9 weeks-45 days)		
Desired Results		
Student Learning Objectives & Standard(s):		
	tion/modelcurriculum/ela/7u3.pdf	
INSIDE Level B	NJ SLS Standards	WIDA Standards
Unit 6- To the Rescue	L.7.1;a	WIDA ELP Standard 1
	L.7.4.b;d	WIDA ELP Standard 2
	L.7.5.a;b	
	L.7.6	
	RI.7.1	
	RI.7.2	
	RI.7.4	
	RI.7.6	
	RI.7.10	
	RL.7.3	
	RL.7.4	
	RL.7.6	
	SL.7.1;a SL.7.2	
	SL.7.2 SL.7.4	
	SL.7.5	
	W.7.3.d	
	W.7.9	
	W.7.10	
Unit 8- Global Warnings	L.7.1;c	WIDA ELP Standard 1
	L.7.2	WIDA ELP Standard 2
	L.7.4.a;d	WIDA ELP Standard 4
	L.7.5.a;c	
	L.7.6	
	RI.7.1	
	RI.7.2	
	RI.7.4	
	RI.7.8	
	RI.7.10	
	RL.7.1	

Language Objectives: https://www.state.nj.us/educ Listening Skills - Listening and responding to discussion within the classroom - Adhering to teacher directions - Using podcasts as a source of information - Listen to the ideas of others to respond	Speaking Skills - Making connections to	Reading Skills - Making inferences - Closely reading - Determining theme - Summarizing texts - Identify plot and characters - Distinguishing between essential and nonessential elements	Writing Skills - Citing textual evidence - Making connections to text - Write a coherent informative essay that uses transition words and a variety of sentence structures - Using appropriate tone when writing - Compiling references - Writing informative journal entries - Writing pronouns in the proper case and gender - Write using proper punctuations and conventions of standard English
 WIDA Can-Do Descriptors https://wida.wisc.edu/sites/d Essential Questions/Critic How do skillful writers co support claims with clea evidence? How do skillful readers i presented in different mo a coherent understandin How do we come to the How can changing our v What is global warming us? What can we do to slow help the environment? 	efault/files/resource/CanDoal Understandings:al Understandings:ompose arguments thatompose arguments thatreasons and relevantIntegrate informationedia formats to developg of a topic?aid of one another?vays benefit the Earth?and how does it affect	 Essential Skills: Identify cause and effect Analyze characters' vie Analyze author's purpose Analyze argument and Engage in debate-like dis Summarize texts Compare and contrast vie Express opinions 	ct wpoints se evidence

Learning/Instructional Strategies

Using this curriculum guide as a foundation, the ESL teacher, in the role of decision maker, selects the specific method or technique best suited to reach a particular objective. The teacher uses an eclectic approach, drawing upon his or her experience and knowledge of teaching and learning while responding to the English proficiency level of each student and his/her immediate social and academic needs. ESL teachers are sensitive to the differences between what the students are taught and what the students bring to class, so lessons and teaching methods are student-centered, based on each student's individual English language needs. Instruction of ELs may include any or all of the following:

Sheltered English Instruction (SEI):

"Sheltered English Instruction (SEI) is a planning process that helps teachers provide English learners with grade-level content instruction by adapting lesson activities to the English proficiency level of individual students" (NJDOE). Through the use of SEI, English learners can be integrated into classrooms with their English-speaking peers and work toward meeting expectations outlined in the New Jersey Student Learning Standards and Next Generation Science Standards.

SEI promotes the use of clear, direct, and easy-to-understand language and a wide range of scaffolding strategies to communicate understanding of content in mathematics, science, social studies, and language arts to students. SEI activities require teachers to analyze lesson content to determine the academic language that must be taught to make content accessible for ELs. SEI methods require teachers to build background knowledge, connect new content to students' prior knowledge, provide time for interaction and collaboration among students, integrate explicit language and vocabulary instruction relevant to content learning, and emphasize the use of many types of instructional strategies including cooperative learning, differentiated instruction, and thematic study.

The GO TO Strategies Matrix:

http://newsmanager.commpartners.com/tesolc/downloads/features/2017/Ancillary%20Docs/2017-01 GO%20TO%20Matrix.pdf

	The GO TO S	Strategies Matrix: Scaffold	ing Options for Teachers o	f English Language Learne	ers, K-12
	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Level 4	Level 5
	Entering	Emerging	Developing	Expanding	Bridging
	 Use physical gestures to 	Give two step	 Provide graphics or objects 	Compare/contrast	Outline lectures on the
	accompany oral directives.	Contextualized directions.	to sequence steps in a process.	relationships from auditory	SmartBoard.
	 Modify *Teacher Talk. 	 Restate/rephrase and use 	• Check Comprehension of	information using a Venn	Use *Video Observation
	 Label visuals and objects 	*Patterned Oral Language	all students frequently.	Diagram.	Guides.
	with target vocabulary.	routines.	 Use *Wait Time. 	Require students to restate	Confirm students' prior
ng ng	• Introduce Cognates to aid	Model Academic	 Provide Anticipation 	and rephrase from auditory	knowledge of content topics.
Listening	comprehension.	Language and vocabulary.	Guides for previewing content	input as in *Paraphrase	Extend content vocabulary
ste	 Ask for Signal Responses 	 Ask for Total Physical 	reading.	Passport.	with multiple examples and
Ë	to check comprehension.	Responses from students.	reading.	1 assport.	non-examples.
	^	•			A
	Provide wall charts with	• Use 10-2 structures.	Provide Graphic	Require full sentence	* Structure debates
	illustrated academic	 Assign roles in group 	Organizers or notes to	responses by asking open	requiring various points of
	vocabulary.	work.	scaffold oral retelling.	ended questions.	view with graphic organizers
	 Ask simple WH (who, 	 Use Clock Buddies. 	Prompt for academic	 Use Varied Presentation 	and/or outlines.
	what, when, where), yes-no or	 Use Numbered Heads 	language output.	Formats such as role plays.	 Require the use of
50	either-or questions.	Together.	 Use Think-Pair-Share. 	 * Scaffold oral reports with 	academic language.
Ţ.	 Elicit *Choral Responses. 	 Use *Think-Pair-Share- 	 Repeat and Expand 	note cards and provide time	 Require oral reporting for
eal	 Encourage participation in 	Squared.	student responses in a	for prior practice.	summarizing group work.
Speaking	group chants, poems, and	 Develop Key Sentence 	*Collaborative Dialogue.	 Use Reader's Theatre to 	 Include oral presentations
0 2	songs.	Frames for pair interactions.		scaffold oral language growth.	in the content classroom.
	 Preview the text content 	 Use Card Sorts. 	 Provide a content 	 Model the creation of a 	 Require computer and
	with pictures, demos, charts,	 Use K-W-L charts before 	vocabulary Word Bank with	Story Map from a narrative.	library research.
	or experiences.	reading.	non-linguistic representations.	 Provide Question Answer 	 Ask students to analyze
	 Pair students to read one 	 Use the Language 	 Teach skimming for 	Relationship questions for	text structure and select an
	text together.	Experience Approach.	specific information.	student pairs to research.	appropriate Graphic
-	 Preview text with a 	 Provide a list of important 	 Use Teach the Text 	 Use Directed Reading 	Organizer for summarizing.
³ u	Picture Walk.	concepts on a graphic	Backwards.	Thinking Activity.	 Use *Reciprocal
ij	 Use Choral Reading. 	organizer.	 Use 4 to 1 for main ideas 	 Use Cornell Notes. 	Teaching to scaffold
Reading	 Use *Teacher Read 	 Use *Shared Reading 	from text.	 Use *Jigsaw Reading to 	independent reading.
н	Alouds.	and/or simplify the text.	 Use *Guided Reading. 	scaffold independent reading.	
	 Require students to label 	 Teach note taking on a 	Require Learning Logs	 Provide Rubrics and 	 Require academic writing
	visuals and/or create language	Graphic Organizer.	for summaries of learning.	exemplars to scaffold writing	and the use of target academic
	balloons.	• Use a Roving Chart in	• Use Text to Graphics and	assignments.	vocabulary.
	 Require vocabulary 	small group work.	Back Again.	 Teach and utilize the 	 *Teach the process of
	notebooks with L1 translations	• Use Interactive Journals.	 Teach Signal Words 	writing process.	writing a research paper.
	or non-linguistic	• Use *Think-Write-Pair-	(comparison, chronology,	 Provide an outline for the 	 Address students' cultures
Writing	representations.	Share.	cause -effect, and listing) for	standard five-paragraph essay.	in differing genres of writing.
iti	 Provide *Key Sentence 	 Provide Cloze sentences 	academic writing.	 Provide *Report Frames 	 Hold frequent writing
'n	Frames with word and picture	with a Word Bank.	 Provide *Cloze paragraphs 	for independent, structured,	conferences with teacher and
2	banks.		with a *Word Bank.	content writing.	peers.
*\$+		e summary document on the follow			

Levine, L. N., Lukens, L. & Smallwood, B. A., (2013). The GO TO strategies: Scaffolding options for teachers of English language learners, K-12. For Project EXCELL, a partnership between the University of Missouri-Kansas City and North Kansas City Schools, funded by the US Department of Education, PR Number T195N070316.

Scaffolds Support (WIDA)		
Sensory	Graphic	
 Real life objects (Realia)/ concrete objects/ physical models Manipulative (measurement tools, models, scientific instruments, etc.) Pictures/ photos Visual representations (illustrations, drawings, diagrams, etc.)/ cartoons Videos/ broadcasts/ audio books Newspapers/ magazines Gestures/ physical movement Music/ songs/ chants Posters/ display 	 Charts/ tables Graphs Timelines Number lines Graphic organizers Graphing paper Maps Rubrics Study guides/ guided notes 	
Interactive	Verbal and Textual	
 Whole group Small group Partner (turn-&-talk) Cooperative groups (think-write-pair-share) Triads Interactive websites/ software Mentor/ coach L1 (home or first language) Word-to-word dictionary/ picture dictionary Jigsaw activities 	 Labeling Teacher modeling/ monitoring Repetition Paraphrasing/ summarizing Guiding, clarifying, probing questions Leveled questions (five Ws) Questioning prompts/ cues Word banks/ phrase banks/ word walls Sentence starters/ sentence frames/ discussion frames/ formulaic expressions Cloze paragraphs/ sentences Talk moves (structured academic conversations: re-voicing/ clarifying, restating, reasoning, adding on, wait time) Wait time 	

Cooperative Learning:

Cooperative learning activities give students opportunities to work in groups and share their knowledge. These learning activities are characterized by three components: positive interdependence, individual accountability, and face-to-face interaction. Cooperative learning helps ELs develop social and oral language skills. It motivates ELs to learn English, which helps them become an integral part of the class community, and it has the ability to help students become more confident in social situations.

Differentiated Instruction:

The ESL curriculum strives to implement differentiated instruction in order to meet the WIDA standards. Students must have access to a variety of scaffolded and leveled materials that enable them to learn the same topics being taught in the mainstream classroom. Texts, computer resources and assessments are modified as needed.

Social Emotional Learning:

Social and emotional learning (SEL) refers to the process by which children and adults acquire and effectively apply the knowledge, attitudes and skills necessary to do the following: understand and manage emotions; set and achieve positive goals; feel and show empathy for others; and make responsible decisions. ESL teachers include SEL practices in everyday learning to include the state competencies and sub-competencies. Students, through SEL, are able to take personal ownership and responsibility for their learning and decisions.



New Jersey Social and Emotional Learning Competencies and Sub-Competencies



Thematic Approach:

ESL teachers include topics or themes in their lesson planning that incorporate the WIDA standards. Topic or theme-related language and concepts may be spiraled over a period of time, ensuring their conceptualization. Students are continually expected to communicate in all four language domains: listening, speaking, reading and writing.

Reader's Workshop for ELs:

Reader's workshop blends whole group instruction, small needs-based groups, and individual conferring to guide students through the application of basic reading comprehension strategies. Teachers of ELs are familiar with the reader's and writer's workshop. Although setting up a reader's workshop classroom in the ESL classroom may not be feasible, ESL teachers can adapt some of the best practices present within the workshop framework.

These strategies are as follows:

- Determining what is Important Identifying themes and diminishing focus on less important ideas or pieces of information (i.e., ten minute mini-lesson focused on one specific topic or strategy).
- Immediate Application Provide time for students to independently apply the skill of focus from the mini-lesson, at which time the ESL teacher can float among students and provide guidance as needed.
- Small Group Instruction While students work independently, the teacher can work with a small group to re-teach a skill, pre-teach something, reinforce a previous concept, or accelerate learning for students ready to move ahead.
- Immediate Targeted Feedback As students work independently or in small groups, the ESL teacher can provide praise, redirection, or feedback immediately.

Academic Vocabulary	Vocabulary for Vocabulary	Grammar	
	Strategies		
 affect aid characteristic communicate original perspective purpose refer response appeal associate benefit definition evidence logical position symbol unique 	 Prefixes Suffixes Context clues Word families Latin and root words Synonyms Antonyms Thesaurus Dictionary Category 	 use nouns in the subject and predicate use prepositions use pronouns in the subject and predicate use different verbs use subject-verb agreement use the present perfect tense use participles as adjectives use appositives and participles 	
<u>Unit-Based Vocabulary:</u>			
accident	 peasant 	• gather	
blizzard	region	• glacier	
• career	• search	• human	
confidence	service	• issue	
continue	shelter	• melt	
decide	• team	monster	
department	• train	powerful	
dependable	trust	prevent	
difficult	• area	protect	
emergency	atmosphere	recycle	
employee	battle	• reef	
experience	council	resource	
• job	creature	• soil	
obedient	• damage	• source	
• odor	destroy	temperature	
patiently	feature	• waste	
Content Area Vocabulary:			
Analyze	Explain	Research	
Answer	• Find	Resolve	
Complete	Graph	Ruler	
Describe	 Investigate 	Solve	
Evaluate	 Mark 	Study	
Evanuate Examine	Observe	 Survey 	

	Scaffolding
WIDA Can-Dos by MODE:	<u>https://wida.wisc.edu/sites/default/files/resource/CanDo-KeyUses-Gr-6-8.pdf</u>
Level 1 Entering	<u>https://www.state.nj.us/education/modelcurriculum/ela/ellscaffolding/7u3.pdf</u>
Level 2 Beginning	 Use above link to show the expectations of ELs (CAN DO's) at each level for each mode. Your ELs will be coming in at different levels. Modifications should be made based on the level the WIDA Model screening has indicated. Individualized instruction/differentiated instruction is based on this level.
Level 3 Developing	 Use above link to show the expectations of ELs (CAN DO's) at each level for each mode. Your ELs will be coming in at different levels. Modifications should be made based on the level the WIDA Model screening has indicated. Individualized instruction/differentiated instruction is based on this level.
Level 4 Expanding	 Use above link to show the expectations of ELs (CAN DO's) at each level for each mode. Your ELs will be coming in at different levels. Modifications should be made based on the level the WIDA Model screening has indicated. Individualized instruction/differentiated instruction is based on this level.
Level 5 Bridging	 Use above link to show the expectations of ELs (CAN DO's) at each level for each mode. Your ELs will be coming in at different levels. Modifications should be made based on the level the WIDA Model screening has indicated. Individualized instruction/differentiated instruction is based on this level.

Assessment/Pe	erformance Tasks
 Performance Tasks: WRITING TASK: Students will write an argumentative essay using the writer's process in which they use evidence, counterclaim, and their own thesis statement in relation to helping the Earth. CULMINATING PROJECT: Students will create a multimedia presentation in which they explain something the school could do to help slow global warming. 	 Other Evidence: Informal Checks/ for Understanding: Accuracy and thoroughness of student notes, study guides, and graphic organizers will demonstrate informal evidence of concept processing. Formative Assessment: Lesson closure will be used to monitor levels of understanding. Student interactive rubrics, reading, and writing conferences will serve as formative assessments. Teacher Observation/ Student Discussion: Teacher observation of class discussions will serve as informal evidence of concept processing and the sophistication of skill development. Teacher Created Quiz/Test: Formally measured evidence of outcomes and overall progress towards the New Jersey Student Learning Standards will be established via teacher-created quizzes and unit assessments. Writing Prompts/Journal Entries: Students will produce a series of analytical draft pieces in which they compare and contrast multiple texts and/or varying sources on the basis of teacher provided and/or self-guided prompts. Teacher Created Project: Culminating project. Homework Classwork

Entry Criteria for the ESL Program:

Eligibility for ESL program is based on the results of the following measures:

- WIDA Measure of Developing English Language (WIDA MODEL) assessments are approved by the New Jersey Department of Education and can be administered to screen students who enter the district whose first language is other than English. Students whose score falls below the competent and fluent levels will be placed in an ESL class.
- ACCESS 2.0 test results from the previous school year
- Content area teacher recommendations
- Content area performance and grades
- ESL teacher recommendations
- Participation in an ESL program in another school district
- Arrival to the United States from a country where Standard English is not the first language Monitor Criteria for the ESL Program Students who meet the criteria for exit from the ESL program are placed on a monitor status for a minimum of two years and offered support with content area classes.
- ESL teachers work with content area teachers to ensure a successful transition from the ESL program. In the event that a teacher wants to recommend re-entry into ESL, that request must be submitted to the district

ESL supervisor for review. Re-entry into ESL can only be granted by the county superintendent.

Exit Criteria for the ESL Program:

- Students enrolled in the ESL Program will be tested annually with the ACCESS 2.0 language proficiency assessment to determine their level of English language proficiency.
- The district goal, as determined by the State, is for all students to show growth of at least one proficiency level.

- Students who score at or above 4.5 are evaluated for exit from the ESL program.
- Furthermore, the WIDA MODEL assessments are used as one criterion upon which a student's exit from the program is based.
- Other criteria are student report cards, scores on the district provided assessments (i.e., STAR, iXL, SUCCESS, ELA benchmark, ACCESS, and teacher recommendation.

State Required Assessment:

- ESL State Assessment: ACCESS- ACCESS for ELLs scores have many potential uses, from determining student placement to guiding the creation of new curricula. Test scores work best as a way to aid decision-making, in cases such as:
 - Establishing when multilingual learners have attained English language proficiency according to state criteria
 - Making decisions about program entry and exit
 - Informing classroom instruction and assessment
 - Which domains teachers could focus on
 - What the WIDA ELD Standards say about students' current proficiency levels
 - How teachers can scaffold using the next level up
 - Monitoring student progress by comparing current scores to previous scores

District Required Assessments:

- STAR
- IXL
- SUCCESS
- ELA benchmark

Link to NJ Literacy Assessment:

https://www.nj.gov/education/modelcurriculum/ela/7u3.shtml

Username: Model Password: Curriculum

Unit 3 ELA Assessment:

https://www.nj.gov/education/modelcurriculum/assessment/pw/ela/7u3.pdf

<u>Text/Resources:</u>

- Inside, Level B- Cengage National Geographic Series and all digital resources
- Fundamentals Vol.1 & 2/ Inside the U.S.A. (newcomer units)
- Online Resources
- iXL
- StudySync
- Sadlier

Inside Unit 6 Texts:

- Dogs at Work by Terrell Smith
- The Wonder Dog by J. Patrick Lewis
- Angels in the Snow by Holly St. Lifer
- Zlateh the Goat by Isaac Bashevis Singer
- A Conflict Close to Home by Aziz Abu Sarah
- Extended Reading:
 - Mysteries of Sherlock Holmes by Sir Arthur Conan Doyle, adapted by Judith Conaway
 - The Jacket by Andrew Clements
 - Cesar Chavez by Eric Braun
 - The Progressives by Monica Halpern

Inside Unit 8 Texts:

- Handle with Care by Kate Boehm Jerome
- Melting Away by Glen Phelan
- The Legend of Yakwawiak by Joseph and James Bruchac
- Grand Canyon Speech by Theodore Roosevelt
- Extended Reading:
 - Matthew Henson by Maryann N. Weidt

- A Walk in the Tundra by Rebecca L. Johnson
- Julie of the Wolves by Jean Craighead George
- Sylvia Earle: Protecting the Seas Rebecca L. Johnson

Independent Reading Book Ideas for Students (Lexile Level):

- *Global Warming* by Laurie David & Cambria Gordon (1090L)
- Climate Crisis: The Science of Global Warming by Don Nardo (1100L)
- Alternative Energy by Rob Waring (1280L)
- Global Warming by Seymour Simon (980L)
- Planet Under Pressure: Pollution by Clive Gifford (1220L)

Interdisciplinary Connections

Mathematics:

Numerical data such as graphs and sequential information provide an opportunity for cross-curricular study. WIDA English Language Proficiency Standard 3- English language learners communicate information, ideas and concepts for academic success in the content area of Mathematics.

Social Studies:

Many of the books within the classroom collection are historical fiction novels, which provide for the opportunity of cross-curricular study.

WIDA English Language Proficiency Standard 5 – English language learners communicate information, ideas and concepts for academic success in the content area of Social Studies.

Science:

Informational reading connected to science content will be made available to help students build background knowledge in specific units (e.g., Survival)

WIDA English Language Proficiency Standard 4 – English language learners communicate information, ideas and concepts for academic success in the content area of Science.

ELA:

This curriculum is designed to supplement and work in partnership with the ELA curriculum.

WIDA English Language Proficiency Standard 2 – English language learners communicate information, ideas and concepts necessary for academic success in the content area of language arts.

ELA Instructional Units: https://www.nj.gov/education/cccs/instructionalunits/ela/

Unit Modifications for Special Population Students

Student assignment in ESL-English classes will be based upon the number of years of middle school English or ESL completed, so the English Language Proficiency levels of students in any class may vary

The Units of Study are organized by theme, so the texts read within each theme can be differentiated by reading level.

Differentiation in materials, assignments, and assessments can be provided (e.g., 99 Ideas and Activities for Teaching English Learners with the SIOP Model)

Advanced	Gifted and Talented EL Guidance link.
Learners	https://www.state.nj.us/education/bilingual/policy/GiftedandTalentedEnglishLanguageLearner
	<u>s.pdf</u>
Struggling	Tiered Systems of Support link:
Learners	https://www.state.nj.us/education/njtss/
English	This entire curriculum is designed for ELLs. Also, review FABRIC
Language	https://www.nj.gov/education/bilingual/pd/fabric/fabric.pdf
Learners	
	English Language Learner Toolkit:
	https://ncela.ed.gov/files/english learner toolkit/OELA 2017 ELsToolkit 508C.pdf
Special	ELLs with Special and Diverse Needs Link:
Needs	https://www.state.nj.us/education/bilingual/resources/ELLSpecialNeed.htm
Learners	

Unit Modifications for Newcomers

Unit 3– Argumentative (Inside the U.S.A) Newcomer Supplemental Support Vocabulary 5

Do you like____? Yes, I like____ No, I do not like___. What do you like? I like___. I do not like___.

What is that? What are these? What are those? This is _____. That is _____. There are _____. This is _____. Those are ____.

Language Function

Express likes and dislikes Give information Give commands Follow commands

<u>Grammar</u>

Plurals Sentence structure Nouns and adjectives End punctuation: Period, Exclamation, Question Mark

Unit 3 Project

Complete multimedia Argumentative piece

Integration of 21st Century Skills

Indicators:

https://www.state.nj.us/education/aps/cccs/career/curriculum.htm

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- Microsoft Apps will be used to promote collaboration through technology
- Websites
- Online resources will be used to supplement curricular materials.
- Ted Talks will be provided when relevant to curriculum content.
- Immersive Reader will be used to help students build academic vocabulary knowledge.

Unit 4 Title: Education & Growth- Book Club Novel Choice

Unit Duration, 4th Marking Daried (Owerka 45 days)

This unit seeks to build understanding about the transformational potential of education, both formal and informal in America, and the strong connection learning can have on personal and moral growth. Students will learn strategies to help them read core texts that trace the development of a young person, considering the societal factors of the time period and today that influence that growth. Next, students will learn skills to develop a literary analysis with appropriate textual evidence as modelled in a mentor text. In addition, students will learn, recall, and apply new vocabulary using various activities to practice and reinforce skills and strategies. Throughout this unit, independent reading will be encouraged to allow students to build reading stamina, practice grade level skills and strategies, and develop interest and enthusiasm for reading.

In this culminating unit, students will demonstrate mastery of grade-level standards through the selection of independent reading novels and collaborative conversations. A key component of this unit is student voice and choice. The demonstration of mastery can take on many forms including, but not limited to multimedia presentations, essays, pamphlets, artistic representations, games, or other authentic products.

INSIDE: The INSIDE units selected for this unit aim to connect literary analysis with culture. Students will explore how culture influences our decisions while reading a novel of their choice. Students will also learn discussion skills needed for a book club.

Unit 3- A New Chapter	/modelcurriculum/ela/7u4.pdf J SLS Standards 7.1	WIDA Standards WIDA ELP Standard 1 WIDA ELP Standard 2
https://www.state.nj.us/education/ INSIDE Level B NJ Unit 3- A New Chapter L.7 L.7 L.7	/modelcurriculum/ela/7u4.pdf J SLS Standards 7.1 7.2;a 7.3.a	WIDA ELP Standard 1
INSIDE Level B NJ Unit 3- A New Chapter L.7 L.7	J SLS Standards 7.1 7.2;a 7.3.a	WIDA ELP Standard 1
Unit 3- A New Chapter L.7	7.1 7.2;a 7.3.a	WIDA ELP Standard 1
L.7	7.2;a 7.3.a	
	7.3.a	WIDA ELP Standard 2
	74h	
	7.6	
	.7.1	
	.7.2	
	.7.3	
	.7.4	
	.7.5	
	.7.10 7.1	
	7.2	
	7.3	
	7.4	
	7.6	
	7.10	
	7.1;a	
	7.2	
	7.5	
	.7.3.d	
	.7.9	
	.7.10	
		WIDA ELP Standard 1
		WIDA ELP Standard 2
	7.4.a	
L.7	7.5;a	
	7.6	
RI	.7.1	
	.7.4	
	.7.9	
RI	.7.10	

	RL.7.1 RL.7.2 RL.7.3 RL.7.4 RL.7.6 RL.7.9 RL.7.10 SL.7.1;a SL.7.1;a SL.7.2 SL.7.4 SL.7.5 W.7.9 W.7.10		
Language Objectives:			
https://www.state.nj.us/educ	ation/modelcurriculum/ela/	/ellscaffolding/7u4.pdf	
 Listening and responding to discussion within the classroom Adhering to teacher directions Using podcasts as a source of information Listen to the ideas of others to respond 	 Making connections to text Explaining point of view Explaining ideas Identifying with a speaker's claim or argument Using pronouns in the proper case and gender Orally identify supportive textual evidence and infer details Orally explain and summarize central ideas and key details 	e of a text - Determining figurative, connotative, and technical meanings of	 Citing textual evidence Making connections to text Using appropriate tone when writing Compiling references Writing persuasive journal entries Writing pronouns in the proper case and gender Write using proper punctuations and conventions of standard English Conduct short research projects to answer a
		 individuals, events, or ideas are developed in the text Analyze how a sentence, chapter, scene, or stanza fits into the overall structure of a text and contributes to the development of the theme, setting, or plot 	question, drawing on several sources and refocusing the inquiry when appropriate
WIDA Can-Do Descriptors			
https://wida.wisc.edu/sites/d			
 Essential Questions/Critical Understandings: How can a powerful character inspire a range of reactions? How do different types of books relate to each other? How do author's viewpoints influence the way we understand a text? How do character's viewpoints impact the story? What is the best way to have an effective 		 Essential Skills: Analyze characters' view Analyze author's viewpo Analyze argument and e Identify and use: comparative adject superlative adject adverbs irregular comparative 	ints vidence ctive ives
 discussion? How do others' ideas inf What happens when cul 	luence our own?	 the adverb "not" Summarize texts	rious texts and information

• How does our past impact our future?

• Express opinions

• Discuss and listen to others' ideas

Learning/Instructional Strategies

Using this curriculum guide as a foundation, the ESL teacher, in the role of decision maker, selects the specific method or technique best suited to reach a particular objective. The teacher uses an eclectic approach, drawing upon his or her experience and knowledge of teaching and learning while responding to the English proficiency level of each student and his/her immediate social and academic needs. ESL teachers are sensitive to the differences between what the students are taught and what the students bring to class, so lessons and teaching methods are student-centered, based on each student's individual English language needs. Instruction of ELs may include any or all of the following:

Sheltered English Instruction (SEI):

"Sheltered English Instruction (SEI) is a planning process that helps teachers provide English learners with grade-level content instruction by adapting lesson activities to the English proficiency level of individual students" (NJDOE). Through the use of SEI, English learners can be integrated into classrooms with their English-speaking peers and work toward meeting expectations outlined in the New Jersey Student Learning Standards and Next Generation Science Standards.

SEI promotes the use of clear, direct, and easy-to-understand language and a wide range of scaffolding strategies to communicate understanding of content in mathematics, science, social studies, and language arts to students. SEI activities require teachers to analyze lesson content to determine the academic language that must be taught to make content accessible for ELs. SEI methods require teachers to build background knowledge, connect new content to students' prior knowledge, provide time for interaction and collaboration among students, integrate explicit language and vocabulary instruction relevant to content learning, and emphasize the use of many types of instructional strategies including cooperative learning, differentiated instruction, and thematic study.

The GO TO Strategies Matrix:

http://newsmanager.commpartners.com/tesolc/downloads/features/2017/Ancillary%20Docs/2017-01_GO%20TO%20Matrix.pdf

	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Level 4	Level 5
	Entering	Emerging	Developing	Expanding	Bridging
	 Use physical gestures to 	 Give two step 	 Provide graphics or objects 	 Compare/contrast 	 Outline lectures on the
	accompany oral directives.	Contextualized directions.	to sequence steps in a process.	relationships from auditory	SmartBoard.
	 Modify *Teacher Talk. 	 Restate/rephrase and use 	 Check Comprehension of 	information using a Venn	 Use *Video Observation
	 Label visuals and objects 	*Patterned Oral Language	all students frequently.	Diagram.	Guides.
	with target vocabulary.	routines.	 Use *Wait Time. 	· Require students to restate	 Confirm students' prior
Ĩ	 Introduce Cognates to aid 	 Model Academic 	 Provide Anticipation 	and rephrase from auditory	knowledge of content topics.
ristening	comprehension.	Language and vocabulary.	Guides for previewing content	input as in *Paraphrase	 Extend content vocabulary
	 Ask for Signal Responses 	 Ask for Total Physical 	reading.	Passport.	with multiple examples and
1	to check comprehension.	Responses from students.			non-examples.
	Provide wall charts with	• Use 10-2 structures.	Provide Graphic	Require full sentence	 * Structure debates
	illustrated academic	 Assign roles in group 	Organizers or notes to	responses by asking open	requiring various points of
	vocabulary.	work.	scaffold oral retelling.	ended questions.	view with graphic organizers
	 Ask simple WH (who, 	 Use Clock Buddies. 	 Prompt for academic 	 Use Varied Presentation 	and/or outlines.
	what, when, where), yes-no or	 Use Numbered Heads 	language output.	Formats such as role plays.	 Require the use of
0.0	either-or questions.	Together.	 Use Think-Pair-Share. 	 * Scaffold oral reports with 	academic language.
ореакций	 Elicit *Choral Responses. 	 Use *Think-Pair-Share- 	 Repeat and Expand 	note cards and provide time	 Require oral reporting for
	 Encourage participation in 	Squared.	student responses in a	for prior practice.	summarizing group work.
ž	group chants, poems, and	 Develop Key Sentence 	*Collaborative Dialogue.	 Use Reader's Theatre to 	 Include oral presentations
2	songs.	Frames for pair interactions.		scaffold oral language growth.	in the content classroom.
	 Preview the text content 	 Use Card Sorts. 	 Provide a content 	 Model the creation of a 	 Require computer and
	with pictures, demos, charts,	 Use K-W-L charts before 	vocabulary Word Bank with	Story Map from a narrative.	library research.
	or experiences.	reading.	non-linguistic representations.	 Provide Question Answer 	 Ask students to analyze
	 Pair students to read one 	• Use the Language	Teach skimming for	Relationship questions for	text structure and select an
	text together.	Experience Approach.	specific information.	student pairs to research.	appropriate Graphic
	Preview text with a	Provide a list of important	• Use Teach the Text	Use Directed Reading	Organizer for summarizing.
	Picture Walk.	concepts on a graphic	Backwards.	Thinking Activity.	• Use *Reciprocal
	Use Choral Reading.	organizer.	• Use 4 to 1 for main ideas	• Use Cornell Notes.	Teaching to scaffold
reauting	 Use *Teacher Read Alouds. 	 Use *Shared Reading and/or simplify the text. 	 from text. Use *Guided Reading. 	 Use *Jigsaw Reading to 	independent reading.
	Require students to label	Teach note taking on a	Require Learning Logs	 scaffold independent reading. Provide Rubrics and 	Require academic writing
	visuals and/or create language	Graphic Organizer.	for summaries of learning.	exemplars to scaffold writing	and the use of target academic
	balloons.	 Use a Roving Chart in 	 Use Text to Graphics and 	assignments.	vocabulary.
	 Require vocabulary 	small group work.	Back Again.	 Teach and utilize the 	 *Teach the process of
	notebooks with L1 translations	 Use Interactive Journals. 	 Teach Signal Words 	writing process.	writing a research paper.
	or non-linguistic	 Use *Think-Write-Pair- 	(comparison, chronology,	 Provide an outline for the 	 Address students' cultures
00	representations.	Share.	cause -effect, and listing) for	standard five-paragraph essay.	in differing genres of writing.
w riung	 Provide *Key Sentence 	 Provide Cloze sentences 	academic writing.	 Provide *Report Frames 	 Hold frequent writing
			 Provide *Cloze paragraphs 	for independent, structured,	conferences with teacher and
	Frames with word and picture	with a Word Bank.	 Provide *Cloze paragraphs 	for independent, structured	conterences with teacher and

Starred strategies are described in the summary document on the following page, "The Go To Strategies Matrix: Scaffolding Across Language Proficiency Levels."

Levine, L. N., Lukens, L. & Smallwood, B. A., (2013). The GO TO strategies: Scaffolding options for teachers of English language learners, K-12. For Project EXCELL, a partnership between the University of Missouri- Kansas City and North Kansas City Schools, funded by the US Department of Education, PR Number T195N070316.

Scaffolds Support (WIDA)

Sensory	Graphic
 Real life objects (Realia)/ concrete objects/ physical models Manipulative (measurement tools, models, scientific instruments, etc.) Pictures/ photos Visual representations (illustrations, drawings, diagrams, etc.)/ cartoons Videos/ broadcasts/ audio books Newspapers/ magazines Gestures/ physical movement Music/ songs/ chants Posters/ display 	 Charts/ tables Graphs Timelines Number lines Graphic organizers Graphing paper Maps Rubrics Study guides/ guided notes
Interactive	Verbal and Textual
 Whole group Small group Partner (turn-&-talk) Cooperative groups (think-write-pair-share) Triads Interactive websites/ software Mentor/ coach L1 (home or first language) Word-to-word dictionary/ picture dictionary Jigsaw activities 	 Labeling Teacher modeling/ monitoring Repetition Paraphrasing/ summarizing Guiding, clarifying, probing questions Leveled questions (five Ws) Questioning prompts/ cues Word banks/ phrase banks/ word walls Sentence starters/ sentence frames/ discussion frames/ formulaic expressions Cloze paragraphs/ sentences

	 Talk moves (structured academic conversations: re-voicing/ clarifying, restating, reasoning, adding on, wait time) Wait time
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Cooperative Learning:

Cooperative learning activities give students opportunities to work in groups and share their knowledge. These learning activities are characterized by three components: positive interdependence, individual accountability, and face-to-face interaction. Cooperative learning helps ELs develop social and oral language skills. It motivates ELs to learn English, which helps them become an integral part of the class community, and it has the ability to help students become more confident in social situations.

Differentiated Instruction:

The ESL curriculum strives to implement differentiated instruction in order to meet the WIDA standards. Students must have access to a variety of scaffolded and leveled materials that enable them to learn the same topics being taught in the mainstream classroom. Texts, computer resources and assessments are modified as needed.

Social Emotional Learning:

Social and emotional learning (SEL) refers to the process by which children and adults acquire and effectively apply the knowledge, attitudes and skills necessary to do the following: understand and manage emotions; set and achieve positive goals; feel and show empathy for others; and make responsible decisions. ESL teachers include SEL practices in everyday learning to include the state competencies and sub-competencies. Students, through SEL, are able to take personal ownership and responsibility for their learning and decisions.



Thematic Approach:

ESL teachers include topics or themes in their lesson planning that incorporate the WIDA standards. Topic or theme-related language and concepts may be spiraled over a period of time, ensuring their conceptualization. Students are continually expected to communicate in all four language domains: listening, speaking, reading and writing.

Reader's Workshop for ELs:

Reader's workshop blends whole group instruction, small needs-based groups, and individual conferring to guide students through the application of basic reading comprehension strategies. Teachers of ELs are familiar with the reader's and writer's workshop. Although setting up a reader's workshop classroom in the ESL classroom may not be feasible, ESL teachers can adapt some of the best practices present within the workshop framework.

These strategies are as follows:

- Determining what is Important Identifying themes and diminishing focus on less important ideas or pieces of information (i.e., ten minute mini-lesson focused on one specific topic or strategy).
- Immediate Application Provide time for students to independently apply the skill of focus from the mini-lesson, at which time the ESL teacher can float among students and provide guidance as needed.
- Small Group Instruction While students work independently, the teacher can work with a small group to re-teach a skill, pre-teach something, reinforce a previous concept, or accelerate learning for students ready to move ahead.
- Immediate Targeted Feedback As students work independently or in small groups, the ESL teacher can provide praise, redirection, or feedback immediately.

Academic Vocabulary	Vocabulary for Vocabulary	Grammar	
	Strategies		
 analyze chapter compare connect data identify role sequence context contrast definition encounter feature image response srouce 	 Prefixes Suffixes Context clues Word families Latin and root words Synonyms Antonyms Thesaurus Dictionary Category 	 complex sentences compound and complex sentences using/identifying adjectives, adverbs, and participles using appositives and superlatives using completed sentences correcting fragmented sentences 	
Unit-Based Vocabulary:	lagel		
adjustarrive	local	defeatdesire	
 bloom 	museumpoverty	desiredream	
 chapter 	 poverty preserve 	empire	
 community 	 preserve remember 	 encounter 	
 cross 	 special 	 forever 	
 dangerous 	 special tend 	 route 	
 education 	throne	 ruler 	
effort	blend	settler	

 emerge 	capital	shore	
• emperor	conflict	 spread 	
• foreign	conquer	• starve	
• forget	contact	stranger	
 immigrant 	• crop	tool	
improve	culture	warning	
• journey	custom	welcome	
	I		
Content Area Vocabulary	<u>/:</u>	Research	
 <u>Content Area Vocabulary</u> Analyze Answer 	<u>/:</u>	ResearchResolve	
 Content Area Vocabulary Analyze 	<u>∕:</u> ● Explain		
 Content Area Vocabulary Analyze Answer 	 ✓: ● Explain ● Find 	Resolve	
Content Area Vocabulary Analyze Answer Complete 	 ✓ ✓	ResolveRuler	

	Scaffolding
WIDA Can-Dos by MODE:	<u>https://wida.wisc.edu/sites/default/files/resource/CanDo-KeyUses-Gr-6-8.pdf</u>
Level 1 Entering	<u>https://www.state.nj.us/education/modelcurriculum/ela/ellscaffolding/7u4.pdf</u>
Level 2 Beginning	Use above link to show the expectations of ELs (CAN DO's) at each level for each mode. Your ELs will be coming in at different levels. Modifications should be made based on the level the WIDA Model screening has indicated. Individualized instruction/differentiated instruction is based on this level.
Level 3 Developing	Use above link to show the expectations of ELs (CAN DO's) at each level for each mode. Your ELs will be coming in at different levels. Modifications should be made based on the level the WIDA Model screening has indicated. Individualized instruction/differentiated instruction is based on this level.
Level 4 Expanding	 Use above link to show the expectations of ELs (CAN DO's) at each level for each mode. Your ELs will be coming in at different levels. Modifications should be made based on the level the WIDA Model screening has indicated. Individualized instruction/differentiated instruction is based on this level.
Level 5 Bridging	Use above link to show the expectations of ELs (CAN DO's) at each level for each mode. Your ELs will be coming in at different levels. Modifications should be made based on the level the WIDA Model screening has indicated. Individualized instruction/differentiated instruction is based on this level.

Assessment/Pe	rformance Tasks
 Performance Tasks: WRITING TASK: Students will complete a book analysis writing piece wherein they identify literary elements in their book. CULMINATING PROJECT: Students will complete a multimedia presentation about their independent reading book in the form of a comic book. They will re-create the main components of their IRB by creating a comic to re-tell the story. The ACCESS 2.0 will be given to all ELs in March/April as part of the State requirement. All teachers will be completing their end-of-year portfolios/exit recommendations in consult with the regular education teachers. ESSA forms will be submitted to Central Administration. 	 Other Evidence: Informal Checks/ for Understanding: Accuracy and thoroughness of student notes, study guides, and graphic organizers will demonstrate informal evidence of concept processing. Formative Assessment: Lesson closure will be used to monitor levels of understanding. Student interactive rubrics, reading, and writing conferences will serve as formative assessments. Teacher Observation/ Student Discussion: Teacher observation of class discussions will serve as informal evidence of concept processing and the sophistication of skill development. Teacher Created Quiz/Test: Formally measured evidence of outcomes and overall progress towards the New Jersey Student Learning Standards will be established via teacher-created quizzes and unit assessments. Writing Prompts/Journal Entries: Students will produce a series of analytical draft pieces in which they compare and contrast multiple texts and/or varying sources on the basis of teacher provided and/or self-guided prompts. Teacher Created Project: Culminating project. Homework Classwork

Entry Criteria for the ESL Program:

Eligibility for ESL program is based on the results of the following measures:

- WIDA Measure of Developing English Language (WIDA MODEL) assessments are approved by the New Jersey Department of Education and can be administered to screen students who enter the district whose first language is other than English. Students whose score falls below the competent and fluent levels will be placed in an ESL class.
- ACCESS 2.0 test results from the previous school year
- Content area teacher recommendations
- Content area performance and grades
- ESL teacher recommendations
- Participation in an ESL program in another school district
- Arrival to the United States from a country where Standard English is not the first language Monitor Criteria for the ESL Program Students who meet the criteria for exit from the ESL program are placed on a monitor status for a minimum of two years and offered support with content area classes.
- ESL teachers work with content area teachers to ensure a successful transition from the ESL program. In the event that a teacher wants to recommend re-entry into ESL, that request must be submitted to the district

ESL supervisor for review. Re-entry into ESL can only be granted by the county superintendent.

Exit Criteria for the ESL Program:

- Students enrolled in the ESL Program will be tested annually with the ACCESS 2.0 language proficiency assessment to determine their level of English language proficiency.
- The district goal, as determined by the State, is for all students to show growth of at least one proficiency level.

- Students who score at or above 4.5 are evaluated for exit from the ESL program.
- Furthermore, the WIDA MODEL assessments are used as one criterion upon which a student's exit from the program is based.
- Other criteria are student report cards, scores on the district provided assessments (i.e., STAR, iXL, SUCCESS, ELA benchmark, ACCESS, and teacher recommendation.

State Required Assessment:

- ESL State Assessment: ACCESS- ACCESS for ELLs scores have many potential uses, from determining student placement to guiding the creation of new curricula. Test scores work best as a way to aid decision-making, in cases such as:
 - Establishing when multilingual learners have attained English language proficiency according to state criteria
 - Making decisions about program entry and exit
 - Informing classroom instruction and assessment
 - Which domains teachers could focus on
 - What the WIDA ELD Standards say about students' current proficiency levels
 - How teachers can scaffold using the next level up
 - Monitoring student progress by comparing current scores to previous scores

District Required Assessments:

- STAR
- IXL
- SUCCESS
- ELA benchmark

Link to NJ Literacy Assessment:

https://www.nj.gov/education/modelcurriculum/ela/7u4.shtml

Username: Model Password: Curriculum

Unit 4 ELA Assessment:

https://www.nj.gov/education/modelcurriculum/assessment/pw/ela/7u4.pdf

<u>Text/Resources:</u>

- Inside, Level B- Cengage National Geographic Series and all digital resources
- Fundamentals Vol.1 & 2/ Inside the U.S.A. (newcomer units)
- Online Resources
- iXL
- StudySync
- Sadlier

Inside Unit 3 Texts:

- The Lotus Seed by Sherry Garland
- A Suitcase of Seaweed by Janet Wong
- Immigrant Today by Ann M. Rossi
- Brothers in Hope by Mary Williams
- The New Colossus by Emma Lazarus
- Extended Reading:
 - Necessary Roughness by Marie G. Lee
 - The Star Fisher by Laurence Yep
 - El Güero by Elizabeth Borton de Treviño
 - The Struggle for Equality by Ann M. Rossi

Inside Unit 5 Texts:

- Encounter by Jane Yolen
- Culture Clash by Peter Winkler and Fran Downey
- When Cultures Meet by Ann Rossi
- The Log of Christopher Columbus by Christopher Columbus translated by Robert Fuson
- Extended Reading:
 - The Trojan Horse by Justine and Ron Fontes

- Monster by Walter Dean Myers
- The Color of My Words by Lynn Joseph
- Mexico by Kevin Supples

Book Club Book Ideas for Students from ELA Curriculum:

- Frost by M. P. Kozlowsky
- Dairy Queen by Catherine Gilbert Murdock
- The Big Field by Mike Lupica
- The Killing Sea by Richard Lewis
- Hoot by Carl Hiaasen
- Esperanza Rising by Pam Munoz Ryan
- Holes by Louis Sacher

Interdisciplinary Connections

Mathematics:

Numerical data such as graphs and sequential information provide an opportunity for cross-curricular study. WIDA English Language Proficiency Standard 3- English language learners communicate information, ideas and concepts for academic success in the content area of Mathematics.

Social Studies:

Many of the books within the classroom collection are historical fiction novels, which provide for the opportunity of cross-curricular study.

WIDA English Language Proficiency Standard 5 – English language learners communicate information, ideas and concepts for academic success in the content area of Social Studies.

Science:

Informational reading connected to science content will be made available to help students build background knowledge in specific units (e.g., Survival)

WIDA English Language Proficiency Standard 4 – English language learners communicate information, ideas and concepts for academic success in the content area of Science.

ELA:

This curriculum is designed to supplement and work in partnership with the ELA curriculum.

WIDA English Language Proficiency Standard 2 – English language learners communicate information, ideas and concepts necessary for academic success in the content area of language arts.

ELA Instructional Units: https://www.nj.gov/education/cccs/instructionalunits/ela/

Unit Modifications for Special Population Students

Student assignment in ESL-English classes will be based upon the number of years of middle school English or ESL completed, so the English Language Proficiency levels of students in any class may vary

The Units of Study are organized by theme, so the texts read within each theme can be differentiated by reading level.

Differentiation in materials, assignments, and assessments can be provided (e.g., 99 Ideas and Activities for Teaching English Learners with the SIOP Model)

Advanced	Gifted and Talented EL Guidance link.
Learners	https://www.state.nj.us/education/bilingual/policy/GiftedandTalentedEnglishLanguageLearner
	<u>s.pdf</u>
Struggling	Tiered Systems of Support link:
Learners	https://www.state.nj.us/education/njtss/
English	This entire curriculum is designed for ELLs. Also, review FABRIC
Language	https://www.nj.gov/education/bilingual/pd/fabric/fabric.pdf
Learners	
	English Language Learner Toolkit:
	https://ncela.ed.gov/files/english_learner_toolkit/OELA_2017_ELsToolkit_508C.pdf
Special	ELLs with Special and Diverse Needs Link:
Needs	https://www.state.nj.us/education/bilingual/resources/ELLSpecialNeed.htm
Learners	

Unit Modifications for Newcomers

Unit 4- Book Club/ Literary Analysis

Vocabulary

What is the title? Who is the author? Who is the publisher? What is the title of chapter ____? I can find out _____ from _____. I look at the _____ to find out ____. Textbook Sign Poster Announcement Letter **Bulletin board** Stamp Envelope Encyclopedia Dictionary Title Magazine Author Publisher Chapter title Page number

CD and DVD drive Computer Mouse Shift Space Keyboard Delete Enter Screen Monitor Icon Printer Disk drive Camera Cell phones Copier Laptop computer Music player Television Video camera Call Give Listen Make Play Print Take Turn on Turn off Write

Language Function

Give and follow commands Express ideas

<u>Grammar</u>

Sentences and Commands End punctuations: Period and Exclamation Mark Describe a book Discuss parts of a book

<u>Unit 4 Project</u>

Write a summary about a book and/or do "a beautiful word project"

Integration of 21st Century Skills

Indicators:

https://www.state.nj.us/education/aps/cccs/career/curriculum.htm

<u>Review the following standards for expectations by grade 8:</u> https://www.nj.gov/education/cccs/2020/2020%20NJSLS-CLKS.pdf

Computers or iPads can be integral in providing ELs with valuable language experiences as they learn a new language. ESL teachers should offer English learners a language-rich environment in which students are constantly engaged in language activities. The computer or iPad can act as a tool to increase verbal exchanges, develop content area vocabulary and improve reading and writing skills. Students should be exposed to language learning software and websites, which may be utilized at home and in school. Interactive whiteboards can also play a major part of hands-on interactive ESL instruction. Interactive whiteboards provide students with visual support that all ESL students need. In addition, they provide a way for teachers to anonymously survey students' understanding of the material being taught.

Technology Connections

- E-textbooks (Classlink)
- Collections (Houghton Mifflin Harcourt)
- Inside (National Geographic Cengage Learning, 2014)
- Microsoft Office, One Note, Schoology, FlipGrid and One Drive will be used to assign tasks, submit work, and provide feedback
- Microsoft Apps will be used to promote collaboration through technology
- Websites
- Online resources will be used to supplement curricular materials.
- Ted Talks will be provided when relevant to curriculum content.
- Immersive Reader will be used to help students build academic vocabulary knowledge.